EUROPEAN UNION – NIGERIA
DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION
PROGRAMMES’ COMPENDIUM

NIGERIA OPERATIONS (10th & 11th EDF)
ECOWAS OPERATIONS (10th & 11th EDF)
INSTRUMENT CONTRIBUTING TO STABILITY AND PEACE
EU EMERGENCY TRUST FUND FOR THE SAHEL AND LAKE CHAD BASIN
EUROPEAN INSTRUMENT FOR DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS (EIDHR)
DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION INSTRUMENT (DCI)

Abuja, January 2020
This update of current European Union (EU) funded development cooperation activities in Nigeria and with the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) is an internal document which provides an overview of the wide range of activities supported by the European Union in Nigeria and with ECOWAS.

It covers on-going projects and programmes funded through the allocation of EUR 689 million from the 10th European Development Fund (EDF) to the EU/Nigeria National Indicative Programme (NIP) and the allocation of EUR 595 million from the 10th EDF to the West Africa Regional Indicative Programme (RIP).

The implementation of programmes funded under the 11th EDF NIP allocation of EUR 562 million for Nigeria and the 11th EDF RIP allocation of EUR 1.075 billion for West Africa is advancing well and these activities are also included.

Operations in Nigeria funded under the EU Instrument contributing to Stability and Peace (IcSP), the EU Emergency Trust Fund (EUTF) for Africa and the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) as well as the Development Cooperation Instrument (DCI) are also included.

The update is produced by the EU Delegation to Nigeria and ECOWAS based in Abuja. It is revised twice yearly.

Kurt CORNELIS
Head of Cooperation

Abuja, 31 January 2020
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNANCE REFORM PROGRAMME (SLOGOR)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU NIGER DELTA SUPPORT PROGRAMME (NDSP) — Components 1&amp;2 - State Expenditure and Employment for Results (SEEFOR)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEST AFRICA COMPETITIVENESS PROGRAMME – (NIGERIA COMPONENT) NIGERIA COMPETITIVENESS PROJECT (NICOP)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO THE OFFICE OF THE NAO IV</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TECHNICAL COOPERATION FACILITY IV - Nigeria</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11TH EDF SUPPORT MEASURES: PUBLIC OUTREACH ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF KEY NATIONAL STRATEGIES &amp; EU-NIGERIA RELATIONS</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO THE ENERGY SECTOR IN NIGERIA– Phase 1</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIRST CONTRIBUTION TO AFIF IN SUPPORT OF THE ENERGY SECTOR IN NIGERIA</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SECOND CONTRIBUTION TO AFIF IN SUPPORT OF THE ENERGY SECTOR IN NIGERIA</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOLAR ELECTRIFICATION OF RURAL SOCIAL SERVICES FOR STABILITY IN ALIGNMENT WITH UN HEALTH CLUSTER AND BORNO STATE</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUNREF Nigeria</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAPTIN – ENHANCING VOCATIONAL TRAINING FOR THE POWER SECTOR IN NIGERIA</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU FUNDED TRUST FUND FOR CAPACITY BUILDING IN BORNO STATE ON PFM, MONITORING AND EVALUATION AND COORDINATION</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACTION AGAINST TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS AND SMUGGLING OF MIGRANTS IN NIGERIA (TIPSOM)</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESPONSE TO DRUGS AND RELATED CRIME IN NIGERIA</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU-SUPPORT TO DEMOCRATIC GOVERNANCE IN NIGERIA</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU-SUPPORT FOR RULE OF LAW AND FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION (ROLAC)</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU-SUPPORT FOR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RESPONSES TO TERRORISM AND VIOLENT EXTREMISM</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AGENTS FOR CITIZEN-DRIVEN TRANSFORMATION (EU ACT)</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT FOR REINTEGRATION AND RECONCILIATION OF FORMER ARMED NON-STATE COMBATANTS AND BOKO HARAM ASSOCIATES</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU NIGER DELTA SUPPORT PROGRAMME (NDSP) – Components 3&amp;4 – Water and Sanitation, Micro Projects</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATER SUPPLY &amp; SANITATION SECTOR REFORM PROGRAMME PHASE II (WSSSRP II)</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATER SUPPLY &amp; SANITATION SECTOR REFORM PROGRAMME PHASE III (WSSSRP III)</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO IMMUNISATION GOVERNANCE IN NIGERIA (EU-SIGN)</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENERGISING ACCESS TO SUSTAINABLE ENERGY (EASE) – Component 5</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO THE HEALTH SECTOR PHASE 1</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO STRENGTHENING RESILIENCE IN NORTHERN NIGERIA</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO RESPONSE, RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE IN BORNO STATE (13 Contracts)</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUILDING RESILIENCE IN BORNO</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU MAIDA RECOVERY SUPPORT PROGRAMME FOR BORNO STATE (MARESP)</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESTORING AND STRENGTHENING HEALTH SERVICES IN BORNO</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO SOCIAL STABILITY AND RECOVERY IN BORNO</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO COORDINATION OF EU-FUNDED INTERVENTIONS IN BORNO STATE</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO RESPONSE, RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE IN BORNO STATE (EDUCATION COMPONENT)</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO EARLY RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE IN BORNO STATE (EDUCATION COMPONENT)</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INTEGRATED COMMUNITY RECOVERY &amp; RESILIENCE IN BORNO STATE - ICZRB (FED/2017/389-341)</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIGH IMPACT, EASY-TO-SCALE UP, COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH, NUTRITION, WASH AND LIVELIHOOD PACKAGE IN BORNO STATE (FED/2017/388-999)</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO SUSTAINABLE WASTE MANAGEMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION IN BORNO STATE</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EARLY RECOVERY FROM CONFLICT AND RESILIENCE BUILDING IN YOBE STATE</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO RECOVERY FROM CONFLICT AND RESILIENCE BUILDING IN YOBE STATE</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEST AFRICA PRIVATE SECTOR COMPETITIVENESS SUPPORT PROGRAMME</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO REGIONAL ECONOMIC INTEGRATION AND TRADE</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO THE WEST AFRICA REGIONAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CENTRE 2 (AFRITAC WEST 2) – Phase 2</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEST AFRICA COMPETITIVENESS PROGRAMME (PHASE 1&amp;2)</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRADE FACILITATION PROGRAM IN WEST AFRICA (TFWA)</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT FOR THE FREE MOVEMENT OF PERSONS AND MIGRATION IN WEST AFRICA</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Title</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A WEST AFRICAN RESPONSE TO EBOLA (AWARE)</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO THE REGIONAL CENTRE FOR DISEASE SURVEILLANCE AND CONTROL IN THE</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECOWAS ZONE (ECOWAS-RCDCS)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO THE REGIONAL ACTION PLAN AGAINST FRUIT FLIES</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT FOR THE PRESERVATION OF FOREST ECOSYSTEMS IN CROSS RIVER STATE,</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIGERIA (PREFEC)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO ECOWAS REGIONAL PEACE, SECURITY AND STABILITY MANDATE</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(EU-ECOWAS PSS)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO ECOWAS PUBLIC FINANCE MANAGEMENT REFORMS</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11TH EDF TECHNICAL COOPERATION FACILITY I (TCFI)</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT TO ECOWAS</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO ECOWAS REGIONAL ACTION PLAN ON ILlicit DRUG TRAFFICKING, RELATED</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORGANISED CRIME AND DRUG ABUSE IN WEST AFRICA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORGANISED CRIME: WEST AFRICAN RESPONSE TO TRAFFICKING (OCWAR – T)</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO WEST AFRICA, GULF OF GUINEA MARITIME SECURITY (SWAIMS)</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEST AFRICA POLICE INFORMATION SYSTEM 3 (WAPIS 3 EDF)</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMPROVED REGIONAL FISHERIES GOVERNANCE IN WESTERN AFRICA (PESCAO)</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEST AFRICAN RESPONSE ON CYBERSECURITY AND FIGHT AGAINST CYBERCRIME (OCWAR)</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORGANISED CRIME: WEST AFRICAN RESPONSE TO MONEY LAUNDERING AND THE FINANCING</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OF TERRORISM (OCWAR – M)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRANSPORT FACILITATION PROGRAMME II (TFPII)</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENERGY GOVERNANCE – AMELIORATION DE LA GOUVERNANCE DU SECTEUR DE L’ENERGIE</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN AFRIQUE DE L’OUEST (AGoSE)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRANSPORT GOVERNANCE</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPORT TO ECOWAS PEACE AND SECURITY ARCHITECTURE AND OPERATIONS (EPsA0)</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTRIBUTION TO THE AFRICAN INVESTMENT FACILITY IN SUPPORT OF REGIONAL</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECONOMIC INTEGRATION IN WEST AFRICA – AfIF1 (BLENDING OPERATIONS IN THE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REGION)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTRIBUTION (PHASE 2) TO THE AFRICA INVESTMENT FACILITY IN SUPPORT OF</td>
<td>91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REGIONAL ECONOMIC INTEGRATION IN WEST AFRICA - AfIF2 (BLENDING OPERATIONS IN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THE REGION)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTRIBUTION (PHASE 3) TO THE AFRICA INVESTMENT FACILITY IN SUPPORT OF</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REGIONAL ECONOMIC INTEGRATION IN WEST AFRICA - AfIF3 (BLENDING OPERATIONS IN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THE REGION)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STRENGTHENING CIVILIAN PROTECTION POLICY AND PRACTICE IN NIGERIA</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEMOBILIZATION, DISASSOCIATION, REINTEGRATION AND RECONCILIATION: CONFLICT</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DISSOLUTION AND PEACEBUILDING IN NORTH-EAST NIGERIA</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STEMMING THE MULTIPLE LAYERED CRISIS IN THE NIGER DELTA REGION OF NIGERIA</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(PHASE 3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENHANCING STATE AND COMMUNITY LEVEL CONFLICT MANAGEMENT CAPABILITY IN</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORTH-EASTERN NIGERIA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FROM RISK TO RESILIENCE - STRENGTHENING PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT, MENTAL</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEALTH, REINTEGRATION AND PROTECTION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN IN BORNO,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INCLUDING CHILDREN ASSOCIATED WITH BOKO HARAM</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STRENGTHENING MIGRATION GOVERNANCE IN NIGERIA AND SUSTAINABLE REINTEGRATION</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OF RETURNING MIGRANTS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESTORING AND PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE BASED LIVELIHOODS FOR FOOD</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SECURITY, EMPLOYMENT, AND NUTRITION IMPROVEMENT IN BORNO STATE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESILAC – LAKE CHAD INCLUSIVE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL RECOVERY PROJECT</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO THE UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (UNDP) ‘REGIONAL</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STABILISATION FACILITY FOR LAKE CHAD’ (RSF)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIGERIA CLIMATE CHANGE RESPONSE PROGRAMME - NCCR</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EUROPEAN INSTRUMENT FOR DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS (EIDHR)</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THE SPOTLIGHT INITIATIVE</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO FOOD SECURITY AND RESILIENCE IN NORTHERN NIGERIA</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO FOOD SECURITY AND RESILIENCE IN TARABA STATE</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU SUPPORT TO LIVESTOCK DISEASE SURVEILLANCE KNOWLEDGE INTEGRATION (LIDISKI)</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Operations 1: Economic Cooperation and Energy

Team Leader: Ms Katrine Thomsen
**SUPPORT TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNANCE REFORM PROGRAMME (SLOGOR)**

**Source of funds**  
10th EDF (CRIS ref: 2011/022-731)

**Decision date:**  
20/12/2011 (FA signature date: 29/10/2012)

**Total budget:**  
60 MEUR (No counterpart funding)

**Implementation period:**  
5 years (currently under D+5)

**Implementation agency:**  
World Bank

**Geographical region:**  
6 States (Anambra, Osun, Cross River, Yobe, Kano & Jigawa)

**Project Manager:**  
Uzo Alutu

**Objective:**

To improve capacities and processes at state and local government levels towards improvement in transparency, accountability and quality of public finance and human resource management systems.

**Expected results:**

- Improved legal and policy framework for management of public finances and budgeting processes;
- Improved capacity for policy planning and budgeting including technical capacity of MDAs to enable them carry out their mandates in the budget cycle;
- Transparent and accountable procurement systems are in use across the 6 states;
- Improved quality and timeliness of external audit and oversight;
- Revenue administration and payroll systems are established and put in use in the 6 states;
- Studies for devolution of authority to local governments carried out, road maps for implementation formulated and adopted across the 6 states.

**Main activities:**

- Support drafting of PFM legislations and development of medium term expenditure framework (MTEF) & medium term sector strategy (MTSS) as basis for annual budget preparation and execution;
- Support for capacity building for members of the legislature in each state particularly in carrying out their mandates of budget scrutiny and oversight;
- Support computerisation of accounting and financial reporting systems like IFMIS & IPPIS;
- Support government’s implementation of public procurement laws and establishment of regulatory agencies to ensure compliance in the procurement process;
- Support review and modernisation of audit methods, techniques and reporting; also, organisational structure and review of the capacity of revenue agencies in each state;
- Support study on devolution of authority to LGAs and provide assistance in development of road map for implementation of study report in each state.

**Main accomplishments to date:**

- On accountability and transparency, Jigawa, Osun and Yobe States have sustained the practice of submitting their Audited Financial Statements to the legislature within five months of the year end. Anambra and Kano have improved from the nine months recorded in 2017 to eight months in 2018, while Cross River has improved from twelve months in 2017 to nine months in 2018;
- Modern electronic taxpayer database management systems have now been established in Anambra, Cross River, Jigawa, Kano and Yobe States. IGR performance has also been growing from year to year, with all States showing signs of being able to exceed their previous years performances;
- On SIFMIS implementation, Cross River, Kano, Yobe and Jigawa States have advanced significantly, with User Acceptance Tests already completed in Cross River, Kano and Yobe. Quarterly financial statements are also being produced via SIFMIS in Cross River and Yobe States;
- On support to Local Governance, Jigawa State Government has now adopted a road map and framework for collaboration with the Local Government tier for the delivery of services. Anambra, Cross River and Osun States have also made progress, but are yet to produce their respective frameworks;
- All 6 participating states now use the National Chart of Accounts for the production of Budgets;
- With regards to PFM legislations, Cross River and Jigawa are the only two States with modern Finance Legislation. The other States have their bills before the legislature.
**EU NIGER DELTA SUPPORT PROGRAMME (NDSP) – COMPONENTS 1&2 - STATE EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT FOR RESULTS (SEEFOR)**

**Source of funds:** 10th EDF (CRIS ref: 2011/022-910)

**Decision date:** 20/12/2011 (FA signature date: 29/10/2012)

**Total budget:** 377.855 MEUR (EU - Components 1 & 2 EUR 80MEUR; counterpart - 177.855 MEUR)

**Implementation period:** 5 years (currently under D+5)

**Implementation agency:** Components 1 & 2 World Bank

**Geographical region:** 4 States (Rivers, Delta, Edo & Bayelsa) in Niger Delta Region in Nigeria

**Project Manager (Comp. 1&2):** Uzo Alutu

**Overall objective of NDSP:**
To contribute to mitigating the conflict in the Niger Delta by addressing the main causes of the unrest and violence - bad governance, (youth) unemployment and poor delivery of basic services. The objective of SEEFOR is to promote youth employment, access to socio-economic services and public finance management in 4 Niger Delta states.

**Expected results:**
- Increased number of youths employed through public works activities and increased access to skills acquisition by employable graduates;
- National accreditation of selected technical and vocational training (TVT) courses;
- Improved access to basic services through community driven initiatives/micro projects in health, education, rural roads, environment, sanitation and livelihood activities;
- Fiscal Responsibility, Public Procurement and Budget Laws submitted to State Assemblies;
- Improved PFM system and more transparent allocation of resources for service delivery;
- Improved personnel and payroll controls, financial reporting, expenditure controls and audit.

**Main activities:**
- Support to youth employment and access to socio-economic services: through public works and institutional strengthening; technical, vocational and agricultural training by providing grants to existing technical, vocational and agricultural institutions and grants to FADAMA & Community Development Associations;
- Support to PFM Reforms: through PFM legislations & implementation of PFM/payroll systems including their public procurement processes and institutions;
- Component C. Project Implementation Support and Coordination: to support both federal and state levels institutions in the areas of coordination and to strengthen the Federal Ministry for Niger Delta Affairs.

**Main accomplishments to date:**
- As at September 2019, the project has provided employment to 61,201 youths across the four beneficiary States. This figure exceeds the project target by 81.7%;
- 29,628 (102.5% above project target) youths have been trained in technical and vocational skills across the four benefiting States;
- 1,839,321 people across the four States have been provided access to services as part of the Community Driven Development (CDD) component of the project. This figure exceeds the project target by 305.3%;
- On accountability and transparency, all four States are now publishing their annual budget estimates in book form and on their individual websites. However, none of the four States is yet to meet the 6 month timeline for submitting their Annual Financial Statements to the legislature;
- On budget reforms, all four States now make use of modern chart of accounts and budget classification produced and used for budget and annual accounts;
- On the implementation of SIFMIS, all four participating States have implemented 3-5 key modules of IFMIS (budget purchasing, general ledger, accounts payable, HRMIS and payroll);
- On procurement, all four participating States now use modern Standard Bidding Documents (SBDs) for 100% of contracts over the threshold limits.
WEST AFRICA COMPETITIVENESS PROGRAMME – (NIGERIA COMPONENT) NIGERIA COMPETITIVENESS PROJECT (NICOP)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2018 / 397-180)
Decision Date 13/11/2017 (FA signature: 08/03/2018)
Total budget: EUR 11,000,000 (EU – 9 MEUR, counterpart – 2 MEUR)
Implementation period: 4 years
Implementing agencies: GIZ
Geographical region: National (selected States - Kano, Kaduna, Plateau, Lagos, Oyo, Ogun, and Abia States)
Project Manager: Frank OKAFOR

Objectives:
To improve the performance, growth and contribution to industry, regional trade and exports of selected value chains; and to improve the climate for businesses at national and regional levels.

Expected Results:
• Competitiveness at firms’ level is improved;
• Intermediate organizations of the selected value chains are strengthened and service delivery to MSMEs is improved and expanded (quality, norms/standards, new green solutions, market access, etc.);
• Output 2.1 Regional policies in favor of industrial competitiveness are mainstreamed in the country and help enable a business friendly environment.

Main activities:
• MSMEs and clusters of value chains are upgraded and their productive and market access capabilities are strengthened;
• Quality management at firms’ level is improved and support for companies to comply with required national/international/importing country standards is provided;
• Improved and expanded service delivery of Business Support Organizations and professional associations to their members;
• Improved networking and market access for MSMEs;
• The access to financial services for agricultural value chains is enhanced (incl. the use of public–private partnerships and other forms of innovative financing approaches).

Main accomplishments to date:
• The Project has been launched at the national level, as well as in Abia and Kaduna States;
• 125 entrepreneurs are being supported to improve their performance and growth in the selected value chains (including 33 women);
• 9 Business Support Organisations (BSOs) partnerships are supported;
• 12 policies/regulations have been analysed at local, state and/or federal level;
• Partnership established with 12 processors in the tomato/chili and ginger value chains to increase their production efficiency through piloting production, aggregation and delivery models for processing;
• Two farmers cooperatives are supported to address declining yields and improving agronomic practices in ginger production;
• Three ginger processors and two farmer cooperatives are trained on GLOBALG.A.P. certification and exposed to available market opportunities for certified products;
• Better production technology and enterprise management skills have been introduced to three associations in Lagos, Kano and Abia States in the leather and garments value chains;
• A € 750,000 Programme Estimate has been established as a support measure to NICOP implemented by the Federal Ministry of Industry, Trade and Investment (FMITI).
**SUPPORT TO THE OFFICE OF THE NAO IV**

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS Ref. 2010/038-373)

Decision date: 03/12/2015 (FA signature: 18/03/2016)

Total budget: 8,5 MEUR (No counterpart funding)

Implementation period: 6 years (2014 – 2020) (currently under -D+3)

Implementing agency: Federal Ministry of Budget and National Planning

Geographical Area: Nationwide

Project Manager: Inga Stefanowicz

**Objectives:**

The overall objective is to contribute towards poverty reduction through improved effectiveness, efficiency, impact and visibility of EU development cooperation. The specific objectives are:

- **Objective 1:** increase the capacity of the NAO/MBNP (Ministry of Budget and National Planning) to manage EDF funds at federal, state and LGA levels in order to ensure effective programming and implementation of EU funded projects and programmes;

- **Objective 2:** strengthen the NAO's donor and inter-agency leadership and coordination role by achieving a greater integration of the NAO's functions within Government Ministries, Departments and Agencies in line with the Cotonou Agreement and EDF strategy.

**Expected results:**

- Result 1: The role of the Office of the NAO, including the offices at state level (as coordinator of stakeholders for the programming and implementation of EU-funded cooperation, as well as for policy dialogue) is enhanced;

- Result 2: strengthen capacities of focal states involved in 11th EDF funded cooperation;

- Result 3: The ONAO’s systems, structures and capacities with reference to their mandate to monitor, evaluate, coordinate and report on development assistance are strengthened;

- Result 4: Effective participation of the Office of the NAO in the management of EU-funded regional projects in collaboration with the RAO is ensured;

- Result 5: Coordination mechanisms between NAO, donors and key implementation partners.

**Main activities:**

- Support tender procedures and retain a well-equipped and competent Programme Support Unit;

- Provide technical assistance to support the mentoring and on-the-job training of the EDF Unit Project Officers and Service Centre Personnel at the federal and state levels;

- Provide training in project management, in EDF procedures, project cycle management, procurement, accounting and auditing, to relevant staff of the NAO, SAOs and line ministries;

- Support structures for effective project coordination; specifically, by building capacity of regular staff in the EDF Unit in Project Management and Coordination.

- The operational structures are up and running;


**TECHNICAL COOPERATION FACILITY IV - NIGERIA**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (CRIS Ref. 2015/037-841)

**Decision Date** 19/08/2015 (FA signature: 04/09/2015)

**Total budget:** 5MEUR (No counterpart funding)

**Implementation period:** 6 years 2015 – 2020 (extended by derogation)

**Implementing agency:** Federal Ministry of Budget and National Planning

**Geographical region:** Nationwide

**Project Manager:** TBC;

**Objectives:**

To support the Nigerian Government's development efforts by providing assistance to complement the implementation of the 11th EDF NIP 2014 – 2020 and cover where required, ongoing implementation of 10th EDF programmes. The specific objectives are to:

- Support the identification, formulation and implementation of NIP actions;
- Build capacity on development cooperation policies and management.

**Expected results:**

- Effective and timely identification, formulation, implementation and monitoring of the programmes defined for the focal sectors under the 11th EDF;
- Enhanced capacity of government and particularly NAO in the management of development cooperation activities;
- Improved visibility and awareness of EDF programmes and of key development topics.

**Main activities:**

- Identification and formulation of programmes and projects to be financed by the 11th EDF NIP;
- Monitoring, evaluation and auditing of projects;
- Assistance in the preparation and management of procurement procedures;
- Support to the carrying out of studies on key technical topics (e.g. trade, energy);
- Contribute to the performance of environmental screening and assessment of other cross-cutting issues when they are not included in the original programmes or projects;
- Carrying out of pre-feasibility studies for infrastructure projects when funding is unavailable within national or regional programmes;
- Support for conferences, seminars, training activities and other forms of policy;
- Dialogue meetings related to topics relevant to development cooperation issues;
- Activities aiming at increasing awareness and communication of EU actions in Nigeria.

**Main issues/accomplishments to date:**

- The total amount committed so far is around 2.5 MEUR (out of 5 MEUR). Following the decision taken to extend the operational implementation period; the Financing Agreement was extended from 03/09/2018 (D+3) to 03/09/2019 (D+4).
- A further extension was granted by derogation in 2019 (from D+4 to D+5) to extend the time limits for contracting, implementation and execution to enable the completion of activities foreseen under the project; which are significant for the effective design, implementation and monitoring of EU funded projects. Therefore, the new deadline for contracting is **03/09/2020**.
**11TH EDF SUPPORT MEASURES: PUBLIC OUTREACH ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF KEY NATIONAL STRATEGIES & EU-NIGERIA RELATIONS**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (CRIS Ref. FED/2018/041-503)

**Decision Date:** TBD

**Total budget:** 2.6 MEUR

**Implementation period:** 5 years (FA Signed in November 2018)

**Implementing agency:** Landell Mills (for direct management)

**TBD (indirect management)**

**Geographical region:** Nationwide

**Project Manager:** Evelyn IREKE

**Objectives:**

The Overall Objective of the action is to support the Nigerian Government’s development efforts by providing assistance to implement and monitor efficiently its key national development and economic recovery strategies, and, at the same time, to increase awareness among the Nigerian populations of (a) mentioned government strategies (b) EDF community development projects/programmes; and (c) the EU’s role in Nigeria and its contributions to development in the country.

The specific objectives are:

1) To improve the implementation, monitoring & evaluation and communication of key national development and economic recovery strategies and policy priorities piloted by the Ministry of Budget & National Planning (MBNP), mandated by the Government of the Federal Republic of Nigeria; as well as increase awareness on EDF community projects/programmes for sustainability;

2) To increase the knowledge and understanding among the Nigerian population about the EU’s role in Nigeria and the EU’s actions in support to the country's development.

**Expected results:**

- **Result 1:** Effective monitoring and evaluation of implementation of the following key national strategies and priorities, piloted by the MBNP:
  - The Economic Recovery & Growth Plan (ERGP) 2017-2020 and/or its successor;
  - The National Integrated Infrastructure Master Plan (NIIMP)
  - Economic Diversification and Value Chain development;
  - Human Capital development;

- **Result 2:** Effective communication and improved awareness among stakeholders and population of the above mentioned strategies and priorities;

- **Result 3:** Improved monitoring and evaluation, documentation, advocacy and awareness creation for sustainability of the EU-funded projects in Nigeria;

- **Result 4:** Improved visibility and increased awareness among the Nigerian population of EU’s role and contributions to development in the country.

**Indicative main activities:**

- Design and deployment of Monitoring & Evaluation (M&E)/Management Systems as well logistics (transport) for tracking implementation of Economic Recovery and Growth Plan (2017-2020) and/or its successor;
- Training and capacity building of relevant staff in preparation of Business/Public Private Partnership (PPP) Outline Cases and Governance Systems for infrastructural development/management;
- Training and capacity development of personnel in development of export commodities’ value chains as well as in the Rights-Based concepts/approach to economic development;
- Capacity Building for the promotion and planning of Human Capital development;
- Strengthening of communication towards, and awareness amongst, national stakeholders and the Nigerian population at large, about key government strategies and priorities;
- Support communication, advocacy and awareness of the Ministry's policies and activities in general;
• Comprehensive documentation of the status of Community Development Projects and Programmes implemented under the EDF;
• Organize high level public events/ public diplomacy aimed at increasing awareness amongst Nigerians about the role of the EU in Nigeria's development and about shared values and principles underpinning the EU’s relationship with Nigeria.

Main Accomplishments to date:
• The Financing Agreement has been signed by the European Commission and the National Authorising Officer. The FA came into force on 9th November 2018;
• A restricted international procedure was launched in November 2018;
• A contract was signed with Landell Mills in April 2019 to implement the Technical Assistance to improve EU Visibility in Policy Areas and Development Cooperation.
• The NAO will launch a restricted international procedure for a service contract to implement the activities. Based on the timelines, the Prior Information Notice will be published on the 10th of December 2019. The tentative contract signature date will be around August 2020.
EU SUPPORT TO THE ENERGY SECTOR IN NIGERIA– PHASE 1

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: FED/2015/038-527 (DE))
Decision date: 15-16/11/2016 (FA signature: 09/02/2017)
Total budget: EUR 64.5MEUR (EU - EUR 52MEUR, counterpart – 12.5MEUR)
Implementation period: 5 years (2016 – 2020)
Implementing agencies: DFID (Solar Nigeria, 30M), GIZ (NESP, 20M)
Project Managers: Godfrey OGBEMUDIA/ Luca TODESCHINI

Objectives:
• To enable and foster investments in a domestic market for Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency;
• To improve access to electricity for disadvantaged (mostly rural) communities, also in conflict-affected areas.

Expected Results:
• A strengthened policy and regulatory framework which is conducive to the provision of reliable and sustainable energy;
• Implementation mechanisms to provide access for RE and EE, CO2 emissions reductions and scaling up sustainable business models in the sector;
• Reduction of barriers for market and business development in the sector by strengthening technical market capacities and conducive frameworks;
• Improved reliability of health and education services in three northern states through providing off-grid access to renewable energy to clinics and schools.

Main Activities:
• Building framework and pre-conditions in the RE/EE sector, to enable policy decisions, coherent electrification planning and to foster investment;
• Improving access to electricity through RE and EE, scaling up sustainable business models;
• Strengthening technical market capacities and conducive frameworks;
• Improving reliability of health and education services in three northern states through renewable energy solutions.

Main accomplishments to date:
• Second steering committee meeting for NESP2 held on the 6th of February 2019;
• Solar Nigeria was launched in Kano State in September 2018, Adamawa in July 2019 and Kaduna State in November 2019;
• Solar Nigeria works are forecast to be finalised in Kaduna at the end of 2019, in Adamawa in early 2020, while in Kano the sites have been validated in September 2019;
• A visibility event on Renewable Energy and Climate Change was held at Bayero University in Kano on the 25th of September 2019.
**FIRST CONTRIBUTION TO AFIF IN SUPPORT OF THE ENERGY SECTOR IN NIGERIA**

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: FED/ 2016 / 039-672)
Decision date: FA signature: January 2017
Total budget: 107,7 MEUR (EU contribution: EUR 18MEUR counterpart - 89.7MEUR)
Implementation period: 5 years (2016 – 2020)
Implementing agencies: blending through AFD
Geographical region: Nationwide
Project Managers: Luca TODESCHINI/ Godfrey OGBEMUDIA

**Objectives:**
- To improve access to electricity from renewable sources;
- To reduce environmental impact of the Nigerian energy sector.

**Expected Results:**
- A larger pool of technically qualified professionals in the energy sector;
- Increased private investment in RE and EE projects;
- Increased electricity generation through on-grid and off-grid renewables;

**Main Activities:**
- Supporting the improvement of technical skills, through NAPTIN and other training institutes: teaching curricula, training of teachers, strengthening management structures, upgrading facilities and equipment (funding with AFD);
- Supporting private sector SMEs with access to affordable credit lines to develop RE, EE, RrE projects through the SUNREF facility (funding with AFD (see page 19)).

**Main accomplishments to date:**
- NAPTIN project signed in December 2017 and the Program and Project Management Team (GOPA) has been recruited;
- SUNREF project contract signed on 31/07/2018 and the TA already recruited (see page 19);
- SUNREF contractual agreements with partner commercial banks are concluded.
SECOND CONTRIBUTION TO AFIF IN SUPPORT OF THE ENERGY SECTOR IN NIGERIA

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 040-450)
Decision date: FA signature: November 2017
Total budget: EUR 65 million (no counterpart funding)
Implementation period: 5 years (2016 – 2020)
Implementing agencies: blending through AFD, FMO
Geographical region: Nationwide; Northern Nigeria
Project Managers: Luca TODESCHINI / Godfrey OGBEMUDIA

Objectives:
• To enable and foster investments for sustainable energy;
• To allow the diversification of on-grid generation capacity through renewable energy;
• To improve access to electricity for disadvantaged, mostly rural, communities.

Expected Results:
• Increased private investment in RE projects;
• Increased electricity generation through on-grid and off-grid renewables;
• CO\textsuperscript{2} emissions reductions and scaling up sustainable business models in the sector.

Main Activities:
• Northern Corridor (PASSEN), with AFD;
• Support to grid management and stabilisation to facilitate renewables feed-in in the North-West of Nigeria;
• Support Waste-to-energy projects through blending approach to complement AFD interventions on solid waste management from collection to disposal and to introduce the conversion of waste to RDF which can be used directly for heat generation or converted to electricity though pyrolysis (location: Abeokuta – Ogun State);
• Support solar home systems, mini-grids and rural electrification related projects through an ElectriFI window for Nigeria, managed by FMO.

Main accomplishments to date:
• Northern Corridor transmission Project contract (EU contribution: €25M) signed on 30 December 2019;
• ElectriFI country window contract (€30M) signed on 18th of December 2017.
**SOLAR ELECTRIFICATION OF RURAL SOCIAL SERVICES FOR STABILITY IN ALIGNMENT WITH UN HEALTH CLUSTER AND BORNO STATE**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (CRIS ref: FED/ 2017 / 040-165)

**Decision date:** FA signature: March 2017

**Total budget:** 133 MEUR (Energy component: 7,584,859.07 EUR)

**Implementation period:** 2 years (2017 – 2019)

**Implementing agencies:** DFID

**Geographical region:** Borno State

**Project Manager:** Godfrey OGBEMUDIA

**Objectives:**
The overall objective is to assist the government of Borno in delivering essential services to rural populations though the provision of robust and long-lasting solar power solutions to improve health, education and livelihood outcomes.

**Expected Results:**
- Estimated total of 782,753 beneficiaries accessing social facilities with off-grid renewable energy, with a total of 391, 377 female beneficiaries. Accurate numbers can only be provided once baselining and monitoring activities commence at the actual installation sites;
- Max. 1,043 tonnes of CO2 emissions avoided per year.

**Main Activities:**
- 5 village Clusters (A primary health care centre, a public day school and a community borehole);
- 2 Large size solar systems for both BAMA and GWOZA general hospitals;
- Maiduguri College of Nursing and Midwifery, including the female and male hostel areas and the staff quarters.

**Main accomplishments to date:**
- Contract signed in December 2017.
**SUNREF NIGERIA**

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS Ref. FED/2018/397-840)

Decision Date: FA signature: January 2017

Total budget: 87.720 MEUR (EU Contribution: 9.7 MEUR from 11th EDF; 4.16 MEUR from AITF)

Implementation period: 56 months (from 31/07/2018)

Implementing agency: AFD

Geographical region: Nationwide

Project Manager: Luca TODESCHINI

**Objectives:**
- To improve access to electricity from renewable energy sources;
- To reduce environmental impact of the energy sector in Nigeria.

**Results:**
- Private sector access to financing at affordable interest rates for RE and EE projects is increased;
- Knowledge and expertise of the main stakeholders to develop viable project proposals is improved;
- Financial intermediaries’ capacity to create a sustainable green financing market is strengthened.

**Indicative main activities:**
- Establishment of a credit facility providing long-term funding at preferential conditions to the business community by mainstreaming “green loan” products through national PFIs;
- Start-up of a TA programme providing project sponsors with technical and financial support at critical stages of project development;
- Provide technical assistance to PFIs to develop sustainable project financing activity and strengthen their sectorial knowledge and specific assessment capacities in the project evaluation process;
- Provide investment incentives, of an average value of 10% of the loan amount, to be transferred to the final beneficiaries as a grant.

**Main Accomplishments to date:**
- The project was signed on 31/07/2018;
- Recruitment of TA seconded to Manufacturers Association of Nigeria (MAN) completed;
- Contractual agreements with partner banks concluded.
NAPTIN – ENHANCING VOCATIONAL TRAINING FOR THE POWER SECTOR IN NIGERIA

Source of funds: 11th EDF (1st contribution to AFIF) (CRIS Ref. FED/2017/389-247)
Decision Date FA signature: December 2017
Total budget: 51 MEUR (EU Contribution: 8.3 MEUR)
Implementation period: 2017-2024
Implementing agency: AFD
Geographical region: National Power Training Institute of Nigeria (NAPTIN) headquarters in Abuja as well as in its 8 regional training centres in Kano, Kainji, Kaduna, Jos, Akangba, Ijora, Enugu and AFAM
Project Manager: Godfrey Ogbemudia

Objectives:
• Contributing to the success of the power sector reform of Nigeria and its positive impact on economic development, job creation and population well-being, by providing a skilled workforce to power sector stakeholders adapted to their needs and capacity building.

Results:
• Develop training curricula adapted to the market needs and to have trainers specialised in order to answer generation, distribution and transmission companies' needs and also new policies and procedures;
• To reinforce NAPTIN's delivery and operational capacities by building new technical infrastructures and acquiring new technical equipment for its 9 sites (including 8 regional training centres and its headquarters in Abuja);
• To enhance public investment by setting up a sustainable business model;
• To deeply reform NAPTIN's governance, procedures and policies into a more business oriented institution.

Indicative main activities:
• Development and establishment of training assets;
• Improvement of NAPTIN network of regional training centres;
• Governance and organisational reform of NAPTIN.

Main Accomplishments to date:
The contract was signed on 22/12/2017.
EU FUNDED TRUST FUND FOR CAPACITY BUILDING IN BORNO STATE ON PFM, MONITORING AND EVALUATION AND COORDINATION

Decision date: FA signature: March 2017
Total budget: 133 MEUR (PFM/ME/Coordination component: 13 MEUR)
Implementation period: 3 years (2018 – 2021)
Implementing agencies: World Bank
Geographical region: Borno State
Project Manager: Uzo ALUTU

Objectives:
The EU TF aims at improving the effectiveness of recovery interventions in Borno by strengthening its fiduciary and PFM systems, building its M&E capacity and enhancing intergovernmental and interagency coordination. The overall objective is to increase the absorptive capacity of the state government in order to improve the effectiveness of recovery in Borno.

Expected Results:
- Enhanced fiduciary systems and strengthened PFM systems and capacities;
- Strengthened state-level capacity for M&E of recovery and reconstruction interventions, programmes and projects;
- Improved intergovernmental and interagency coordination of the planning and implementation of recovery activities under the aegis of the state government.

Main Activities:
- Strengthening public procurement;
- Strengthening financial management of recovery interventions;
- Revenue mobilization;
- Fiscal transparency and accountability;
- Development of a state level dashboard of recovery activities in Borno, to be inter-operable as a component of the national dashboard;
- Geo-spatial solutions can remotely capture a range of information for recovery purposes and offer several functionalities;
- Enhancing state level capacity through high frequency data collection using mobile phones for evaluation;
- At state level, the work-plan aims at building the capacity of the ministry of RRR;
- Strengthening coordination between the state government and the newly established North-East Development Commission (NEDC) headquartered in Maiduguri;
- Strengthening horizontal coordination at local government level;
- As part of a Multi-Donor Trust Fund, it is expected that the EU-funded vehicle will help convene donors and coordinate their interventions under a joint platform.

Main accomplishments to date:
- Administration Agreement signed with the World Bank for the implementation of the project; funds have also been disbursed for pre-financing of the project;
- Mobilisation of technical assistance for monitoring, evaluation and coordination of various recovery interventions is on-going but at a slow pace;
- The assessment of the IFMIS implementation readiness has been finalised. The tender documents for IFMIS infrastructure and application software implementation and customization have been prepared; and about 100 civil servants have been trained in elementary computing and data manipulation.
- The key legislative PFM regulatory legislations have been drafted with four key laws awaiting debate in the House of Assembly and three laws, the Public Procurement (Due-Process Bureau Establishment) Law, the State domesticated Fiscal Responsibility Law, and the State Bureau of Statistics (Establishment) Law are at committee stage in the State House of Assembly.
Operations 2: Democracy, Governance & Migration

Team Leader: Clément BOUTILLIER
**ACTION AGAINST TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS AND SMUGGLING OF MIGRANTS IN NIGERIA (TIPSOM)**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (CRIS ref: FED/2015/039-176)

**Total budget:** 10.150MEUR (EU – 10MEUR; counterpart - 150,000 EUR)

**Implementing period:** 2018-2021

**Implementing agencies:** FIIAPP

**Geographical region:** Federal + pilot states (indicatively: Lagos, Edo, Delta and Sokoto)

**Project Manager:** Eleni ZERZELIDOU

**Objective:**

This project aims to enhance Nigeria’s management of migration by more effectively addressing trafficking and smuggling of human beings and specifically to: (i) reduce trafficking in persons (TIP) at national and regional level and between Nigeria and the European Union, with specific emphasis on women and children and; (ii) address the smuggling of migrants (SOM) between Nigeria and the European Union.

**Expected results:**

The main suggested outcomes for the TIP component of the action include:

- Identified origins, factors and consequences of trafficking in persons within Nigeria and from Nigeria to the EU;
- Improved identification, protection and assistance to victims;
- Enhanced prevention of trafficking in key sources of origin in Nigeria;
- Strengthened law enforcement and prosecutorial responses;
- Strengthened collaboration between national, regional and EUMS authorities.

The main proposed outcomes for the SOM component are:

- Identified origins, causes and consequences of smuggling of migrants into Nigeria and to the European Union are identified;
- Enhanced regulatory framework and government policies to reduce the smuggling of migrants;
- Strengthen capacities of institutions with the mandate to effectively fight smuggling of migrants;
- Enhanced public enlightenment of the dangers of irregular migration;
- Voluntary repatriation, rehabilitation and reintegration.

**Main accomplishments to date:**

- Financing Agreement signed by NAO in June 2017; PAGODA signed in June 2018. Project started in July 2018; Kick-off meeting on 1st of February 2019;
- The inception report has been received on the 4th of February 2019. Activities are expected to start upon finalisation of contractual agreements between the implementing agency and the sub-delegated authorities;
- FIIAPP has signed MoUs with National Agency for the Prohibition of Trafficking in Persons (NAPTIP), Nigeria Immigration Service (NIS), Nigeria Police Force (NPF) and the Network of Civil Society Organisations against Child Trafficking, Abuse and Labour (NACTAL);
- Upgrade and refurbishment of selected shelters for victims of trafficking and NAPTIP offices is ongoing;
- Equipment and capacity-building for NACTAL has been provided.

**NB:** UNODC and IOM had been sub-delegated part of the action. However, after inability on the part of FIIAPP to reach an agreement over audit (as FIIAPP can only audit the facts managed by the agency) and upon its HQ instructions, the EUD decided to move with FIIAPP as the only implementing agency.
RESPONSE TO DRUGS AND RELATED CRIME IN NIGERIA

Source of funds: 10th EDF (CRIS ref: 2011/022-512)
Decision date: 20/12/2011 (FA signature: 07/03/2011)
Total budget: 36MEUR (No counterpart funding)
Implementing Period: 77 months (01/01/2013 to 31/05/2020- a further no-cost extension is currently underway until 31/05/2021)
Implementing agency: UNODC
Geographical region: Nationwide
Project Manager: Eleni ZERZELIDOU

Objective:
The overall objective is to support Nigeria's efforts in fighting drugs trafficking, preventing drug use and curbing related organised crime in the country.

Expected results:
• Information and evidence based on drug use, drug crime and policy impact is improved and used for policy programming;
• Enhanced technical and operational capacity in front line agencies and services leading to targeted interventions on drugs and related organised crime;
• The capacity to manage drug treatment, rehabilitation and prevention is improved through the creation of a reliable network of quality drug treatment service providers available for drug users.

Main activities:
• National surveys on cannabis cultivation and on drug use;
• Support the Inter-Ministerial Committee on the formulation and implementation of the new National Drug Control Master Plan (2014-2018);
• Capacity-building activities to develop and implement the institutional strategy for National Drug Law Enforcement Agency (NDLEA);
• Training for law enforcement agencies on investigations and intelligence analysis;
• Direct support to NGOs working on drug prevention, treatment and care;
• Provision of equipment for centres and training of drug treatment professionals.

Main accomplishments to date:
• Re-activation of the Inter-ministerial Committee on Drugs;
• National Drug Control Master Plan 2015-2019 adopted by the inter-ministerial committee on drugs;
• NDLEA Institutional Assessment and Change Management Programme endorsed by NDLEA;
• Training on criminal investigation, training for prosecutors, law enforcement training;
• Development of Draft NDLEA Detention Policy and draft NDLEA Complaints Policy;
• Regional Conference in April 2016 (Representatives from 12 West African Countries and 10 international organisations);
• NDLEA Intelligence Model – Draft developed;
• Household Drug Use Survey- launched in January 2019;
• Delivery of 15 law enforcement training courses to 387 law enforcement officers on a range of subjects including criminal investigation; criminal intelligence; law enforcement organisational management; drug prevention treatment and care sensitization;
• Delivery of 7 drug sensitization courses to 176 NDLEA officers, including all NDLEA Commanders;
• Delivery of drug counselling training to 34 CSOs, as well as training on proposal development, reporting writing and record keeping;
• Continuation of partnerships with 5 NGOs, now delivering community-based drug treatment services;
• Delivery and installation of equipment to 11 model drug treatment and 7 regional training hubs;
• Successful adaptation of family-based drug prevention programme “Strengthening Families Programme” to Nigerian environment completed;
• Commencement of deployment of ICT platform for NDLEA with contract issued to vendor to install computers and internet at 15 NDLEA Commands considered as being the most strategically important;
• Opening of Drug Demand Reduction Unit at Ministry of Health in January 2019;
• Opening of the first female drop-in centre in Abuja in January 2019;
• Commencement of the pilot implementation of drug sentencing guidelines which will streamline drug sentencing in the country;
• Commencement of trilateral talks for joint operations between Nigeria, Ghana and India on the importation of Tramadol from India;
• Completion of the procurement and installation of ICT for NDLEA commands;
• Scaling up Unplugged Drug Prevention Programme in schools across Nigeria under a cost-sharing agreement with the Federal Ministry of Education;
• Support for the National Survey on the Quantification of Narcotics and Estimation of Psychotropic Substances and Precursor Chemicals (ongoing);
• Completion of Cannabis Survey in November 2019, results to be expected in early 2020.
EU-SUPPORT TO DEMOCRATIC GOVERNANCE IN NIGERIA

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS Ref: (FED/2015/039-181)

Decision date: (FA Signature: June 2017)

Total budget: 26.5MEUR (No counterpart funding)

Implementing period: 5 years (2017-2021)

Implementing agencies: European Centre for Electoral Support, Policy and Legal Advocacy Centre, Youth Initiative for Advocacy Growth and Advancement, Nigerian Institute of Policy and Strategic Studies, Institute of Media and Society, International Press Centre

Geographical region: Nationwide

Project Manager: Laolu OLAWUMI

Objectives:
The overall objective of the project is the reinforcement of democracy in Nigeria. The project is articulated through five components aiming to achieve the following specific objectives: to strengthen the Independent National Electoral Commission (INEC), Civil Society Organisations and other relevant stakeholders through technical assistance, training, capacity building and material support so that they can better fulfil their respective roles throughout the electoral cycle.

Expected Results:
- Improved quality of electoral administration in Nigeria;
- The National Assembly effectively discharges its legislative function in compliance with democratic principles and standards;
- Pluralism, tolerance, internal democracy and equality of opportunity of political parties and the political party system enhanced;
- The Media, including radio and social media, provides fair, accurate and ethical coverage of the electoral process;
- CSOs and relevant agencies contribute to enhancing the electoral process;
- Strengthened channels of civic engagement.

Main activities:
- The project provides support to key institutions in Nigeria – INEC, the legislature, political parties, CSOs and the media to support democratic consolidation in the country;
- Respond to key governance priorities e.g. review of the 1999 constitution;
- The reform and restructuring of the electoral management body – INEC;
- Formulation and implementation of the 2016 – 2020 Strategic Plan of Action and the 2016 to 2019 Election Project Plan;
- Support to the implementation of the freedom of information act;
- Support to key legislative committees;
- Support to key activities aimed at promoting women’s political participation;
- Support to the Political Parties Leadership and Policy Development Centre of the National Institute of Policy and Strategic Studies to promote strengthening the leadership and organisational capacities of political parties.

Main Accomplishments to date:
- The project has contributed to the development of a strategic plan for the Independent National Electoral Commission for the implementation of the 2019 elections;
• Contributed to INEC’S post election reviews as well as post election enagement on a national conference in preparation for the general elections in 2023;
• Contributed to the first ever mapping/needs assessment for People with Disabilities in the electoral process.
• Undertook an assessment of the 8th Assembly and it’s constitutionally mandated roles of lawmaking, oversight and representation functions to determine the performance of the Assembly, the challenges it faced in carrying out these functions and the nature of executive-legislative relations. The assessment explored measures that the 9th Assembly could adopt to improve its performance as well as relationship with other arms of government, particularly the Executive.
• A Bill advocating for the full Integration of persons with Disabilities into Society was assented by President Muhammadu Buhari. The Bill is expected to change the perception of Nigerian society with disability rights. The project, as part of its support to the Senate Committee on Poverty Alleviation and Social Welfare provided technical support during the legislative progression of the bill.
EU-SUPPORT FOR RULE OF LAW AND FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION (RODAC)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS Ref: (FED/2015/039-083)
Decision date: June 2017
Total budget: 25MEUR (No counterpart funding)
Implementing period: 4 years (2017-2020)
Implementing agencies: British Council
Geographical region: Nationwide (focal States: Anambra, Lagos, Adamawa, Kano and Edo)
Project Manager: Laolu OLAWUMI

Objectives:
The overall objective of the project is to enhance good governance in Nigeria by contributing to strengthening of the rule of law and curbing corruption. The main expected outcomes are to: a) advance the timely, effective and transparent dispensation of criminal justice; b) strengthen access to justice for women, children and persons with disabilities at Federal and State levels; c) strengthen the fight against corruption by reinforcing prevention mechanisms and building the capacity of anti-corruption agencies to effectively address corruption in public procurement, the criminal justice system and the extractive sector; and d) to enhance civil society and public engagement in the fight against corruption and the criminal justice reform process.

Expected Results:
- Dispensation of criminal justice at federal and state level is more timely, effective and transparent;
- Access to justice is improved at federal level and in selected focal states for women, children, and persons with disabilities;
- Enhanced ability to address corruption in the criminal justice sector, public procurement and the extractive industries, including through improved performance and coordination among target Anti-Corruption Agencies (ACAs);
- Civil society, public and private sector empowered to constructively engage on criminal justice reforms and the fight against corruption.

Main activities:
- Support effective functioning/set-up of relevant committees and forums to oversee ACJ Act/Laws; develop model instruments (laws/policies/strategies/regulations) to domesticate and implement ACJ Act/Laws;
- Support to implementation (federal), domestication, dissemination, training and advocacy of relevant legislation (VAPP Act, Child Rights Act, Legal Aid Act, Person with Disabilities Bill, Mental Health Bill);
- Develop and implement coordination protocol on intelligence sharing between ACAs and relevant justice institutions;
- Support CSO awareness raising and campaigns on relevant legislation, criminal justice and anti-corruption issues;
- Support CSO advocacy on key legislation; train demand side of criminal justice and anti-corruption to effectively engage on criminal justice and anti-corruption reform;
- Dissemination, training and advocacy of ACJ Act/Laws and complementary criminal justice reform bills;

Main Accomplishments to date:
- The project contributed to the establishment of Sexual Assault Referral Centres (SARCs) in the project focal states;
- A monitoring and evaluation framework for the National Anti-corruption Strategy is also being supported by the project;
Following discussions with the Edo state government, the EU Delegation in consultation with key stakeholders made a decision to extend the implementation of the RoLAC Programme to Edo State, thereby increasing the number of focal states to five;

In commemoration of the 16 days of activism against gender based violence 2019, the EU Delegation launched a campaign featuring individuals from the Nigerian entertainment industry with a view to drawing attention to gender based violence, particularly as it affects Nigerian women and girls. The campaign had the objective of increasing the engagement of all stakeholders on GBV, increasing knowledge of young people and the general public on the existing sexual assault referral centres and to lobby the government for the creation of more centres across the country;

In year two, the programme consolidated on the foundation laid in year one. Activities were implemented across all the 19 outputs of the programme. In addition to delivering on additional outputs, the impact of the programme is beginning to be felt at the outcome level. A number of laws have been passed at the federal and state levels, where none previously existed; while provisions of existing laws are now being implemented for the first time thus contributing to improving the administration of criminal justice; promoting and protecting the rights of vulnerable persons to justice, and strengthening the fight against corruption. Approximately 19,486 citizens have benefited directly from the work of the programme.
EU-SUPPORT FOR CRIMINAL JUSTICE RESPONSES TO TERRORISM AND VIOLENT EXTREMISM

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS Ref: (FED/2017/ 040-399)
Decision date: 31/10/2017
Total budget: 8,5 MEUR (No counterpart funding)
Implementing period: 3 years (2018-2021)
Implementing agencies: UNODC
Geographical region: Nationwide
Project Manager: Jerome RIVIERE

Objectives:
The global objective of the proposed action is to achieve strengthened criminal justice to address terrorism and violent extremism.
Specific objectives are i.) to render the criminal justice system and its stakeholders more efficient, timely, transparent and accountable in dealing with terrorism cases and ii.) to render the criminal justice related implementation of the National Counter-Terrorism Strategy (NACTEST) and the Countering Violent Extremism (CVE) Action Plan more effective and efficient.

Expected Results:
• Investigation, prosecution and adjudication of terrorism-related offences is more effective, evidence based, timely, transparent and accountable;
• Mechanisms for effective countering of violent extremism measures are reinforced.

Main activities:
Component 1 – Strengthening criminal justice measures for counter-terrorism (CT)
• Capacity building for effective investigation, prosecution and adjudication of terrorism offences;
• Capacity building for human rights compliance in terrorism offences, related corruption cases (collusions and financial flows), and violent extremism, including gender dimensions;
• Legal assistance for strengthening the national legislation against terrorism.
Component 2 – Strengthening criminal justice measures related to Countering Violent Extremism (CVE)
• Capacity building and policy support for strengthening criminal justice measures for countering violent extremism;
• Capacity building and policy assistance to strengthen preventive criminal justice measures related to radicalization and violent extremism.

Main Accomplishments to date:
• Full team and office established in Maiduguri;
• Series of trainings with the military on evidence collection and handling have taken place in Maiduguri;
• Legal support is provided to the Joint Investigation Centre;
• Progress made in gaining access to the detainees in Giwa Barracks for the defence team;
• Continued training and mentoring for prosecutors, legal advisors, defense counsel and judges involved in the terrorism trial process;
• Focused training provided to investigators and military in the Northeast to deal with the unique criminal justice challenges of collecting evidence in a conflict area;
• Legislative advice provided to a new draft CT law that should address many of the concerns of the current legislation;
• Specific Nigeria training manuals launched on gender dimensions of the criminal justice response to terrorism and CT investigations;
On-going support being provided for the development of strategies for screening, prosecuting, rehabilitating and reintegrating persons associated with Boko Haram.
**AGENTS FOR CITIZEN-DRIVEN TRANSFORMATION (EU ACT)**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (CRIS ref: TBD)

**Decision date:** December 2017 (FA Signature: April 2018)

**Total budget:** 15MEUR

**Implementing period:** 5 years (2018-2023)

**Implementing agency:** British Council

**Geographical region:** Nationwide

**Project Manager:** John ONYEOKWU

**Objectives:**
The EU-ACT aims to strengthen Nigerian civil society organisations as independent development actors in their own right and as drivers of more effective, accountable, transparent governance at all levels.

**Specific Objectives:**
- To strengthen civic engagement in public policy formulation, sectorial reform and public financial management;
- To strengthen the capacity of civil society actors to be more effective drivers of change;
- To enhance civil society credibility, transparency and accountability;
- To promote civil society driven innovation and reform initiatives in the focal sectors and states of the 11th EDF.

**Main Accomplishments to date:**
- Inception phase activities were finalised in December 2018;
- An official project launch was held in September 2019, marking the formal start of project activities as well as an occasion to interact with key stakeholders of the project;
- Political economy analysis across the 6 geopolitical zones have been concluded;
- The project is in the process of finalising a series of organisational capacity assessment of selected CSOs with a view to finalising a strategic framework of engagement with the project's beneficiaries.
SUPPORT FOR REINTEGRATION AND RECONCILIATION OF FORMER ARMED NON-STATE COMBATANTS AND BOKO HARAM ASSOCIATES

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS NG/FED/041-601)
Decision date: 11/03/2019
Total budget: 15 MEUR
Implementing period: 4 years (2020-2023)
Implementing agency: IOM, UNDP, UNICEF
Geographical region: North East Nigeria
Project Manager: Jerome RIVIERE

Objectives:
The project seeks to contribute to the successful community-driven reintegration and reconciliation of former armed non-state combatants and Boko Haram associates in the North East of Nigeria. This will support the efforts of the GoN to promote peace, security and stability in Nigeria and the wider Lake Chad Basin region.

Expected results:
- The rejection and stigmatisation of low risk associates will be reduced;
- There will be increased community healing and reconciliation and a decreased sense of injustice;
- Sustainable alternatives to violence will be increased and social cohesion will be enhanced;
- Non-state security providers are disarmed and demobilised (in government controlled areas);
- Trust is strengthened between citizens and government.

Main activities:
- Communities are adequately sensitised and prepared for reintegration;
- Community-led transitional/restorative justice mechanisms are developed;
- Conflict-sensitive community-prioritised livelihoods are created for the most vulnerable, low risk associates and non-state security providers, with stratified community-led activities increasing community cohesiveness and coping mechanisms;
- Process for non-state security providers disarmament and demobilisation is developed;
- Inclusive, responsive and accountable structures to manage DDRR activities are created between and across government and communities;
- The contract was signed in November 2019. Implementation will start in 2020.
Operations 3: Health, Nutrition, Resilience & EUTF

Team Leader: Montse PANTALEONI
EU NIGER DELTA SUPPORT PROGRAMME (NDSP) – COMPONENTS 3&4 – WATER AND SANITATION, MICRO PROJECTS

Source of funds: 10th EDF (CRIS ref: 2011/022-910)
Decision date: 20/12/2011; FA signature date: 29/10/2012
Total budget: EUR 377 855 000 (EU - Components 3 & 4- EUR 101, 000,000)
Other contributions: EUR 177 855 000
Implementation period: 5 years
Implementing Agency: Comp 3: UNICEF & SAFEGE Technical Assistance, Comp 4: PLANET SA Technical Assistance
Geographical region: Comp 3: Akwa Ibom, Bayelsa, Rivers, Edo & Delta States
Comp 4: Abia, Akwa Ibom, Bayelsa, Cross Rivers, Delta, Edo, Imo, Ondo, Rivers States.
Project Manager: Yakubu OGWUCHE

Overall objective:
To contribute to mitigating the conflict in the Niger Delta by addressing the main causes of the unrest and violence - bad governance, (youth) unemployment and poor delivery of basic services.

COMPONENT 3

Expected results:
Improved institutional, policy, legal and financial framework in the water and sanitation sector in the five states, including an enhanced role and participation of the civil society.

Main activities:
- Strengthening of sector internal organisational structure for improved service delivery in urban/small towns and rural area;
- Review of sector policy, legal and regulatory framework;
- Improve water service delivery in 2 target LGAs of each state.

Main accomplishments to date:
- LGA and community selection concluded and other preliminary project activities under the contribution with UNICEF;
- Sanitation component using Community-Led Total Sanitation (CLTS) approach under implementation in many of the beneficiary communities;
- Baseline survey completed;
- Works contracts in all 5 states have been awarded and implementation has since commenced;
- Works contractor in Delta state has achieved 100% completion;
- Supplies for 3 contracts lots out of 5 lots has been completed in 5 states;
- Grants contracts awarded to 4 grantees and implementation has since commenced;
- MOUs for all five States signed.
- The rural component being implemented by UNICEF has ended and

NDSP COMPONENT 4

Expected Results:
- Strengthened community governance through the adoption of Community Development Action Plans (CDAP) by communities and Local Government Authorities (LGAs);
- Increased equitable access to basic infrastructure services by women, men, boys and girls;
- Increased equitable access to income generating options and sustainable livelihood development by women and men;
- Improved social cohesion among village communities.

Main activities:
- Sustainability plans developed and executed by communities in partnership with LGAs and establishment of Project Implementation Committees (PIC) in the procurement for the basic infrastructures in that community;
• Training in operation and maintenance of infrastructure for the PICs and technical training to commodity groups in communities;
• Micro-project proposal developed by commodity groups with support from communities, CSOs and respective business organizations;
• Identification of communities where there is need for specific actions on social harmony and cohesion as well as conflict prevention activities and definition of the strategy to be adopted to tackle conflict reduction/prevention.

Main accomplishments to date:
• PMU fully operational with office space provided by Imo State;
• Selection process of target LGAs in all beneficiary States completed;
• Identification of community projects in the 9 States completed;
• Project implementation has been clustered into a maximum of 3 local government areas per state;
• Contracts for all 9 states namely Akwa Ibom, Abia, Bayelsa, Cross Rivers, Delta, Edo, Imo, Ondo and Rivers have been signed and works has commenced in all the states;
• Operational Programme estimates to support programme activities signed and implementation ongoing;
• Construction of 1st phase of micro projects totalling 529 have been successfully completed in Abia, Akwa Ibom, Bayelsa, Cross Rivers, Delta, Edo, Imo, Ondo and Rivers states. In the 2nd phase, 30 projects have been completed in Edo State.
• Construction of 206 out of 254 micro projects awarded under 2nd phase (WC2) has been successfully completed representing 81%. 
WATER SUPPLY & SANITATION SECTOR REFORM PROGRAMME PHASE II (WSSSRP II)

Source of funds: 10th EDF (CRIS ref: 2012/022-740)
Decision date: 20/12/2011; (FA signature: 26/06/2011)
Total budget: 94 MEUR (EU – 80MEUR; counterpart - 14MEUR)
Implementing period: 5 years (2012 – 2017) currently under D+5
Implementing agency: UNICEF (rural WASH); & MS Atkins Int’l Ltd
Geographical region: FMWR & 6 States: Anambra, Cross River, Jigawa, Kano, Osun and Yobe
Project Manager: Kate Anwuli KANEBI

Objective: The overall objective of the programme is to contribute to poverty reduction and to sustainable development through the consolidation of water governance and through improved access to safe, adequate, and sustainable water, sanitation and hygiene services delivery at the Federal level and in the 6 States started under the initial phase of WSSSRP in 2005.

Expected results:
- Improvement of water governance at federal level and in the six States – implementation of policy, legal and institutional reforms and establishment of monitoring and evaluation systems at the federal level and in the six States;
- IWRM Principles adopted in 6 States and in the FMWR;
- Strategy for Private Sector Participation (PSP) in water and sanitation (WATSAN) delivery is developed and implemented;
- Improved access to water supply, basic sanitation and proper hygiene practice by 80% of targeted population.

Main activities:
- Technical Assistance activities related to institutional strengthening and capacity building + various studies on EIA, Economics of the water sector, communication and visibility, Community Management strategy had been completed by July 31st 2017 & reports produced for dissemination;
- Construction of new and rehabilitation of non-functional borehole-based water supply and sanitation schemes, in urban, small and rural towns; water supply schemes in schools or public places consisting of 106 number borehole rehabilitation under Lots 1& 2 (priority works), 110 number borehole rehabilitation/construction and 277 number sanitation facilities (VIP Latrines) under Lots 1& 2 (main works);
- A new contract for Supervision of the Remaining Works till March 2020 to be awarded soon (including for Defects Liability period).

Main accomplishments to date:
- The policy and legal frameworks reviewed with support of the project at the National and six States level were approved and adopted (Osun, Kano and Anambra States now have water laws). However, the National Water Resources Bill approved by FEC is still with the senate;
- Contracts for construction of water and sanitation facilities completed in Kano and Yobe States, all functional, with most commissioned and handed over to the beneficiaries.
- Remaining Works will be completed in Anambra, Osun and Jigawa States by March 2020. However, work in Cross River State is facing some issues relating to low performance of the contractor who may soon face contract termination in order to reaward to another competent contractor;
- Supply of Office and Hydrological Equipment to the six States Ministry of Water resources concluded successfully;
- Community Management strategies have been adopted for the operation and maintenance of water and sanitation facilities and it's also being replicated across the sector;
- IWRM principles was promoted nationally with water sector stakeholders; Flood risk management planning and forecast including GIS training for water asset extended from the federal to the 6 States Level;
WATER SUPPLY & SANITATION SECTOR REFORM PROGRAMME PHASE III (WSSSRP III)

Source of funds: 10th EDF (CRIS Ref. 2012/023-252)
Decision date: 29/11/2012 (FA Signature: 30/04/2013)
Total budget: 52.25 MEUR (EU - 40 MEUR; counterpart - up to 11.75 MEUR)
Implementation period: 6 years (2013 – 2019) (Currently under - D+5)
Implementing agency: UNICEF (rural WASH; NAO with support of a consortium led by Hulla & Co, Human Dynamics KG (Urban/small town WASH)
Geographical Area: Adamawa, Ekiti, Plateau States
Project Officer: Yakubu OGWUCHE

Objectives:
The overall objective of this programme is to improve water policy and institutional framework in the three states and support the water supply and sanitation (WSS) sector institutions to enable them to fulfil their mandates of sustainable water and sanitation services delivery.

Expected results:
- Improve water governance – establish policy and regulatory framework and monitoring and evaluation system in the three States;
- Increase access to water supply for at least 2 million consumers; and sanitation and hygiene services to 1 million direct beneficiaries in urban areas, small towns and rural communities.

Main activities:
- Support to States to develop sector policies and regulatory framework;
- Support to institutional strengthening and capacity building of sector operators;
- Implement water works contracts to improve service delivery in the selected LGAs and urban areas.

Main accomplishments to date:
- Self-selection of 6 LGAs concluded;
- Baseline surveys in rural communities for three States and ST/Urban towns for two States completed; CLTS triggering in communities completed and certification ongoing;
- Project staff issues for the TAT for urban/small towns component resolved and new Team Leader confirmed;
- Sanitation Strategy for ST/Urban towns completed; Political Economy Study completed in two states;
- Counterpart contribution remitted by all 3 states;
- Works contracts for all 3 states successfully concluded and implementation has commenced in all 3 states since April 2018;
- Supplies contracts under 5 lots successfully concluded and implementation has been completed in 4 lots which include supplies of laboratory equipment, generators/inverters, office/ICT equipment and vehicles;
- Plateau State Water Law has been signed into law and the process of gazetting the law is in progress;
- Grant contracts in all 3 states successfully concluded and implementation has commenced since April 2018.

1 The consortium is composed of Messrs Human Dynamics KG (Austria), Hydrophil iC GmbH (Austria), CES Consulting Engineers Salzgitter GmbH (Germany), Pohl Consulting & Associates GmbH (Germany), Niche Consult (Nigeria) and TeamWork (Nigeria).
EU SUPPORT TO IMMUNISATION GOVERNANCE IN NIGERIA (EU-SIGN)

Source of funds: 10th EDF (CRIS ref: 2010/022-101)
Decision date: 21/12/2010 (FA signature: 07/03/2011)
Total budget: 144.1MEUR (EU – 63.5MEUR; Others – 75.3MEUR: FGN – 5.3MEUR)
Implementing period: 8 years (2011 – 2019); Currently D+5
Implementing agencies: WHO (Polio Eradication) & Conseil Santé TA (Routine Immunization)

Project Manager: Anthony AYEKE

Objective:
The objective of the project EU-SIGN is to contribute to the reduction of childhood morbidity and mortality in Nigeria due to vaccine preventable diseases. www.eu-sign.org

Expected results:
- Improved State and LGA management systems and stewardship of Primary Health Care geared towards routine immunisation including policies and practices/guidelines for PHC;
- Improved delivery of Routine Immunization (RI) services via the PHC system including infrastructure for RI, transport, and immunisation equipment;
- Improved information and knowledge generation for RI including operational research to drive policies, planning and RI programme implementation;
- Reduction of the spread of polio infections aimed at the eradication of polio in Nigeria.

Main activities:
- Implementation of start-up programme estimate (SUPE), OPE 1 and OPE 2 all completed. Project was launched in all target States to foster local ownership and sustainability;
- Project dissemination visibility events done in August 2019 to coincide with the celebration of 3 years without Polio in Nigeria by the NPHCDA and partners;
- Long term TA (LTTA) ended September 2019. Supported works/supply procurement including revision of tender dossiers; facilitating issuance of provisional and final acceptances; updating State fact sheets;
- Over 90% of the works and supply procurement have been issued with final acceptance;
- Implementation of project expected results including strengthened PHC governance and infrastructure in target states. All focal states now have State Primary Health Care Development Boards or Agencies which places them in good stead to access the Basic Health Care Provision fund.

Main points to note:
- Final project report from the long term technical assistance expected January 2020;
- Extension of the FA operational implementation phase until August 2020 finalised;
- Relaunched negotiated procedure for supply of computers completed successfully. Contract to be concluded in January 2020;
- In the absence of TA, NAO services expected to supervise any pending procurement acceptances – provisional or final to facilitate any pending payments;
- Nigeria (Africa region) now on track for wild polio free virus certification by June 2020, though continuing circulation of vaccine-derived polio virus remains a major concern;
- Local capacity for vaccination and surveillance in security compromised areas in the North strengthened;
- Successful advocacy with GAVI to extend support for immunisation until 2028 with annual high level follow up on the accountability framework with government of Nigeria and commitment to increase spending for Immunisation.
**ENERGISING ACCESS TO SUSTAINABLE ENERGY (EASE) – COMPONENT 5**

**Source of funds:** 10th EDF (Cris Ref: 2011/023-551)

**Decision Date:** 28/06/2013; (FA signature date: 20/02/2014)

**Total budget:** 10.2 MEUR (EU- 8.5 MEUR; counterpart - 1.7 MEUR)

**Implementation period:** 4 years (ending January 2019; 1 yr no-cost extension till January 2020 imminent)

**Implementing agency:** Oxfam Novib and Ibrahim Shehu Shema Centre for Renewable Energy Research, Umaru Musa Yar’Adua University ISSCeRER (UMYU), Katsina

**Geographical region:** 12 LGAs in Katsina State

**Project Manager:** Kate KANEBI

**Objective:**
To improve access to energy through the enabling of conditions for increased use of renewable energy (RE) by households and small businesses.

**Expected results:**
- Improvement in fuel wood balance and farmers' resilience to external shocks;
- On-farm tree planting and natural regeneration of trees;
- Enhancement of agricultural production through sustainable agro-forestry systems;
- Reduction of fuel wood consumption by farming households;
- Demand driven production of tree seedlings for distribution to farmers.

**Main activities:**
- Awareness raising among the rural population on hazards of over-exploitation of biomass for fuel wood use;
- Production of tree seedlings and planting of seedlings on farm land;
- Natural tree regeneration on farm land, sustainable on-farm management of trees for fuel wood production;
- Promotion of fuel wood saving technologies (clean cook stoves/mud stoves) for on-farm use;
- Introduction of improved agro-forestry systems for enhanced crop and livestock production.

**Main accomplishments to date:**
- 12.3 million trees have been planted in over 203,520 hectares of farmlands across the 12 LGAs;
- 1000 youth and women members of CBOs have been involved in economic processing of Non-Wood Tree Products (NWTP) for income generation in 10 multipurpose processing centres established by the project;
- 66,000 clean cook stoves etc. produced and disseminated to farming households;
- 14 collaborating Private Nursery Owners (PNOs) had grown their businesses in year 2 with income of N2.5m and had generated over N5.05m in the current year.
EU SUPPORT TO THE HEALTH SECTOR PHASE 1

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: FED/2016/38-524)
Decision date: 28/04/2016 (FA signature: 11/08/2016)
Total budget: 83,504,936 MEUR (EU – 70MEUR ; Others - 13,504,936 MEUR)
Implementing period: 4 years (2016-2020); Currently D+3
Implementing agencies:
1. UNICEF (MNCH+Nutrition x 45 months) &
2. WHO (Polio Eradication+ Health Systems Strengthening - Data Management and Health Expenditure reporting x 41 months)
Geographical region:
   i) Component 1 (MNCH-N) – Kebbi, Adamawa, Bauchi States (UNICEF)
   ii) Component 2 (Polio Eradication) – Nationwide (WHO)
   iii) Component 3 (HSS) – Sokoto, Anambra States (WHO)
Project Manager: Anthony AYEKE

Objective:
The objective of the project is to strengthen the Nigeria health system through improved primary health care delivery in Northern Nigeria, maintaining the country’s polio-free status and building capacity for improved data and financial management of the health sector.

Expected results:
• 80% of women & children in 3 target states reached with high impact MNCHN interventions;
• 80% of wards have 1 main functional PHC with the capacity to provide integrated MNCHN service;
• Strengthened capacity for effective coordination of MNCHN service delivery and social protection;
• Achieve and maintain polio free status in Nigeria;
• Quality of health and Nutrition information and use for decision making is strengthened;
• Improvement of local institutional capacity at state level to plan and prepare costed budgets and provide full narrative and financial reporting for the health sector.

Main activities:
• Provision of community based MNCHN+ services are being supported (UNICEF);
• 774 PHC in the 3 states of Kebbi, Adamawa and Bauchi have been identified, mapped and rehabilitation ongoing (UNICEF);
• Strengthen policy implementation, regulation, accountability, transparency, and performance (UNICEF);
• Conduct high quality supplementary Immunisation Activities combined with supportive activities (WHO);
• Support development of a harmonised data quality process with in-depth verification of the system (WHO);
• Support conduction of annual health accounts estimation as well as other expenditure tracking (WHO);
• Support production of National and State (Anambra) health Accounts (WHO);
• Support preparation of financing policy to strengthen the Anambra State Health Insurance Scheme (WHO).

Next Steps:
• Process formal request for rider received from WHO December 2019;
• Process next payment requests based on forecast and approved reports;
• Prepare for external report monitoring or project Mid-Term review Q1 2020;
• Monthly meeting with UNICEF/WHO for policy dialogue/ review of programme implementation.
EU SUPPORT TO STRENGTHENING RESILIENCE IN NORTHERN NIGERIA

Source of funds: 11th EDF (FED 2016 / 039-469)
Decision date: 11/03/2016 (FA signed 02/08/2016)
Total budget: 54.5 MEUR (EU - 35.5 MEUR; BMZ - 19MEUR)
Implementing period: 4 years (2016 – 2020) (Currently under D+3)
Implementing agency: GIZ
Geographical region: Adamawa and Borno State
Project Manager: Temitayo OMOLE

Objective:
The overall objective of the programme is to contribute to the stabilisation of North-eastern Nigeria through strengthening the resilience of IDPs, host communities, returning refugees and the local population affected by insurgency.

This is proposed to be achieved under two components;
- The first component addresses IDPs within host communities and their respective host communities;
- The second focuses on the voluntary return of IDPs and IDPs preparing for their return, as well as the rehabilitation of their communities of origin.

Expected results:
1. Improved access to basic services and social protection including access to education and primary health care for IDPs, returnees and members of host communities in selected intervention areas and improved food and nutrition security;
2. Selected State institutions improve the planning, implementation and distribution management of basic services and link to temporary humanitarian solutions and urban development;
3. Transparency of service delivery and local ownership will be increased;
4. Civil society organisations are strengthened and place their needs and interests in the context of the overall action for reform and recovery;
5. IDPs voluntarily return and livelihoods are restored;
6. Physical infrastructure and basic services in areas of return are rehabilitated;
7. Teams for Community Action Planning (CAP) are trained and development plans produced.

Main activities:
1. Carry out assessment of basic services available to IDPs and host communities, including needs assessments;
2. Improve access to basic services through construction, rehabilitation and technical, financial and material assistance in IDP host communities;
3. Develop community-based management structures for rehabilitated community infrastructure;
4. Provide vocational training and assistance in establishing revenue generating activities;
5. Carry out participatory assessment of state level institutions’ capacity in the management of basic services;
6. Contract and supervise national CSOs for programme delivery measures at community level;
7. Provide materials and technical and financial assistance for rehabilitation of destroyed houses;
8. Distribution of livelihood inputs (seeds, tools, etc.) for farmers to resume their agricultural activities;
9. Reactivate trading and commercial activities;
10. Provide social safety nets (cash transfers) until revenue generating activities have been restored;
11. Improve access to basic services through construction, rehabilitation and technical, financial and material assistance in communities of IDP origin.

Main accomplishments to date:
- Construction and rehabilitation of physical structures in health, education and water have been completed in Borno and Adamawa States respectively;
- The programme officially launched the 30-month “Agricultural Livelihoods and Market Recovery Intervention in Borno State” with Mercy Corps. This intervention targets 20 agricultural extension
workers and 4,500 farmers further organised into farmers groups who received training on the Village Savings and Loans Association (VSLA);

- Through a grant contract with the ABTI American University of Yola, 900 farmers and 15 agricultural extension workers were trained along with input suppliers, and spray service providers;
- The Governance Unit has increased the scope of its activities to implement **Community Development Planning (CDP)** in the Northeast. The Community Development Plans of the respective local governments have been presented to the State Governments for incorporation in the state-wide development programmes;
- Progress report produced and submitted.
**EU SUPPORT TO RESPONSE, RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE IN BORNO STATE (13 CONTRACTS)**

**Source of funds:** 11<sup>th</sup> EDF (FED 2017/040-165)

**Decision date:** 24/03/2017

**Total budget:** 153 MEUR (including a 20 MEUR contribution from the EUTF)

**Implementing period:** 4 years (2017 – 2021)

**Implementing agencies:** UNDP-WHO, ALIMA-SI, Mercy Corps, NRC, ACF, IRC, DfID, FAO, UN Women, WFP, WB, UNICEF, Plan International, SOFRECO

**Geographical region:** Borno State

**Project Managers:** A. AYEKE, T. OMOLE, Y. OGWUCHE, C. TILLI BLOMHAMMAR, G. OGBEMUDIA, V. ROIRON, K. KANEBI

**Objective:**
The main objective of the proposed action is building the resilience of conflict affected people and public sector institutions in Borno State in an environment-friendly way.

**Expected results objective 1 – Provision of quality basic services:**
- Integrated PHC services strengthened, particularly for rural women and children under five;
- Functionality of the health care provision improved through adequate and qualified health personnel, adequate supplies and infrastructures;
- Effective delivery and utilization of critical nutrition interventions and promotion of key nutrition behavioural practices through PHC and community based nutrition networks ensured;
- Safe water and sanitation infrastructure is rehabilitated/built and good hygiene is promoted;
- Schools are rehabilitated, equipped, secured and staffed with appropriately trained teachers, so that more girls and boys have access to emergency education services;
- The State’s capacity, coordination and resources available for education are strengthened, and Communities are empowered to demand better quality education services from the State;
- Youth are provided with accelerated learning, and/or training related to employment opportunities;
- Electricity infrastructure in particular for clinics, schools and water supply improved, notably through use of renewables and energy efficient installations.

**Expected results objective 2 – Resilience, livelihoods and employment:**
- Livelihood and employment opportunities linked to afforestation, food security and nutrition-sensitive agriculture, waste and debris management and urban renewal are promoted;
- Vocational training provided and skills of displaced people developed;
- Social protection systems and safety nets for conflict affected people and those affected or at risk of undernutrition, in particular women and youth, established or improved;
- Returns to places of origin or resettlements are accompanied and (re)integration in communities is facilitated with supporting measures.

**Expected results objective 3* – Public service delivery and financial management is improved:**
- Public financial management and statistical systems of the Borno State Government are strengthened;
- Selected Local Governance Authorities (LGA’s) are strengthened for a restoration of local public sector authority, fiscal management and capacity for service delivery to the citizens.

**Expected results objective 4* – Better response coordination, targeting, management and monitoring by Borno State and Federal Governments:**
- The capacities of the Federal Government and Borno State authorities to coordinate development partners and monitor the response to the crisis are strengthened.

**Main activities/accomplishments:**
- 9 Individual contracts signed and project formally launched in Maiduguri January 2018;
- 10 MEUR top-up was approved in November 2018 to pave the way for additional contracts related to education services;
- A service contract signed with SOFRECO in August 2018 has allowed for a team representing the EU based in Maiduguri, Borno, to improve coordination across EU-funded early recovery interventions in Borno. It has also started to build the capacity of the Borno State Government in coordination and monitoring of activities.

*For the implementation of objectives 3 and 4, see page 18 (Trust Fund implemented by World Bank).*
Objective:
The overall objective is to contribute to long-term resilience among populations and public institutions in North East Nigeria. The Specific Objective of the project is to improve nutrition security of conflict affected populations through uptake of critical household health and hygiene behaviours and through improved government’s capacity to provide primary health care, water, sanitation and hygiene services, support safety nets and livelihoods sources.

Expected results:
- Strengthened Government institutions’ capacity to lead and coordinate reconstruction efforts and plan for the delivering of basic services in an equitable sustainable and resilient manner;
- Improved access and quality of primary health care and nutrition services; and nutritional and health practices in target area;
- Improved potable water access, appropriate sanitation facilities, and electrification of health centres and schools in target areas;
- Increased access to agricultural inputs; involvement in diversified livelihood activities and social protection systems for vulnerable households.

Main activities:
- Strengthen LGA’s capacities to plan for the delivery of basic services (trainings and workshops for State and LGAs bodies, support to development of annual and preparedness plans etc.);
- Support Health Service delivery and facilities (provision of CMAM, medical supplies, mass MUAC screenings, rehabilitation of health structures);
- Strengthening Human capacities in Health centres (trainings of community and health workers);
- Improvement of access to water, sanitation and hygiene services in targeted communities, health centers and schools (rehabilitation and construction of water points with networks and solar pumps);
- Increase contextually adapted agricultural productivity and income generating activities (Increased Social protection systems, Cash/assets for work, Farmer Field Schools etc.).

Main accomplishments to date:
- Support to the development of 2019 Annual Plans for 2 LGAs (Nganzai and Monguno);
- 17 health facilities were supported with medical equipment, drugs and 142 health workers were trained to strengthen the delivery of health and nutrition services;
- Construction (2) and rehabilitation (6) of boreholes equipped with solar lighting and security systems, Community lead water committees formed;
- 9 primary and secondary schools have been supported with hygiene and sanitation sessions and equipped with water and gender mainstreamed sanitation facilities;
- Cash for work activities launched in Monguno engaging 1,448 (1335M, 133F) people in construction, and rehabilitation of cattle trough, rehabilitation of damaged drainages and environmental sanitation;
- 161 Farmer Field Schools established (15 farmers per group), supported with improved seeds and trained by Government extension workers on good agronomy practices (GAP), nutritious-sensitive agriculture;
- Support to social protection of 4,832 beneficiaries (3,630F, 1,202M) in Monguno and Nganzai through cash grants and trainings;
- 4,712 Households have established kitchen gardens and been supported with vegetable seeds, tools and trainings on nutritious vegetable production.
EU MAIDA RECOVERY SUPPORT PROGRAMME FOR BORNO STATE (MARESP)

Source of funds: 11th EDF
Decision date: 24/03/2017
Total Budget: 15 MEUR
Implementation period: 3 years (01/12/2017 - 30/11/2020)
Implementation Agency: Mercy Corps Europe
Geographical region: Borno State: Biu, Hawul, Kwaya Kusar, Bama, Ngala, Gwoza, Mafa and Jere LGAs
Project Manager: Virginie Roiron

Objective:
To build the resilience of conflict affected people and communities in Borno State through increased employment opportunities and promotion of environment and climate-friendly livelihoods.

Expected results:
- Improve rural livelihoods in an ecologically sustainable way by enabling households to take advantage of existing and new agricultural market opportunities;
- 7,200 Adolescents and youth empowered as economic actors in their communities through access to employment and diversified livelihoods opportunities, financial services, vocational training and business development initiatives;
- Improved access to social protection and community based services for women, youth and adolescent breadwinners and other at-risk groups;
- Social cohesion will be strengthened within and between conflict-affected communities and environmental resource management improved in areas of displacement and return.

Main activities:
- Establishment of five innovation and demonstration farms;
- Support 10 private tree nurseries to raise seedlings;
- Cooperatives for male and female farmers and livestock producers supported in areas of return;
- Provision of agricultural input vouchers and support to rebuilding input supply markets;
- Linkage to financial services for agricultural cooperatives;
- Village Savings and Loan Association formation for agricultural cooperatives;
- Capacity of male and female agricultural extension workers built;
- Farmers trained and supported to diversify their crops to improve household nutrition security using climate-sensitive techniques;
- Rehabilitation, creation and procurement of equipment for Multi Skills Training and Resource Centres;
- Youth receive market-aligned vocational training;
- Cash grants for livelihood start-ups and apprenticeships provided to 4,480 adolescents and youth; assessed to have interest and potential.

Main accomplishments to date:
- 4,310 vulnerable smallholders’ farmers received information and agricultural inputs, through the voucher system using a market systems development approach;
- Mobilized and revived 211 Village Saving and Loan Associations (VSLAs) and trained the VSLAs members on VSLA methodology, financial literacy and record keeping;
- Trained 140 youth in business development and new technical sectors including solar energy and fuel efficient cook stoves production;
- 4,778 women, vulnerable household and other at risk groups received minimum food expenditure basket cash transfers;
- 120 safe spaces established to provide adolescent girls and boys with life skills training, reproductive health knowledge and psycho-social support. 1,850 adolescents completed the safe space curriculum;
- 1,600 households trained and sensitized on improved nutrition, feeding and hygiene practices by Nutrition Lead Mothers trained by the programme;
- 10,000 fuel efficient coke stoves have been purchased, 2,077 of which have so far been distributed to vulnerable households;
- Designed and built a pilot shelter as well as completing the superstructures of 100 permanent shelters using a mixed, cash-based approach;
- Mobilized and revived 29 Community Resilience Groups and engaged 50 youth in the rehabilitation of a community infrastructure.
RESTORING AND STRENGTHENING HEALTH SERVICES IN BORNO

Source of funds: 11th EDF  
Decision date: 24/03/2017  
Total Budget: 7,182,182 MEUR  
Implementation period: 3 years (01/12/2017- 30/11/2020)  
Implementation Agency: International Rescue Committee  
Geographical region: Borno State: Magumeri, Konduga, Gwoza LGAs  
Project Manager: Virginie Roiron

Objective:  
To sustainably improve availability, access and utilisation of quality basic services (health, education, nutrition, WASH, electricity) in areas of refuge, return or resettlement.

Expected results:  
- Strengthen the local governments’ healthcare systems in the delivery of healthcare service;  
- Improve four local governments’ preparedness and capacity to respond to urgent and massive health needs;  
- Increase community participation in and ownership of health and health care services.

Main activities:  
- Rehabilitate critical health structures and put in place infection prevention and control measures;  
- Equip and staff health facilities to provide the minimum package of services;  
- Establish and run supply management systems for pharmaceuticals and medical supplies in each supported facility;  
- Health management information systems (HMIS) provide data informing resource allocation at the LGA level;  
- Support local government health authorities to take the lead in managing healthcare systems;  
- Put in place public health emergency preparedness and response (EPR) plans at the LGA level;  
- Support adequate and coordinated responses to outbreaks;  
- Trained community health volunteers (CHVs) and community support groups sensitize community members on good health and nutrition practices;  
- Community health committees (CHCs) maintain oversight of health services;  
- Communities have EPR plans established.

Main accomplishments to date:  
- 85 LGA health facility staff on monthly incentives;  
- Continuous supply of pharmaceuticals, supplies and IPC materials to 14 health facilities;  
- 6 facilities received comprehensive renovation;  
- 12 facilities have new waste management infrastructure;  
- 6 facilities have new water access via reticulation;  
- Across the 14 supported health facilities, a total of 195,455 clinical consultations have been carried out to date;  
- 103 health facility staff (33F; 70M) trained on: Social Accountability and Community Engagement: 55 (24F; 31M); Integrated Management of Childhood Illnesses: 27 (17F; 10M); Basic nutrition protocol: 40 (24F; 16); Health Systems Strengthening: 15 (9F; 6M); Organizational Development: 18 (3F; 18M); Health Management Information System: 40 (20F; 20M); Integrated supply chain management of drugs and other health commodities: 31 (9F; 22M); Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) Protocols: 49 (17F; 32M);  
- 141 persons (55F; 86M) including health facility staff and key community members were trained on Emergency Preparedness and Response;
EU SUPPORT TO SOCIAL STABILITY AND RECOVERY IN BORNO STATE

Source of funds: 11th EDF
Decision date: 24/03/2017
Total Budget: 12,526,381 MEUR
Implementation period: 3 years (06/12/2017 - 05/12/2020)
Implementation Agency: Norwegian Refugee Council
Geographical region: Borno State: Askira, Biu, Hawul, Bayo, Shani, Jere LGAs
Project Manager: Virginie Roiron;

Objective:
• Improved agricultural production and income generation in targeted beneficiary communities;
• Improved access to reliable livelihood opportunities.

Expected results:
• Improved agricultural production and income generation in targeted beneficiary communities;
• Improved access to reliable livelihood opportunities.

Main activities:
• Community mobilisation and setting up of Community Resilience Committees (CRC);
• Rehabilitation of smallholder irrigation systems;
• Training farmers on dry season crop production;
• Provision of dry season farming inputs;
• Provision of rain fed farming input;
• Beneficiary training in selection, planning and management of Income Generating Activities (IGA) and distribution of IGA start up kits;
• Vocational skills training and distribution of starter kits.

Main accomplishments to date:
• 42,924 individuals reached through inputs and tool kits distribution under the rainy season farming component;
• 20,930 individuals are being targeted through the provision of inputs and toolkits for dry season farming (activity ongoing);
• 9,275 individuals reached through IGA (petty trading, livestock business, local food processing, tailoring, local production e.g. cap making, craft, mat making, bags, shoes);
• 610 tube wells drilled;
• 2 deep boreholes drilled;
• 12 deep boreholes almost completed;
• 3,482 ha covered under dry season farming support;
• 15,330 ha covered under rainy season farming support;
SUPPORT TO COORDINATION OF EU-FUNDED INTERVENTIONS IN BORNO STATE

Source of funds: 11th EDF

Decision date:

Total Budget:

Implementation period: 3 years (06/12/2017 - 05/12/2020)

Implementation Agency: SOFRECO

Geographical region: Borno State

Project Manager: Virginie Roiron

Objective:

• To provide management support to the EU Delegation in Abuja in a coordinated and efficient manner through monitoring and evaluation of EU funded actions in Borno State;
• To provide overall technical advice and support to Borno State Government, in particular the Borno State Ministry of Reconstruction Rehabilitation and Resettlement (Triple R Ministry), contributing to a better coordinated, targeted, managed and monitored intervention;
• To participate in local coordination with humanitarian and development partners and State and Federal authorities and to liaise with all actors directly or indirectly involved in EU funded actions in Borno State, including EU Trust Fund actions.

Expected results:

• Efficient implementation of all activities and achievement of expected targets for all components of the "EU support for response, recovery and resilience in Borno State" as well as effective coordination with other EU funded humanitarian and development activities;
• Successfully manage and implement the monitoring and evaluation systems for the programmes to: a) indicate the level of alignment to the planned results and objectives of the various grantees and b) indicate delays and risks;
• EU representation in platforms of dialogue and response coordination at Borno State level is ensured and continuous coordination with DG ECHO field representatives and development actors working in Borno is enhanced;
• The level of knowledge and understanding at the EU Delegation of local challenges and problems related to the implementation of EU funded programs is enhanced through regular and timely reporting.

Main activities:

• Monitoring & Evaluation of the project’s primary activities and Borno State socio-economic situation;
• Strengthening the M&E skills and processes as well as the capacities of Ministries, Departments and Agencies on responding to the crisis through coaching and mentoring;
• Arrange joint M&E between development partners and this project;
• Informing and raising alarm to the EUD in regards to programme activity and aid strategy in Borno;
• Develop an action plan to address programme level problems and to adapt aid strategy in the State;
• Optimize the visibility of EU activities in Borno;
• Ensure EU’s representation in platforms of dialogue and response coordination;
• Prepare Issues Log and Risk Log for the EU programmes;
• Prepare and execute joint meetings with partners to track the implementation of EU activities;
• Create and steer sector working groups with local and international NGOs and key community members as observers;
• Prepare meetings of Technical Implementation Committee each quarter.

Main accomplishments to date:

• Communication and reporting between the Borno package IPs and Government is improving;
• Capacity of MRRR to plan coordination meeting is improving;
• Information sharing among partners is leading to reduction of project duplication;
• EU visibility is improving in Borno State;
• Review of all Borno package project’s logframe is being finalised.
**EU SUPPORT TO RESPONSE, RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE IN BORNO STATE (EDUCATION COMPONENT)**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (FED 2018/040-165)  
**Contract No:** FED/403-765  
**Total budget:** 10 MEUR (EU Contribution: €9,998,889)  
**Implementing period:** 3 years (2019 – 2022)  
**Implementing agencies:** Plan International (Plan)  
**Geographical region:** Borno State (Maiduguri, Monguno, Magumeri, Jere, Gwoza, Biu, Mafa, Damboa & Konduga LGA)  
**Project Managers:** Kate KANEBI

**Objective:**  
The overall objective of the action is to strengthen the resilience of the most vulnerable communities, especially children, and support inclusive, quality and equitable basic education in Borno state. More specifically, the action will:

- Improve & restore access to safe, inclusive and quality primary and secondary education for both boys and girls for 80,000 children in 123 schools in 9 LGAs of Borno State;  
- Increased relevant and flexible Non-Formal Education (NFE) opportunities for out of school adolescents and youth (female and male);  
- Strengthened capacities of public administration and community engagement in management and delivery of safe inclusive quality education services.

**Expected results:**

- Increased availability of secure, child friendly and gender sensitive education facilities;  
- Increased children’s regular attendance, quality of learning and learning performance;  
- Improved safe and protective environment for teachers and students as well as established gender responsive and conflict sensitive education;  
- Development and Delivery of Non-formal education programmes & improved access to livelihood and employment opportunities for youth;  
- Strengthened capacity of education actors including SBMC for better and sustainable education performance.

**Main activities:**

- Renovation and rehabilitation of 182 physical disability inclusive classrooms;  
- Construction of 550 gender dis-segregated, girl and disability friendly latrines;  
- Construction of 16 new boreholes hand pump/hand drilled;  
- Provision of voucher based scholastic materials, text books and dignity kits to encourage attendance;  
- Provision of in-service teacher training, life skills and DRR and MRE incorporated trainings to 944 teachers, training of 130 teachers in the use of AEP curriculum;  
- Support SUBEB and SAME on recruitment & incentives for 80 volunteer teachers for Sangaya school;  
- Community dialogue and advocacy to promote enrolment, attendance and retention of students;  
- Provision of life skill training and suplimentary feeding.

**Main accomplishments to date:**

- Renovated/constructed physical disability inclusive classrooms, gender dis-segregated latrines and 16 new boreholes w hand pump / hand drilled;  
- Provision of materials to benefit 23,000 learners.
EU SUPPORT TO EARLY RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE IN BORNO STATE (EDUCATION COMPONENT)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (FED 2017/040-165)
Contract No: FED/403-830
Total budget: 10 MEUR
Implementing period: 3 years (2018 – 2021)
Implementing agencies: UNICEF
Geographical region: Borno State (Maiduguri, Monguno, Jere, Gwoza, Mobbar & Hawul LGA)
Project Managers: Kate KANEBI

Objective:
The overall objective of the action is to strengthen the resilience of the most vulnerable communities, especially children, and support inclusive, quality and equitable basic education in Borno state. More specifically, the action will:

- Contribute to realization of inclusive, quality and equitable basic education and strengthening the resilience of the most vulnerable communities, especially children in Borno State;
- Contribute to community empowerment to demand inclusive quality education and strengthening institutional capacity to sustain support systems for vulnerable children as part of the inclusive education;
- Contribute to increasing the resilience and social inclusion of adolescents and young people in Borno State, allowing them to attain economic independence and actively play a positive role in the society;
- Strengthen school- and community-based psycho-social support to students, their families and teachers, as well as strengthening institutional capacity of support systems for vulnerable children, and children and adolescents with special needs (including children severely distressed because of the conflict) as part of the inclusive education.

Expected results:
- Improved access to inclusive quality and equitable basic education in safe and protective learning environment for 50,000 girls and boys;
- Empowerment of 25,000 youth (15+) with vocational skills for employment;
- Empowerment of community members in 150 formal schools and non-formal learning centers to demand inclusive quality education, support education services delivery and participate in education governance.

Main activities:
- Training of 75 master trainers with an outreach of 1,500 teachers trained;
- 100 teachers/trainers for psychosocial support (PSS) from selected 20 piloted schools;
- 150 Community/School-Based Management Committees (C/SBMC) established and 750 SBMC members trained on planning and conflict/disaster risk reduction (C/DRR);
- 30 key State Ministry of Education (SMoE)/SUBEB senior staff trained on using data for education planning and 10 technical education EMIS staff trained;
- 180 community volunteers trained to support community engagement in school governance and teach in non-formal education centres;
- Conduct a comprehensive analysis of the teaching workforce for basic education (teachers’ status);

Main accomplishments to date:
- SC has enrolled Out of School Children (OOSC) in all 6 LGA, identified and recruited volunteer teachers and completed school rehabilitation assessment;
- Completed capacity building of 225 master trainers on pre-service and in-service teacher training and EiE/Conflict Resolution;
- Completed ToT for 36 trainers for vocational training & completed selection of 1,100 beneficiaries, including rehabilitation of one kitchen in MMC.
INTEGRATED COMMUNITY RECOVERY & RESILIENCE IN BORNO STATE - IC2RB (FED/2017/389-341)

Source of funds: 11th EDF
Decision date: 24/03/2017; Contract signature Date – 15/11/2017
Total Budget: 15 MEUR (EU contribution)
Implementation period: 30 months (15/11/2017 - 14/05/2020)
Implementation Agency: UNDP-WHO
Geographical region: Borno State: Bama, Mafa, Monguno, Biu, Konduga and Gwoza LGAs
Project Manager: Anthony AYEKE

Overall objective:
To ensure the resilience of conflict-affected people and communities in Borno is rebuilt in a sustainable and environment-friendly manner.

Specific objectives:
1) To ensure Conflict-affected people in target communities, especially vulnerable people in areas of refuge, return and resettlement, have access to quality basic services;
2) To ensure Livelihoods of conflict-affected people in target communities are stabilised through environment and climate-resilient income opportunities (special focus on women, youth and vulnerable households).

Expected results:
- Engagement of community members in planning of basic services significantly increased, and related conflicts resolved effectively;
- Target communities provided with health facilities that are rehabilitated, equipped, staffed and providing essential health services;
- Serious malnutrition in target communities addressed through functioning nutrition stabilisation centres available to the population in rehabilitated secondary health facilities;
- Human resources supply and capacities to deliver healthcare services in target communities and rehabilitated facilities sustainably strengthened;
- Target communities are provided with sustainable access to water, education and renewable energy for key community infrastructure;
- Vulnerable households in target communities are provided with immediate employment opportunities;
- Environmentally-friendly agricultural production of food and cash crops revitalised in target communities;
- Market-based skills of displaced women and youth developed, and local economy revitalised.

Main activities include:
- Mapping and profiling of local government structures and communities in places of displacement and of origin for 20 target communities;
- Rehabilitation of health facilities as per the Nigerian MoH norms and standards;
- Establishment of Stabilisation Centres as per the MoH norms and best practice recommended by WHO;
- Strengthening of preventive health and nutrition messages at the Secondary and Primary Health Centres;
- Curriculum review, improvement of training and development of the midwifery and nursing schools;
- Construction/rehabilitation of water and sanitation facilities for domestic use and production;
- Installation of renewable (solar) energy systems to power water & sanitation systems, schools and HCs;
- Reconstruction of Police Stations and Markets in 3 strategic locations ("Hubs");
- Immediate income generation through cash-for-work;
- Restoration of agricultural production (start-up kit);
- Restoration of livestock production;
- Build community technical capacity for agricultural production through training;
- Establish and equip satellites of vocational training institutes (polytechnics);
- Developing and supporting a community mental health and psychiatric care outreach programme.

Main accomplishments to date:
- Civil works on 25 infrastructures completed;
- Vocational training for 220 beneficiaries was completed with a ceremony to mark the completion;
- Solar panel installation has been completed in 7 schools to create a suitable learning environment;
- Assessments on Basic Service Committees (x18) and Village Savings and Loans Associations (x15);
• Review of the curriculum and standard procedure manuals for the college of Nursing and midwifery;
• Regular screening of under 5 children for malnutrition, plus referrals of severe cases by WHO HTR teams;
• Rehabilitation of Biu FSP Clinic completed;
• Infrastructural rehabilitation of the remaining 2 staff quarters at the Mafa GH completed;
• 690 patients treated in November 2019 for various mental illnesses through the mental health outreach programmes.
HIGH IMPACT, EASY-TO-SCALE UP, COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH, NUTRITION, WASH AND LIVELIHOOD PACKAGE IN BORNO STATE (FED/2017/388-999)

Source of funds: 11th EDF
Decision date: 24/03/2017; Contract signature Date – 14/12/2017
Total Budget: 14 MEUR (EU contribution)
Implementation period: 36 months (15/12/2017 - 14/12/2020)
Implementation Agency: ALIMA/SI
Geographical region: Borno State: Askira-Uba, Hawul, Monguno and Ngala LGAs
Project Manager: Anthony AYEKE

Overall objective:
To build the resilience of conflict-affected people and public sector institutions in Borno State in an environment-friendly way.

Specific objectives:
1) To sustainably improve availability, access and utilisation of quality basic services (health, education, nutrition, WASH, electricity) in areas of refuge, return or resettlement;
2) To enhance social protection, through creation of employment and the promotion of environment and climate-friendly livelihood opportunities (with a special focus on women, youth and vulnerable households) with the aim of increasing access to basic needs, significantly reducing malnutrition and strengthening resilience in communities affected by the insurgency.

Expected results:
• Integrated primary health care services particularly for rural women and children under 5 strengthened;
• Prevention, treatment of Severe Acute Malnutrition and reinforcement of mothers role in child’s nutritional status monitoring is improved;
• Child mortality rate reduced by providing complete access to preventive and curative care through health structures supported by the project;
• The Health centres have access to improved water, sanitation and hygiene conditions;
• The target communities’ capacities to answer to their basic WaSH needs and manage their facilities are improved in Monguno and Ngala LGAs;
• Food access to enhance nutrition security of vulnerable households and increase their economic capacities in Monguno and Ngala LGAs is improved.

Main activities include:
• Identification of health structures to rehabilitate and/or equip;
• Improve information system management and access to essential drugs in Health structures;
• Encouraging human resources return to improved health structures;
• Training for mothers on MUAC (middle upper arm circumference) screening;
• Treatment of cases of under 5 Severe Acute Malnutrition (with and without medical complications);
• Training of MoH Staff according to Minimum Initial Service Package and national protocols;
• Conduct complicated deliveries in 2 rehabilitated secondary health structures;
• Supporting Health centres with WaSH services;
• Supporting markets with WaSH services;
• Formation and training of WaSH market communities;
• Supporting households during the lean season and for agricultural production;
• Provision of small livestock/fowl to households and support in income-generating activities.

Some accomplishments to date:
• MoU between ALIMA and Hospital Management Board for rehabilitation of Monguno hospital signed and rehabilitation commenced;
• Two PHCs have been rehabilitated in Askira/Uba since 2018;
• Mothers trained on MUAC screening and mass MUAC screening campaigns conducted;
• SAM cases with medical complications treated;
• MoH staff trained according to Minimum Initial Service Package (MISP) and National protocols;
• TBAs network created;
• Detailed WaSH technical assessment was done in June 2018 followed by technical designs for the WaSH infrastructures;
• Waste management committees formed and trained in December 2018 on how to use and maintain the waste within the communities;
• Distribution of seeds, organic manure and organic pesticides;
• Brick incinerator, waste pits and washing area constructed in the Monguno General Hospital;
• Provision of a 3 cubic meter storage tank in ALIMA MCH, Monguno;
• Construction of a block of latrines in MCH, Monguno.
EU SUPPORT TO SUSTAINABLE WASTE MANAGEMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION IN BORNO STATE

Decision date: 24/03/2017
Total budget: 7 MEUR
Implementing period: 3 years (2018 – 2021) (Currently under D+3)
Implementing agency: UNDP
Geographical region: Borno State
Project Manager: Temitayo OMOLE

Objective:
The resilience of conflict-affected people and communities in Borno is rebuilt in a sustainable and environment-friendly way.

This is proposed to be achieved under two components;

• Conflict-affected people in target communities, especially vulnerable people in areas of refuge, return and resettlement have access to sustainable quality basic services related to waste management and hygiene in the areas of refuge, return or resettlement;

• Livelihoods of conflict-affected people in target communities are stabilized through environment and climate-resilient income opportunities related to waste and hygiene management (with a special focus on women, youth and vulnerable households) in a gender sensitive manner.

Expected results:

• Institutional capacity of agencies involved in waste management (BOSEPA & Ministry of Urban Planning) is strengthened for effective waste and hygiene management in a gender-sensitive manner;

• Community awareness regarding hygiene and waste management significantly improved;

• Vulnerable households in target communities are provided with immediate employment opportunities (cash-for-work) in the area of waste management and community hygiene in a gender sensitive manner;

• Vocational and entrepreneurial skill of target populations and vulnerable households in target communities are improved in waste management in a gender sensitive manner.

Main activities:

1. Conduct of key assessments including Feasibility study for waste value chain development;
2. Participatory selection of conflict-affected youth and women for skills development;
3. Design and conduct vocational training and business development advice for at least 2,000 beneficiaries to be employed in waste management value chain;
4. Identification and profiling of the sites to be cleared of debris and waste in the target communities, including the use of satellite-based technology for Bama, Biu and Maiduguri;
5. Immediate income generation through CfW on debris and waste management (12,240 in total, including at least 6,420 female workers);
6. Support 30 communities to avail of one waste sorting and dumping sites in each community and be knowledgeable about the advantages of a clean environment;
7. Provide 2,000 composting units and training of composting to households;
8. Community-based development, with BOSEPA, of waste management and hygiene plans;
9. Support to the operationalization of joint mechanisms for collaboration between BOSEPA, Line Ministries and local community representatives;
10. Capacity building of the Ministry of Urban Planning, especially its Enforcement Unit, for the development and implementation of key policies and procedures;

Main accomplishments to date:

• Waste Management assessment of Maiduguri, Biu and Bama conducted;
• In quarter four (October to December 2019), 659 beneficiaries (385 Male and 274 Female) were registered and provided with cash for work employment opportunity, via clean-up activity in Maiduguri;
• The waste management and hygiene conditions were improved in Ngomari, Linein Hadiza and Hausari communities in Maiduguri;
• In Biu area there are Five wards that were assessed for the current situation of haphazard disposal of waste (i) Dugja (ii) Galdimare (iii) Sil-umthla (iv) Yawi (v) Zarawuyaku, and in these areas about 30 communities were identified.
EARLY RECOVERY FROM CONFLICT AND RESILIENCE BUILDING IN YOBE STATE

Source of funds: 11th EDF (FED 2018/041-261)
Decision date: 29/10/2018
Total budget: 12 MEUR
Implementing period: 3 years (2019 – 2022)
Implementing agencies: Save the Children
Geographical region: Yobe State
Project Manager: Chioma Osuji

Objective:
The main objective of the action is to support early recovery from, and build resilience to conflict in three (3) LGAs (Gujba, Damaturu and Potiskum) in Yobe State.

Expected results:

- Up to 10,000 conflict-affected and vulnerable households receive financial support to access food and basic needs each year;
- Public administration capacity strengthened to deliver the pilot programme, youth-focused social protection programmes beyond the life of award and to develop a State Social Protection Policy;
- Up to 8,000 women and youth are provided with skills linked to diversification of incomes and market opportunities;
- Up to 8,700 vulnerable and displaced households supported with training, inputs and other support to restart agricultural livelihoods and businesses;
- Multi-stakeholder dialogue is opened for increasing state legitimacy, responsiveness, transparency and accountability to its citizens, and for building cohesive, resilient societies that are able to prevent and resolve conflicts. Dialogue is also strengthened at federal level to press for reforms that address some of the underlying drivers of violent extremism in Nigeria.

Main activities:

- Vulnerability needs assessment and conflict sensitivity analysis to identify beneficiaries of a social protection system completed;
- Baseline analysis to inform cash transfer programme feasibility and design completed;
- Mapping and assessment of conflict, gender, community structures and existing services;
- Develop curriculum for conflict resolution and gender sensitive youth programmes;
- Built capacity of traditional and religious leaders, social welfare officers in conflict resolution practices;
- Setting up and facilitation of support sessions for women and girls who have survived Boko Haram related sexual violence;
- Facilitate direct links between farmers, suppliers, & buyers through radio and digital platforms (including providing weather and market updates to farmers);
- Identification and recruitment of community volunteers for delivery of social behaviour change communication and promoting to health services.

Main accomplishments to date:

- Contract has been awarded to Save the Children for 12 MEUR, with work commenced in first quarter 2019;
- Joint launch by both consortiums (Save the Children and Mercy Corps) in conjunction with the State Government took place in June 2019;
- Labour and Rural Market assessments data collection has been completed;
- Registration of farmers for training of modern use of agricultural method completed in focal communities in Damaturu and Potiskum LGAs;
- Identification and registration of pregnant mothers in Damaturu. A total of 3,000 beneficiaries reached in 7 Wards and 51 Communities;
- Commenced the data collection for the mapping and assessment of conflict, community structures and existing services;
- Both consortiums are closely working with the Yobe state Government and in December 2019, letters of appreciation was given to the two (2) partners by the State Emergency Management Agency (SEMA) on behalf of the State Government;
- Reviewed and revived the child protection system in Yobe state;
• Revived the education-in-emergency cluster group meeting in Yobe state working closely with the State Ministry of Education;
• Registration of beneficiaries on cash transfer and social protection aligning with national structure on social protection. In this case, 10,000 beneficiaries registered on the social protection and 2500 registered farmers and youth.
EU SUPPORT TO RECOVERY FROM CONFLICT AND RESILIENCE BUILDING IN YOBE STATE

Source of funds: 11th EDF (FED 2018/041-261)
Decision date: 29/10/2018
Total budget: 14 MEUR
Implementing period: 3 years (2019 – 2022)
Implementing agencies: Mercy Corps
Geographical region: Yobe State
Project Managers: Chioma Osuji

Objective:
The main objective of the action is to support early recovery from, and build resilience to conflict in six (6) LGAs (Gujba, Gulani, Damaturu, Potiskum, Yunusari and Geidam) in Yobe State.

Expected results:
- 28,875 vulnerable members of 30 target communities will have their basic recovery needs met and their resilience capacity strengthened;
- 28,875 vulnerable households receive unconditional cash transfer to meet basic needs;
- 823 women, 823 male, 412 male and 412 female youth (aged 18 to 24) form 248 informal savings and credit groups;
- Send business development cash grants through the informal sector or mobile money operators present in Yobe state to encourage linkage to financial system;
- 75 farmers’ association have long term relationship with premium priced traders, including access to credit for the purchase of seeds and inputs in exchange for advance purchase agreement;
- Influence federal and state level policies for better targeting of social safety net programmes;
- 30 communities brought together, providing a representative interface for dialogue within and between communities, the local authorities and outside institutions.

Main activities:
- Conducted facilitated participatory resource and conflict mapping of the communities;
- Conducted SLGs and financial literacy training for SLGs;
- Provision of business start-up grants for youths;
- Identified and created farmer and livestock associations/ cooperatives for strengthening local farmers;
- Rehabilitation/ Construction of water access points in markets, schools and health centres;
- Facilitate training of trainers modules for Yobe state ADP extension services;
- Multi- stakeholders’ dialogue sessions build connections and trust between community groups, LGA and state officials;
- Coordinate workshops to train community leaders in conflict analysis, negotiation and mediation;
- Facilitate conditional cash transfer or subsidy for purchase of improved seed products.

Main accomplishments to date:
- Contract has been awarded to Mercy Corps for 14 MEUR, with work commenced in second quarter 2019;
- Joint launch by both consortiums (Save the Children and Mercy Corps) in conjunction with the State Government took place in June 2019;
- Both consortiums are closely working with the Yobe state Government and in December 2019, letters of appreciation were given to the two partners by the State Emergency Management Agency (SEMA) on behalf of the State Government;
- Data collection on youth-led labour market assessment completed in all the 6 LGAs;
• Commenced the data collection for the mapping and assessment of community structures and existing services;
• Conflict sensitive assessment data collection completed, awaiting analysis and reporting;
• 26,875 Households identified and registered for cash transfer on Yobe state federal government social investment programme (YESSO);
• Set up community resilience group to support effective implementation of the BRICC programmes through mobilization and sensitization.

(Both consortium are closely working with the Yobe state Government and December 2019, letters of appreciation was given to the two (2) partner by the State Emergency Management Agency (SEMA) on behalf of the State Government. Mapping and assessment of conflict, community structures and existing services conducted).
REGIONAL OPERATIONS (ECOWAS)

Operations 1: Economic Cooperation & Energy

Team Leader: Ms Katrine Thomsen
Objective:
To improve regional private sector competitiveness through the facilitation of trade and investment, and the establishment of a regional quality infrastructure system in the West African region.

Expected results:
Component 1: Improved Business and Investment Climate in West Africa;
Component 2: Support for the implementation of the ECOWAS Quality Policy.

Main activities:
- Detailed assessment of investment entry into the region;
- Development and deployment of a scorecard of economic and statistical data, and legal issues related to investments;
- Strengthening the capacity of the regional organizations and member countries to better address issues identified for investment policy reforms and transfer pricing diagnostics and assistance;
- Conduct of a detailed assessment of the demand for QI services in the region;
- Awareness creation and capacity building supporting Regional Organizations (RO) and member states in developing legal documents relating to consumer protection;
- Support the development of standardisation procedures and the promotion of the standards as well as training of staff of National Standards Bodies;
- Design and establishment of the Regional Accreditation System (RAS);

Main results to date:
- Liberia: Reform Achieved. Special Economic Zone Act of 2017 signed into law on October 9, 2017;
- The ECOWAS Investment Code has been ratified and signed into law and implementation began in 2019;
- 164 transfer pricing audits were launched in the three Project focus countries (Senegal, Nigeria and Liberia), of which M23 have been completed with significant revenue impact;
- Development of national quality policies in West Africa: so far 8 countries have adopted the NQPs out of the 12 validated;
- Legal texts to set up the structures of the Quality Infrastructure Scheme of ECOWAS adopted by the ministers of Member States in charge of quality, specifically the setting up of the ECOWAS Agency for Quality (ECOQUAL);
- Promotion of the ECOWAS Regional Accreditation System started with NINAS & SOAC (sensitization on accreditation at ministerial level in Côte d’Ivoire & Mali); The 1st edition of the ECOWAS Quality Award held on the 30th of June, 2017 in Abidjan;
- The regulation for the operationalization of the West African Quality Infrastructure adopted by the ECOWAS council of Ministers in May 2017.

Main issues:
- Programme implementation phase ended in December 2019;
- We await the final reports from UNIDO and WBG;
- Final Evaluation will be conducted in the second semester of 2020.
SUPPORT TO REGIONAL ECONOMIC INTEGRATION AND TRADE

Source of funds: 10th EDF (CRIS ref: 2013 / 024-212)
Decision date: (FA signature date: 20/12/2013)
Total budget: 22MEUR (EU – 20 MEUR; counterpart - 2 MEUR)
Implementation period: 6 years (2014-2019)
Implementing agency: GIZ and WBG
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: Frank OAKFOR

Objective:
To contribute to the establishment of an effective common market and the gradual integration of the West Africa region into the global economy, leading to increased economic growth and poverty reduction.

Expected results:
Component 1: Improved implementation and coordination of the regional integration process and increased trade and achievement of Customs Union in West Africa;
Component 2: Improved and Facilitated Trade in West Africa.

Main activities:
• Harmonisation of rules, programmes and activities related to regional trade and customs policies;
• Support the formulation of a common trade policy (TP) and capacity building with regard to the implementation of the policies in Member States;
• Support the implementation of the ECOWAS Trade Liberalisation Scheme (ETLS), the adoption and implementation of the West African or ECOWAS Common External Tariff (CET);
• Support for trade facilitation (harmonisation, simplification and minimisation of customs procedures in priority sectors and countries);
• Business Process Mapping and Diagnostics at the Port of Tema and the Port of Monrovia.

Main results to date:
• 15 member countries now applying the ETLS scheme; and the number of products registered under ETLS increased from 1022 to 2697;
• 14 ECOWAS countries implementing CET. With the Exception of Cape Verde, all ECOWAS countries have been applying the CET since February 2017;
• CET trainings (with over 950 persons trained) in Member States conducted and national sensitization workshops conducted for target stakeholders (Media, Civil Society Organisations, Parliamentarians and Private sector – importers and exporters) in 15 ECOWAS Member states;
• Six ECOWAS countries selected as pilot for the project, Benin, Burkina Faso, Côte d’Ivoire, Ghana, Liberia and Niger and key stakeholders identified;
• Three trade corridors benefitting from the Trade Facilitation project viz: Tema (Ghana)–Ouagadougou (Burkina Faso); Abidjan (Côte d’Ivoire)–Ouagadougou (Burkina Faso); and Cotonou (Benin)–Niamey (Niger);
• A web based Trade Information Portal developed and implemented in Côte d’Ivoire;
• Ghanaian government consideration for implementation project's reform recommendations for single window rationalization and checkpoint reduction along the trade corridor to Paga and the application of VAT exemption of port and logistics services charges for transit cargo in line with ECOWAS regulations;
• Pilot Customs Interconnectivity implementation as a proof-of-concept for a wider Regional Customs Interconnectivity Initiative was formally launched and handed over to ECOWAS in May 2019;
• Lessons learnt and experience sharing exercises conducted in Abuja, Nigeria (WATIP) and Bobo, Burkina Faso (IFTWA).
**SUPPORT TO THE WEST AFRICA REGIONAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CENTRE 2 (AFRITAC WEST 2) – PHASE 2**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (CRIS Ref. 2018 / 041-514)

**Decision date:** 14/06/2018 (FA Signature: 25/02/2019)

**Total budget:** 17 MEUR (EU- 5.0 MEUR; counterpart: up to 12 MEUR)

**Implementation period:** 5 years 2019-2024

**Implementing agency:** IMF

**Geographical region:** Cabo Verde, Ghana, Gambia, Nigeria, Sierra Leone

**Project Manager:** Uzo ALUTU

**Objectives:**
EU contributes to the IMF Technical Assistance centres in West Africa (AFRITAC II) Multi-Donor Trust Fund to bring top-of-the-range technical assistance on public finance management, macroeconomic and tax reforms that will spur economic growth, jobs and trade. The following ECOWAS countries will be covered: Cabo Verde, Ghana, Gambia, Nigeria and Sierra Leone.

**Main activities:**
The TA provided by AFRITAC/IMF focused on three main areas:

- Macroeconomic management (public finance management, customs and tax management, debt management and macroeconomic policy);
- The financial system (consolidation of the banking sector regulation and micro-finance) and monetary policy;
- Information Systems and statistics.

**Main results to date:**
- AFRITAC West 2’s capacity building efforts in the region are having a positive impact in member countries;
- The Financing Agreement (FA) for the second phase of the project was signed in February 2019;
- Implementation commenced in May 2019 in order to avoid overlapping with the first phase which ended in May 2019:
- ECOWAS has shown commitment to be more involved in the AFRITAC activities and there are efforts ongoing to involve the regional organisations in some of the events that are organised;
- Under the 2\textsuperscript{nd} phase financing, IMF has included the regional perspective and regional organizations more into the scope of support provided by the centre.
WEST AFRICA COMPETITIVENESS PROGRAMME (PHASE 1&2)

Source of funds: 11th EDF


Decision date: October 2017 and October 2018

Total budget: 120 MEUR

Implementation period: 5 years

Implementing agency: Indirect management with the partner country; with GIZ (in Togo and Nigeria); with ITC (in Senegal and ECOWAS); with UNIDO (in Ghana, The Gambia, Guinea Bissau, Guinea Conakry, Sierra Leone and ECOWAS); with ENABEL in Benin, with UNDP in Cape Verde; with WBG in Mali; with other partners (NGOs, Chambers of Commerce and national institutions / agencies) in Mauritania, Mali, Liberia, The Gambia, Burkina Faso, Benin, Niger, Cote d'Ivoire.

Geographical region: West Africa

Project Manager: Inga Stefanowicz

Objective:
The programme aims to support value chains at national and regional level to promote structural transformation and better access to regional and international markets, while taking into account social and environmental concerns. The proposed action incorporates these priorities and aims to "Strengthen the competitiveness of West Africa and enhance the countries' integration into the regional and international trading system". Specific objectives are to: "improve the performance, growth and contribution to industry, regional trade and exports of selected value chains" and "improve the climate for business at national and regional levels". The programme is implemented with a subsidiarity approach through different components covering ECOWAS and the West African countries.

Expected results/output:
1.1 Competitiveness at firms’ level is improved, especially through the Clusters’ approach;
1.2 Intermediate organisations of the selected value chains are strengthened and service delivery to MSMEs is improved and expanded (quality, norms/standards, new green solutions, market access, etc.);
1.3 Better regional linkages among selected value chain actors are promoted and key regional intermediary organisations are supported;
1.4 Regional quality infrastructure system is strengthened, with a view to promote environmental issues;
2.1 Regional policies in favour of industrial competitiveness are mainstreamed in the country and help enable a business friendly environment;
2.2 Regional policy and framework to improve industrial competitiveness are harmonised, formulated and monitored;
2.3 The capacity of ECOWAS Commission, UEMOA Commission and Member States to successfully manage, coordinate and monitor the programme is strengthened.

Main results to date:
Cabo Verde, Ghana, Cote d'Ivoire, Nigeria, Niger, Togo, Senegal and Sierra Leone were included in phase 1 of the Programme, followed by Benin, Burkina Faso, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Liberia, Mali and Mauritania, in phase 2. The regional-level Programme components, as well as the country-level projects have largely been operationalised in the course of 2019. Two Strategic Steering Committee meetings took place in Abuja, in October 2018 and 2019 respectively. The EU Delegation in Nigeria manages the regional component and the Nigerian component, in addition to playing a coordinating role with all Delegations in the region.
TRADE FACILITATION PROGRAM IN WEST AFRICA (TFWA)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2015/039-046)
Decision date: FA signature: ongoing
Total budget: 20 MEUR (55 M EUR in total with with USAID, NL)
Implementation period: 5 years (2018 – 2023)
Implementing agencies: GIZ, WB
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: Frank OKAFOR

Objectives:
The program aims to improve the free and efficient movement of goods in the region and internationally by reducing the time and cost of trade borne by the private sector in West Africa, and by strengthening regional trading networks' ability to take advantage of these improvements.

Expected Results:
1. Trade facilitation measures improved and more efficiently implemented;
2. More efficient movement of goods along selected corridors;
3. Barriers for small scale traders reduced with an emphasis on improving conditions for women traders.

Main activities:
- Development of regional trade facilitation measures which are aligned with international standards and best practices;
- Capacity building and sensitization programs for the national stakeholders on the newly adopted regional regulations;
- Establishment of a monitoring framework and mechanism to track and support implementation of regional TF measures;
- Policy dialogue platforms at regional and national levels on trade facilitation;
- Support renegotiation of the tariff commitments of Member States at the WTO;
- Support the review of the ETLS regulations and procedures;
- Support the implementation of country-specific risk management system in the selected countries;
- Support better corridor management through bilateral agreements and cooperation;
- Simplification and harmonization of customs and other border agency procedures with a strong monitoring mechanism;
- The training and deployment of the IT solution for customs interconnectivity;
- Capacity building & awareness raising on reducing barrier for women and small-scale traders.

Main Results to date:
- Road Map for the operationalization of the ECOWAS Customs Code developed and adopted by the ECOWAS Commission, supporting the development of a road map and national regulations;
- Graphical upgrade of the ECOWAS Trade Information System (ECOTIS) completed and delivered to the ECOWAS Commission to make information on all the regional policies and national tariffs available;
- Common External Tariff (CET) evaluation conducted to assess level of implementation in ECOWAS countries;
- Comprehensive Corridor Diagnostics conducted in the 6 TFWA focus corridors;
- Draft regional transit regulation finalized and circulated to MS;
- Completed the small-scale cross-border trade (SSCBT) survey along 6 TFWA corridors;
- Supported regional efforts to advance the regional customs interconnectivity initiative SIGMAT;
- A small-scale cross-border trader (SSCBT) survey, which aims to gather quantitative evidence on regional cross-border trade patterns and related challenges, including from a gender perspective, was finalized and a synthesis report was presented at the Technical Committee meeting;
- Support to the ECOWAS Commission to undertake an ex-post impact analysis of the CET in all the ECOWAS Member States (except Cape Verde) to evaluate the impact of the CET on key sectors, products and domestic tax revenue of Member States.
Operations 2: Democracy, Governance & Migration

Team Leader: Clément BOUTILLIER
SUPPORT FOR THE FREE MOVEMENT OF PERSONS AND MIGRATION IN WEST AFRICA

Source of funds: 10th EDF (2013/023-123)
Decision date: 15/10/2012 (FA signature: 09/04/2013)
Total budget: 26.45 MEUR (EU - 26 MEUR; counterpart - 0.45 MEUR)
Implementing period: 81 Months (31/05/2013 to 28/02/2020 a no-cost extension is ongoing until 31/08/2020)
Implementing agency: IOM, ICMPD, ILO
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: Eleni ZERZELIDOU

Objective: The overall objective is to improve free movement of persons and migration management in West Africa by supporting the effective implementation of the ECOWAS Free Movement of Person's Protocols and the ECOWAS Common Approach on Migration.

Main results to date:
Expected results:
• Strengthen the capacities of the ECOWAS Commission to lead an intra-regional dialogue on free movement and migration issues and act as a platform for policy development and harmonisation;
• Strengthen the capacities of national institutions of ECOWAS Member States and Mauritania in the areas of migration data management, migration policy development, border management, labour migration and counter trafficking;
• Non-state Actors and local Authorities are actively engaged in information and protection activities for the benefit of migrant and cross-border populations.

Main activities:
• Capacity-building activities of the two key ECOWAS Commission Directorates: Free Movement of Persons and Humanitarian and Social Affairs;
• Develop guidelines on regional and national referral mechanisms of ECOWAS network of national focal points;
• Capacity-building activities targeting key institutional counterparts at the national level through a Demand Driven Facility;
• Support projects of non-State Actors and Local Authorities;
• Recruitment of 3 ECOWAS Staff.

Main accomplishments to date:
• Successfully conducted Annual Migration Dialogue for West Africa (MIDWA) meetings and the set-up of framework for MIDWA institutions (WG/Secretariat) in collaboration with ECOWAS;
• Conducted two policy oriented studies on pastoralism and irregular migration that contributed to ECOWAS position paper for the 2015 Valetta meeting;
• 12 national migration profiles that led to the current development of the Regional migration profile;
• Development of a draft Regional Migration Policy;
• Provided capacity buildings and skills development on migration policy development and management for national institutions (1 regional training and 3 nationals trainings in Guinea, Ghana and Benin);
• Strengthened capacity and coordination to monitor and report on member states’ implementation of the ECOWAS Free Movement Protocols. A monitoring and evaluation mechanism, as well as guidelines and training materials for implementation developed;
• Recruitment of 3 ECOWAS Staff completed;
• 3 Heads of Immigration meetings organized;
- A comprehensive Regional Border Management and Free Movement training package for the ECOWAS Commission and the Member States;
- Successful finalization of the ECOWAS TIP action plan;
- ECOWAS Annual Synthesis Report on Trafficking in Persons;
- Exchange visit of 6 senior officials of Togolese Government in charge of implementing the national labour migration strategy study visit to Tunisia;
- Technical validation of the national referral mechanism for victims in Niger;
- Organisation of the first meeting between the Nigerien Agency in charge of combating trafficking (ANLTP) and NAPTIP in Abuja;
- 4 national step-down trainings (Cote d’Ivoire, Mali, Niger and Sierra Leone) for a total of 100 border Officials on the ECOWAS Border Management and Free Movement Manuals;
- Finalised the Movie Production on Free Movement;
- Supported PAIGAS outreach activities on irregular migration in 6 NYSC Orientation camps in Nigeria (Edo, Delta, Lagos, Kano, Jigawa and Ogun);
- Regional Steering Committee meeting on the operationalisation of the Regional Monitoring Mechanism on Free Movement of Inter-State Buses, Persons and Goods.
Operations 3 – Health, Nutrition, Resilience & EUTF

Team Leader: Montse PANTALEONI
A WEST AFRICAN RESPONSE TO EBOLA (AWARE)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2014/37785)
Decision date: 28/11/2014
Total budget: 30.4MEUR (EU – 28MEUR; Others – 2.4 MEUR)
Implementation period: 3 years (2014 – 2017)
Implementing agency: Various
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: Anthony AYEKE

Objective:
Overall objective is to mitigate the negative effects of the Ebola outbreak and contribute to the recovery of the most affected countries in West Africa.

Expected results:
- Component 1: National health systems in affected countries are strengthened, including disease surveillance measures, early warning systems and improved epidemic preparedness measures;
- Component 2: Vulnerable households are more resilient through improved food and nutrition security with a reinforced capacity to sustainably produce and access food and improved access to clean water and sanitation;
- Component 3: Awareness on Ebola among families and communities is improved and behavioural change is noted both to prevent Ebola, as well as strengthen survivors;
- Component 4: Improved capacity at regional, national and local levels to coordinate Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) and post-EVD interventions.

Main activities:
- Enhance the capacity of health workers to detect and respond quickly to new cases of Ebola;
- Assist the resumption of small scale agriculture including provision of inputs to rebuild livelihoods;
- Intensive, community-level outreach to tackle rumours and counter misconceptions about the disease;
- Reinforce coordination mechanisms including technical assistance for studies, M&E, etc.

Main issues (EMlab contract No. 371-110)
Status – Project ended 31/12/2016:
- EMLab contract No. 371-110 closed successfully in CRIS;
- FCA and HQ facilitated Guinea Conakry request to fund an audit from Decision Budget line allotted;
- Final payment processed with help of HQ;
- Containment of the spread of the Ebola virus disease in the West African Region;
- All due reports under the contract (inception, interim, final and evaluation) received and approved;
- Additional brand new mobile lab now delivered;
- EMLab_BNI project linked up with ISTH and NCDC for in-country continuity beyond the project;
- BNI-ISTH met Sept.2017 with NCDC CEO on modalities for deployment of EMlab;
- 1st West Afrian Sub-regional Training on Mobile Lab deployment for Outbreak response June 2019.

Next Steps:
- Still awaiting ISTH to provide feedback to the EUD on the June Training Workshop on Mobile Lab Deployment;
- Final Evaluation of the AWARE Decision is tentatively now planned for Q1/Q2 2020;
- Uncommitted/unused funds under the Decision/contracts to be decommitted;
- Dissemination of Project results and possibly sharing of lessons learned vis regional peer review.
SUPPORT TO THE REGIONAL CENTRE FOR DISEASE SURVEILLANCE AND CONTROL IN THE ECOWAS ZONE (ECOWAS-RCDSC)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2017/40214)
Decision date: 17/10/2017
Total budget: EUR 5m (EU - EUR 5m; Others - EUR 1.1m)
Implementation period: 3 years (2017 – 2020)
Implementing agency: GIZ
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: Anthony AYEKE

Objective:
The overall objective of this project is to improve the functioning of country specific monitoring/surveillance networks, and detection and warning systems in the event of diseases with epidemic nature within the ECOWAS region.

Expected results:
- Needs are identified for coordination, information exchange, training for the NCI/RSCDC network;
- Inter-country exchange fora are organised alternatively in the countries of the sub-region;
- Trainings targeted on the identified needs are organised for NCI managers;
- Inter-country evaluations are conducted on the performance and needs of the INC/RSCDC network;
- Inter-country evaluation reports are produced in partnership with the INC, WAHO and WHO.

Main activities:
- First Steering Committee under the RCDSC held in November 2019;
- Project with GIZ was formally launched in 22-23 January 2019 at Bobo Dioulasso, Burkina Faso;
- Info point session for wider audience on project launch took place in Brussels, February 2019;
- Inception workshop with all key stakeholders held in Abuja in April 2019;
- Workshop at ECOWAS in May 2018 to facilitate preparation of the PAGoDA with GIZ;
- Organise joint evaluations of the operation and needs of the NCIs (National Coordinating Institutes);
- Organise joint evaluations of the operation and needs of the network;
- Organise trainings for and in the countries of the sub-region;
- Advocate for the integration in the NCIs of the activities connected to the health risks;
- Production and dissemination of reports;
- Contract with GIZ for EUR 4m finalised with counter-signatures and first pre-financing paid.

Main accomplishments:
- Preliminary request for budget reallocation under consideration;
- Inception report received end June 2019;
- FA signed in February 2018.

Next steps/Status:
- Follow up on rider request;
- Follow up submission of FWC final payment request (by FWC – 395-838);
- Project monitoring mission to Liberia foreseen for Q2 2020;
- Second request for payment foreseen in Q1.
**SUPPORT TO THE REGIONAL ACTION PLAN AGAINST FRUIT FLIES**

**Source of funds:** 10th EDF (CRIS Ref. 2013/023-707)

**Decision date:** 07/11/2013 (FA signature: 19/05/2014)

**Total budget:** 23.5 MEUR – (EU 17.0 MEUR; counterpart - up to 6.5MEUR)

**Implementation period:** 6 years (2014-2020)

**Implementing agency:** Agence Française de Développement (AFD)

**Geographical region:** Benin, Burkina Faso, Côte d’Ivoire, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Mali, Senegal

**Project Manager:** Temitayo OMOLE

**Objectives:**

The overall objective is to improve the incomes of producers of fruits and vegetables, contributing to the reduction of poverty and increased food security. The project aims at limiting losses on fruits and vegetables due to infestation of fruit flies.

**Expected results:**

- Monitoring of fruit flies is organized nationally and regionally coordinated to allow effective and targeted control;
- Establish an effective fight against the proliferation and damage caused by the fruit fly.

**Main results to date:**

- All annual reports have been submitted and approved;
- The visibility study and an audit mission have been completed;
- The mid-term evaluation review took place in 2017;
- The monitoring system has been established in several countries;
- The first surveillance alert announcing the opening of the 2017-2018 mango export campaign took place during the second week of March 2018 for Burkina Faso, Benin, Ghana, Côte d’Ivoire, Guinée and Mali. The mango campaign for Senegal and Gambia should begin in June;
- Two new countries have been fully integrated in the program: Nigeria and Guinea Bissau;
- In June 2018, EDF funding commitment rate of 86% and disbursement rate of 55% to lead to full absorption of funds (via AFD) by the end of the implementation period;
- Joint budget review with CORAF following the Addenda to the Delegation Agreement and the Financial Agreement approved by ECOWAS, AFD and EU;
- The Regional and National monitoring plan for 2018-19 has been drawn;
- Installation of traps and collection of data at national level have been concluded in Guinea, Senegal, Togo, Benin and Burkina Faso → 5 out of11 countries with a national surveillance system;
- Feedback and validation of the ToRs submitted by the NC’s for the execution of monitoring activities;
- Regional Overview Campaign Workshop held in Abidjan in December 2018;
- The monitoring equipment is in place and the region wide sampling system is operational at 94%;
- Final Evaluation to be submitted on 31 July, 2019;
- Adoption of the second phase of the Fruit flies project fundd by the DCI in close coordination with DEVCO C.1.

**Main activities:**

- Organize national and regional coordination of the monitoring of the rate of infestation;
- Control: coordinate regionally and support actions against fruit flies at national level;
- Applied research: support the operationalization of improved surveillance and control techniques;
- Capacity building for national, public and private organizations in surveillance and control;
- Final evaluation conducted in 2019.
EU SUPPORT FOR THE PRESERVATION OF FOREST ECOSYSTEMS IN CROSS RIVER STATE, NIGERIA (PREFEC)

Source of funds: 040-614 - Programme d’Appui pour la Préservation des écosystèmes Forestiers en Afrique de l’Ouest (PAPFor)

Decision date: 10/12/2018

Total budget: 2 MEUR (EU)

Implementing period: 4 years (2020 – 2023) (Currently under - D+3)

Implementing agency: Wildlife Conservation Society (WCS)

Geographical region: Cross River State

Project Manager: Temitayo OMOLE

Objective:
The project aims to protect the environment and the biodiversity against the effect of climate change. Conservation actions will also include the use of applied research to generate sound information to help protected area managers deal with increasingly serious and complex threats, withstand increasingly detailed scrutiny, enhance public understanding, foster cooperation with outside scientists and other agencies and help secure greater international recognition. The project will work on system strengthening through the design and implementation of a monitoring program (ecological, socio-economic, law enforcement) to measure progress towards our conservation objectives.

Expected results:
• Protection of 364,000 hectares of forest within Cross River National Park in order to safeguard habitat for important populations of the Cross River gorilla, Nigeria-Cameroon chimpanzees and forest elephants.

Main activities:
• Reduce levels of poaching through support for regular anti-poaching patrols by park rangers, ranger training, improved equipment, intelligence gathering and surveillance, arrest bonuses, contribution to court proceedings and sentencing;
• develop/rehabilitate park infrastructure to support security and wildlife protection, including ranger posts, access roads, boundaries and communication systems;
• Ensure the review and validation of the Cross River National Park management plan in accordance with internationally accepted standards;
• Develop a transboundary conservation agreement/MoU between the governments of Nigeria and Cameroon, ensure that it is formally signed and implementation initiated and monitored.
• Work with UNESCO and Nigeria’s National Commission on Museums and Monuments to develop and support a proposal for the creation of a joint ‘Transboundary World Heritage Site’ between Cross River NP in Nigeria and Takamanda NP and Korup NP in Cameroon.
• Plan and implement an environmental education program and raise levels of public awareness through support for school conservation clubs and the use of targeted conservation films, radio drama, and other messaging tools as appropriate.
• Improve the overall management effectiveness of targeted protected areas in the region through use of the Management Effectiveness Tracking Tool method.

Main accomplishments to date:
• The project was signed in December 2020. Official launching will take place in the 1st quarter of 2020.
• Preliminary discussions established with the French Embassy to leverage on additional support to expand the conservation efforts.
EU SUPPORT TO ECOWAS REGIONAL PEACE, SECURITY AND STABILITY MANDATE (EU-ECOWAS PSS)

Source of funds: 10th EDF (CRIS ref: 2013/022-795)
Decision date: 30/07/2013 (FA signature: 22/11/2013)
Total budget: 29.33 MEUR (EU - 27 MEUR; counterpart - 2.33 MEUR)
Implementing period: 84 months (2013–2020)
Implementing agencies: ECOWAS (grant), Technical Assistance (service contract), UNDP Nigeria (contribution agreement on small arms collection) Small grants to CSOs in the support of peace-building activities

Geographical region: West Africa
Project Managers: Enobong MOMA

Objectives:
The Overall Objective of the intervention is to contribute to building and maintaining Peace, Security and Stability in West Africa to ensure conditions of development by supporting the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) to execute its conflict prevention and resolution mandate in a sustainable way.

Expected results:
- Strengthened institutional and managerial capacity of the ECOWAS Commission, i.e. the Department for Political Affairs, Peace and Security and the Peace Fund, to effectively execute its peace and security mandate;
- Plans of Action of selected components of the ECOWAS Conflict Prevention Framework (ECPF) developed and implemented.

Main activities:
- Training and capacity building activities of ECOWAS Commission Department for Political Affairs, Peace and Security and Peace Fund to coordinate, plan and manage activities and resources and strengthen internal expertise in selected thematic areas of the ECPF;
- Enhancing the capacity of the ECOWAS Standby Force.

Main accomplishments to date
- Recruitment of 6 Professional Staff (Maritime Security and Safety Officer, Head of Mission support component, Head of Civilian component, Programme Officer Rostering and Training; Maritime Legal and Policy officer and Stockpiling Management Specialist);
- Validation meetings for reports of the 4 short term experts' missions – mapping of CSOs active in the Peace and Security area in West Africa; review of business processes at PAPS; development of a web-based monitoring and evaluation system and elaboration of plans of action for the 15 components of the ECPF;
- Support to security sector reform in the Gambia via the deployment of a medium-term Technical Assistant (TA);
- Three small grants to CSOs on cross-border peace-building initiatives in Nigeria and Mali have been successfully implemented. Two of the grants were to address issues related to peacebuilding activities, particularly as regards the ongoing Farmer/Herdsmen conflicts in the selected states in Nigeria;
- Regional workshop on the role of the Media in Peace and Security held successfully;
- Launch of the ECOWAS Conflict Prevention Framework Plans of Action conducted successfully;
- Member States Validation Workshop on 3 ECOWAS Standby Force Draft Documents at held in January 2019.
SUPPORT TO ECOWAS PUBLIC FINANCE MANAGEMENT REFORMS

Source of funds: 10th EDF (CRIS reference: 2013/021-523)
Decision date: 22/07/2013 (FA signature date: 22.11.2013)
Total budget: 9.8 MEUR (EU – 8.9 MEUR; counterpart – 0.9MEUR)
Implementation period: 22/11/2013 – 11/16/2020
(GOPA-05/02/2016-02/12/2018); (ECORYS-20/08/2016 – 11/06/2020)
Implementing agency: Partially decentralised management with ECOWAS (Support from Technical Assistance Teams comprising of ECORYS (Result 1) and GOPA (Results 2 & 3))
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: Enobong MOMA

Objectives: The objective is to support the ECOWAS Commission in implementing its regional strategy and pursuing its mandate in a more effective way, through a better management of its resources.

Expected results:
• Capacities of selected horizontal directorates of the ECOWAS Commission are strengthened and institutional reforms are supported to ensure compliance of ECOWAS procedures with international standards related to the 9 pillars (including accounting, auditing, internal control, HR and procurement);
• The ECOWAS Commission has an enhanced capacity to fulfil its role of Regional Authorising Officer (RAO) in the implementation of 10th EDF projects in compliance with the applicable financial and contractual procedures;
• ECOWAS Commission ensures efficient monitoring of the 10th EDF projects, in coordination with the West African Economic and Monetary Union (WAEMU) Commission and in the context of improved coherence with other donors’ interventions.

Main accomplishments to date:
• Support to the relevant Directorates of the ECOWAS Commission towards meeting the requirements to pass the 9 pillar assessment;
• Support towards operationalizing the office of the Auditor General (AG) concretized in March 2018, with the appointment of the first AG of the ECOWAS Commission as well as enhancement of Internal and programme performance Audit capacities;
• Establishment of a regulatory framework through the development of ECOWAS Financial Regulations, Grant Code and Procurement Code. Staff regulations and the procurements procedure;
• Strengthened capacities of the procurement division in contractual procedures through targeted technical assistance (tender launch, evaluation and contract award; programme estimate preparations);
• Improved coordination between projects, procurement division and the finance directorate;
• Strengthening of systems and processes to facilitate an internal quality control system for the submission of payments;
• Training on EDF financial and contractual procedures provided for ECOWAS staff in the finance and procurement divisions as well as implementing directorates;
• Preparing the integration of the mechanism for monitoring the 10th and 11th EDF RIP projects (in Ecolink Business Information (BI) solution: format, data requirements, quality control on reports for the BI platform, responsibilities, etc.).
11TH EDF TECHNICAL COOPERATION FACILITY I (TCF I)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2016/039-578)
Decision date: 30/11/2016
Total budget: EUR 4.3 M - (2M EUR decommitted towards increasing the budget for 11th EDF Institutional Support to ECOWAS)
Implementation period: 03/02/2017 - 03/02/2021
Implementing agency: ECOWAS and UEMOA
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: Enobong MOMA

Objectives:
The overall objective is the support for the identification, drafting and implementation of the RIP. Mobilisation of short-, medium- and long-term expertise as well as studies and seminars.

Expected results:
• The successful identification of programmes to be supported under the RIP;
• The successful formulation and preparation of programmes to be supported under the RIP;
• Production of sector studies that will assist in increasing the performance and efficiency of ongoing and future programming;
• Increased understanding of development and trade issues by key actors through the organization of seminars and trainings.

Main activities:
• Technical Assistance Facility (TAF) – a facility for the engagement of short to medium term consultants to assist in the main stages of the project cycle to ensure the effective implementation of the Regional Indicative Programme (RIP);
• Conferences and Seminars and Training Support for Projects & Programmes – this will finance various educational actions such as seminars or awareness-raising activities prior to or during the formulation/implementation of a project or programme – for example a Project Cycle Management workshop of stakeholders in a sector identified in the RIP.

Main accomplishments to date:
• Final signature for TCF I obtained from UEMOA in January 2017. Use of funds has effectively begun;
• Funding from the TCF has supported a number of identification and formulation missions of 11th EDF programmes and also provided support towards the high level Strategic Steering Committee meetings (COS) between ECOWAS, UEMOA and the EU;
• Contribution towards the establishment of the RAO support unit by financing the Technical Assistance charged with oversight of its activities.
INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT TO ECOWAS

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2018/41-268)
Decision date: 04/02/2019  FA Signature date 08/06/2019
Total budget: 4MEUR
Implementation period: 08/06/2019 - 08/06/2023
Implementing agency: GIZ
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: Enobong MOMA

Objectives:
The overall objective of this action is to enhance the effectiveness, efficiency and impact of EU aid in West Africa by certifying the ECOWAS Commission and the ECOWAS Bank for Investment and Development (EBID) for management of EU funding. The programme also aims to improve the coordination and monitoring of the Regional Indicative Programmes and other EU-funded regional interventions through the activities of the ECOWAS Regional Authorizing Officer (RAO) Support Unit (RAO-SU).

Expected results:
- Enhancement of internal administrative, financial and control systems at the ECOWAS Commission and EBID;
- Strengthened capacities of the identified directorates of the ECOWAS Commission and EBID in order to ensure compliance with international standards related to the EU pillars;
- Capacities and knowledge of the RAO-SU and technical directorates for managing and administering the project cycle for regional EDF and other EU resources are enhanced;
- The capacity and mechanisms for policy dialogue and programming between ECOWAS Commission, EU and other development partners are improved;
- Mechanisms for intra-ECOWAS and EBID and external coordination with the EU and development partners are strengthened;
- Knowledge and participation of the ECOWAS Commission in EU and global dialogue in areas of mutual interest are developed and continued;
- Transparency and awareness of the use of EU resources is ensured.

Main activities:
The FA has been signed and the formulation Description of the Action currently being finalized by GIZ. Signature of Contribution Agreement anticipated before the end of first quarter 2020.
Support to ECOWAS Regional Action Plan on Illicit Drug Trafficking, Related Organised Crime and Drug Abuse in West Africa

Source of funds: 10th EDF (CRIS ref: 2013/022-263)
Decision date: 29/07/2013 (FA signature: 22/11/2013)
Total budget: 16.5 MEUR (no counterpart funding)
Implementing period: 57 months, until October 2019 (12 month extension)
Implementing agencies: UNODC + ECOWAS Commission (Direct grant award)
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Managers: Enobong MOMA

Objective:
The overall objective is to contribute to a reduction of drug abuse, illicit drug trafficking and related organised crime in West Africa.

Expected outcome:
- Improved ECOWAS advocacy, monitoring and coordination capacity;
- Regional policies and advocacy is informed by evidence-based studies;
- The development and sharing of practices and experiences enable the emerging of more specialized expertise in drug prevention and treatment in West Africa;
- Reformed national institutional and legal frameworks and improved sub-regional, regional and international cooperation.

Main activities:
- Database on all legal instruments, Drug control Institutions and CSO/Youth/media networks in West Africa available (1.2.1, 1.2.2);
- Setting-up and implementing an effective policy advocacy scheme for the regional ECOWAS action plan against drugs.

Main accomplishments to date:
After four years of implementation, the programme can present the following achievements reflecting an integrated approach targeting both drug demand and drug supply and involving regional, national and local authorities as well as CSOs:

Legal assessment:
- M&E Missions on implementation of the ECOWAS Action Plan on Illicit Drug Trafficking, Drug Abuse and Related Organized Crimes conducted in the 15 Member States and Mauritania completed in 2018 and Individual Country Reports produced;
- Status report on the implementation of the ECOWAS Action Plan to address illicit drug trafficking, drug abuse and organized crime in West Africa - 2016-2020 produced;

Data collection and analysis:
- ECOWAS & UNODC produced the First West African Epidemiology Report on Illicit Drug Use and Supply (2014-2017) through the establishment of 2 national contact points per country;
- National Chapters of West African Epidemiology Network on Drug Use (WENDU) were launched in Benin, Niger, and Togo with about 210 Health professionals and CSOs representatives trained resulting in increase in epidemiology data representation consistency and accuracy by 80% in 2018;

Support to legal reforms:
- Legal Instruments and Institutional Frameworks on Drug Prevention and Control in the 15 ECOWAS Member States and Mauritania were compiled and a synthesized Regional Report with recommendations for follow up actions produced.

Support to CSOs and healthcare professionals to better address drug demand:
- Three Networks for the Media, Youth and Civil Society Organisations for drug prevention established and operational;
- Training for healthcare professionals and representatives of CSOs on the Universal Treatment Curriculum of the Drug Advisory Program (Colombo Plan) held for about 20 in Togo and 22 in Burkina Faso;

Support to Law Enforcement Agencies:
- ECOWAS-INTERPOL joint Training and Operations held in Niger, Nigeria, The Gambia and Guinea resulting in the seizure of several tons of illicit drugs, psychoactive substances and counterfeit pharmaceuticals.
ORGANISED CRIME: WEST AFRICAN RESPONSE TO TRAFFICKING (OCWAR – T)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2017/040-389)
Decision date: 11/12/2017 (FA Signature date: 27/02/2018)
EU Contribution: 19.4 MEUR (+ 5 MEUR from Germany)
Implementation period: 2019 - 2023
Implementation modalities: PAGoDA with EU MS Agency (GIZ)
Project Managers: Enobong MOMA (Small Arms Component); Eleni ZERZELIDOU (Trafficking);

Objectives:
The overarching objective of the three OCWAR programmes (M/T/C) is to strengthen coordination and cooperation to deal with insecurity and other specific threats to peace and stability in the region. OCWAR-T specifically aims to improve national and regional framework conditions and structures for combatting trafficking in persons, drugs, firearms and other commodities as well as transnational organised crime and terrorism.

Expected results:
• Enhanced national capacities of criminal intelligence and investigation task forces to conduct complex investigations into Transnational Organised Crime (TOC) and trafficking and foster cooperation and contacts across the region in order to more effectively dismantle the structure of organised crime groups;
• Reduced illicit trafficking of small arms and light weapons (SALW) by strengthening regional and cross-border cooperation, improving national framework conditions, structures and capacities in the field of SALW control, and reducing the availability and proliferation of SALW at the community level with a focus on border communities;
• Strengthened regional and national planning, coordination and monitoring capacities with regard to the implementation of the ECOWAS Plan of Action against Trafficking in Persons (TIP) in West Africa and improved regional dialogue and cooperation in this field;
• Improved knowledge base, legal foundations and independent oversight mechanisms to facilitate efforts towards harmonisation of legal instruments in the ECOWAS region, as a pre-condition for better cooperation in the fight against trafficking and TOC.

Main accomplishments:
• The project is in an extended inception phase with activities expected to start early 2020;
• Memoranda of Understanding have been signed with implementing partners: UNODC, MAG, UNDP and ICMPD.
**SUPPORT TO WEST AFRICA, GULF OF GUINEA MARITIME SECURITY (SWAIMS)**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (CRIS ref 2015/038-919)

**Decision date:** 25 July 2017 (FA signature: 05/09/2017)

**Total Budget:** 29 MEUR (EU Contribution: 29 MEUR)

**Implementation period:** 4 years (2019-2022)

**Implementing Agencies:** ECOWAS/Project Management Unit (Human Dynamics), UNODC, Interpol, GIABA (Senegal), EU MS Agency Camoes (Abuja); RMU (Ghana); ARSTM (Côte d'Ivoire)

**Geographical region:** West Africa

**Project Manager:** SOLKIEWICZ Urszula

**Objectives:**

The overall objective is to contribute to supporting the ECOWAS Integrated Maritime Strategy and improving maritime security and safety in the Gulf of Guinea through a combined approach in legal, technical and operational activities in the region.

**Expected results:**

- Strengthened integrated maritime governance, policies, laws and systems to support maritime security (on the political, strategic, administrative and operational levels);
- Developed and adopted laws, policies, Memoranda of Agreement for prosecution and adjudication of maritime crimes;
- Strengthened law enforcement operational capacities and responses;
- Assessed illicit financial circuits generated by maritime crime;
- Strengthened regional operational training;
- Establishment of an equipment facility to provide essential equipment, training and maintenance.

**Main Activities:**

- Carrying out legal assessment missions to collect, verify and develop the existing legal texts;
- Conducting legal training on translational organized crime at sea;
- Providing data-sharing mechanism to share maritime criminal data at the regional level;
- Providing essential equipment for use at sea and on land, along with associated training of the maritime law enforcement staff on use and maintenance.

**Main accomplishments:**

- Field missions were conducted to Multinational Coordination Centers in order to assess the needs for equipment.
WEST AFRICA POLICE INFORMATION SYSTEM 3 (WAPIS 3 EDF)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2015/038-921)
Total Budget: 27,650 MEUR
Implementation period: 55 months (17 November 2017 to 14 June 2022)
Implementation modalities: Contribution Agreement with Interpol
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: CLAUDE Anne-Catherine (DEL ABIDJAN)

Objectives:
The overall objective is to support the strengthening of police information systems in the broader West Africa region. It entails harmonising and structuring the national and regional management police information, increasing the capability of the West Africa law enforcement community to collect police data and enhancing the global information sharing between West African law enforcement community and the global one.

Expected Results:
- The WAPIS system is implemented at national level including through the provision of operational and technical support and training;
- The WAPIS regional data sharing platform is developed and implemented in cooperation with the ECOWAS Commission and ECOWAS Member States (and possibly Mauritania);
- The national WAPIS systems are linked up with Interpol channels through Interpol National Central Bureaus;
- The ECOWAS Member States (and possibly Mauritania) have adopted the required legal framework at national and regional levels;
- The WAPIS system is handed over to the national and regional authorities.

Main accomplishments:
- WAPIS programme handed over IT equipment for digitalization of paper-based data to Togo authorities, with the participation of the INTERPOL Planning and Development Director and the EU Ambassador (5 November 2019, Lomé, Togo);
- 22 November 2019, the national WAPIS system in Niger was officially connected to INTERPOL I-24/7 system, giving national WAPIS users direct access to INTERPOL global databases of stolen motor vehicles, stolen and lost travel documents (22 November 2019, Niamey, Niger);
- The fourth Steering Committee meeting took place in Abidjan on 26-27 November 2019 with the participation of all the countries involved and put forward a set of recommendations to the beneficiary countries;
- The Minister of Justice of Guinea Bissau handed over the signed MoU between the Government of Guinea Bissau and Interpol setting the basis of the cooperation between the two entities regarding the implementation of the WAPIS Programme (27 November 2019, Abidjan, Cote d’Ivoire).
Objectives:
The overall objective of PESCAO is to enhance the contribution of fisheries resources to sustainable development, food security and poverty alleviation in West Africa. The specific objective is to improve regional fisheries governance in Western Africa through better coordination of national fisheries policies.

Expected Results:
- A Western African fisheries and aquaculture policy is developed and coordination of regional stakeholders is improved;
- Prevention of and responses to IUU fishing are strengthened through improved Monitoring, Control and Surveillance (MCS) at national and regional level;
- Marine resources management at the regional level is improved, building resilience of marine and coastal ecosystems to perturbations.

Main Accomplishments (Support to ECOWAS):
- Information on fisheries in West Africa has been collected and a reference database is being created;
- A joint Technical Committee between PESCAO and SWAIMS was held in May 2019 to support coordination and synergies in the area of maritime security and IUU fishing;
- Signature of the MoU between ECOWAS and WORLDFISH was completed in September 2019;
- Establishment of the Nigeria WANSARA national platform was completed in September 2019;
- ECOWAS Comprehensive Strategic Framework for sustainable Fisheries and Aquaculture Development (CSFS FAD) was endorsed by the Department of Agriculture and Rural Development (DARD)/ECOWAS and validated by Directors of Fisheries and Aquaculture in West Africa, on 9-10 October 2019 in Lomé, Togo;
- Two projects were prepared for the DARD on improved landing sites and regional aquaculture development programme.

Main Accomplishments (Support to Ghana and Senegal):
- Identification of the international and regional fisheries legal framework was conducted applicable to the area of the Subregional Fisheries Commission (SRFC)/Fisheries Committee for the West Central Gulf of Guinea (FCWC), including Regional Fisheries Management Organisations (RFMOs), international and regional legal acts and/or conventions;
- The Copernicus system was implemented throughout the SRFC joint campaign to support the operational activities, 1st campaign completed;
- Use of new technologies - 3 patrol vessels were deployed, 41 inspections have been carried out and 6 instances of non-compliance detected;
- A joint campaign “the KUTA inspection” was carried out in May 2019 to deter illegal, undocumented and unregulated fishing and track illegal vessels. The inspection covered the exclusive economic zone (EEZ) of Guinea Bissau, Guinea and Sierra Leone;
- Signature of Memorandum of Understanding between European Fisheries Control Agency (EFCA) - Subregional Fisheries Commission - Fisheries Committee for the West Central Gulf of Guinea and the International Security Management Institute (ISMI) on training of fish inspectors.
**WEST AFRICAN RESPONSE ON CYBERSECURITY AND FIGHT AGAINST CYBERCRIME (OCWAR – C)**

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2017/040-386)
Decision date: 11/12/2017 (FA Signature date:27/02/2018)
EU Contribution: 7.5 MEUR
Implementation period: 48 months (21 January 2019 to 20 January 2023)
Implementation modalities: EU MS Agency (Expertise France)
Geographical region: West Africa
Project Manager: Urszula SOLKIEWICZ

Objectives:
Globally, the OCWAR programme supports regional initiatives to address the main threats to peace, security and stability by strengthening coordination and cooperation in security; and by implementing programmes to deal with other specific threats facing the region. OCWAR C concentrates specifically on enhancing cybersecurity and combat cybercrime in the ECOWAS region.

**Expected results (Resilience and robustness of information infrastructure)**
- Strategic framework enhancing technical, operational and analytic expertise of national institutions concerned with cybersecurity is established;
- Cybersecurity awareness and better comprehension of the governance of the internet are improved;
- Capacities to handle computer security incidents for 2 pilot countries are enhanced;
- Compliance with human rights and the rule of law for 2 pilot countries is strengthened;
- Strategic framework to implement Public Key Infrastructure for 2 pilot countries is analysed.

**Expected results (Capacities of relevant stakeholders in charge of fight against cybercrime)**
- Legal framework enabling citizens to enjoy the digital dividends of an open, free, secure and resilient cyberspace is improved;
- Capacities to respond to cybercrime cases for 2 pilot countries are enhanced.

Main activities:
- Establishing a strategic framework enhancing technical, operational and analytic expertise of national institutions concerned with cybersecurity;
- Improving cybersecurity awareness and empowerment of stakeholders to secure the internet at national and regional levels;
- Enhancing capacities to handle computer security incidents for 2 pilot countries;
- Strengthening compliance with human rights and the rule of law for 2 pilot countries;
- Analyse strategic framework to implement Public Key Infrastructure for 2 pilot countries;
- Improve legal framework enabling citizens to enjoy the digital dividends of an open, free, secure and resilient cyberspace;
- Enhancing Capacities to respond to cybercrime cases for 2 pilot countries.

Main accomplishments:
- 14 Beneficiary countries have designated their focal points for the implementation of the OCWAR-C’s activities in national level;
- Organisation of the 1st workshop of the Regional Technical Committee to draft the regional cybersecurity strategy, on November 2019;
- The cybercrime bills of Sierra Leone and The Gambian have been reviewed and analysed in close coordination with the EU project Global Action on Cybercrime Extended (GLACY)+;
- 13 law enforcement agents, coming from the 8 beneficiary countries have been trained on: Concepts of cyberterrorism, cyber-activism, cyber-jihadism and cybercrime (intervention of experts on radicalization), Surveillance and infiltration doctrines; Operating methods and monitoring of intelligence in a digital environment; Software and digital interfaces, on child pornography and its penal repression.
ORGANISED CRIME: WEST AFRICAN RESPONSE TO MONEY LAUNDERING AND THE FINANCING OF TERRORISM (OCWAR – M)

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2017/040-388)
Decision date: 11/12/2017 (FA Signature date: 27/02/2018)
EU Contribution: 6.75 MEUR
Implementation period: 2018 - 2022
Implementation modalities: PAGoDA with EU MS Agency (Expertise France)
Project Manager: Ilaria MUSSETTI (DEL DAKAR)

Objectives:
Globally, the OCWAR programme supports regional initiatives to address the main threats to peace, security and stability by strengthening coordination and cooperation in security; and by implementing programmes to deal with other specific threats facing the region. OCWAR M concentrates specifically on enhancing cybersecurity and combat cybercrime in the ECOWAS region.

Expected results:
• GIABA and ECOWAS Member States to adopt and effectively implement anti-money laundering and counter-terrorism financing measures of acceptable international standards in order to improve the regional operational capacity;
• Money laundering and terrorist financing risks are well understood by ECOWAS Member States and actions better coordinated domestically to combat money laundering, terrorist financing and proliferation;
• ECOWAS Member States are able to achieve high level of compliance and are implementing effective and robust Anti money laundering and counter-terrorism financing regimes in line with international standards;
• Domestic and international cooperation facilitating information sharing and the delivery of quality financial intelligence are improved as well as the capacity of competent authorities that pursue actions against criminals and their assets;
• GIABA's own operational capacity is better understood and managed by its officers and accepted by ECOWAS MS.

Main accomplishments:
• The OCWAR-M project completed its start-up phase on November 15, 2019 by convening the project steering committee organised during the GIABA plenary session, which validated the start-up report and adopted the project action plan, in the presence of all the national GIABA correspondents;
• Country profiles were elaborated based on mutual evaluation reports and national risk assessments, as well as on mission reports;
TRANSPORT FACILITATION PROGRAMME II (TFPII)

Source of funds: 10th EDF (2013/024-204)
Decision date: 10th June 2011 (FA Signature: 10 June 2014)
Total budget: 27 MEUR (ECOWAS: EUR 12,7MN; UEMOA: EUR 14, 3MN)
Implementation period: 5 years (currently under D+4.5 as extended by 18 months)
Implementing Agency: ECOWAS & WAEMU
Geographical Area: West Africa
Project Manager: Lemlem SAID-ISSA

Objective:
• To facilitate transport, trade and exchanges intra and extra ECOWAS community through the provision of a smooth movement of persons and goods via construction and operationalisation of Joint Border Posts (JBPs) with 21st century technology providing security and speedy crossing.

Expected results:
• Operationalisation of the joint border posts (JBPs) through the completion of the works, provision of equipment and support to the service;
• Planning and management of road infrastructure, improved regional corridors through the strengthening of road information systems (RIS);
• More efficient transport system corridors established in particular by the reduction of irregular practices, more competitive/more efficient customs ports, and a modernised trucking industry.

Main activities:
• Following the construction completed in TFP I, finalise the JBPs of Malanville, Seme and Noepe works contracts: further works, transport price revision; procure and install the supplies of furniture and security equipment in same JBPs;
• Conduct studies on management modes and standard operating procedures for JPBs;
• Conduct studies, technical assistance and workshops to support the establishment of a Regional Transport Observatory;
• Support activities of the observatoire des pratiques anormales (OPA) and the extension of its activities to take account of all the sections of the corridors cover (ports, customs, border, national terminals) and to cover the corridors of the region;
• Support concrete and immediate actions (studies, others) to increase the efficiency of transport and reduction in the prices of transport;
• Develop and implement plans for capacity-building (training, equipment) for the services responsible for regional transport or involved in the development of regional transport facilitation;
• Support Regional Organisations (ROs) and ECOWAS Member States on the operationalisation of the JBPs and their plans to facilitate transport.

Main accomplishments to date:
Since the kick-off of the Service Contract in Apr 2018 managed by NTU, the following was accomplished:
• Three supply contracts delivered the Security Equipment, the Furniture and the Weighbridges. The fourth supply contract supplied part of the IT equipment but connectivity is yet to be completed;
• Presidential Inauguration and Handover of the 2 Joint Border Posts (JBPs) Seme and Noepe took place on 23rd and 26th October 2018 respectively, in the presence of the 4 related Presidents; ECOWAS Presidents/Commissioners/Staff and the EU Delegations to Nigeria/ECOWAS, Benin, Ghana, Togo as well as thousands of delegates, officials, national/international press. The 2 JBP are now fully operational except for few snags which are being sorted out;
• The Programme Estimate, also implemented by NTU since January 2019, is dealing with resolution of the abovementioned snags as well as undertaking minor works and the supply of Solar Panel plants as back-up energy.
**ENERGY GOVERNANCE – AMELIORATION DE LA GOUVERNANCE DU SECTEUR DE L’ENERGIE EN AFRIQUE DE L’OUEST (AGOSE)**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 39384)

**Decision date:** 30/11/2016 (FED/2016/039-384)

**Total budget:** 32 MEUR

**Implementation period:** 60 months as of the date of entry into force of the FA

**Implementing Agency:** ECOWAS, WAEMU, GiZ, LuxDev, NTU

**Geographical Area:** West Africa

**Project Manager:** Lemlem SAID-ISSA

**Objectives:**
The Action’s specific objective is to improve regional governance of the energy sector in order to consolidate the foundation to enable West African states to achieve the three objectives of SE4ALL 2030 strategy: 1) Ensuring universal access to modern energy services; 2) Doubling energy efficiency; 3) Doubling the share of renewables in the global energy mix.

**Expected Results:**
The expected results are: 1) the establishment of a policy framework, and strategic planning at the regional level; 2) the harmonisation of institutional, legislative and regulatory frameworks to encourage domestic investments primarily in renewable energy, energy efficiency and universal access to modern energy; 3) further development of the regional electricity market by promoting primarily energy efficiency and other renewables in the energy mix; and 4) capacity building of key sector players so that they can be more effective in fulfilling their mission.

**Main Activities:**
- Regional Energy Policy Update, Strategic Analysis; Action plan, Reports Distribution; WAPP Masterplan; Establishment of the regional energy database Information System for West Africa Energy (ISWAE);
- Creation of renewable energy corridors, institutional and regulatory framework of standards and certifications in RE & EE in buildings;
- National Variations of the regional energy policy; Standards and certifications in RE comprising bio-energy workshops; Standards and certification in EE in buildings workshops;
- Creation of a unified electricity market; Regulation of the unified electricity market; Operation and management of the unified electricity market; Support to the development of RES;
- Technical assistance; Development of market regulation; various trainings in RE & EE; developing the regionalisation of CERMI; Strengthening WAPP stakeholders; various studies, seminars, workshops, visibility/communication; making the various studies available to the countries and EUDs.

**Main Accomplishment to date:**
- The AGoSE Global TA, awarded to NTU in May 2018, is ongoing and has so far delivered on the update of the policy; developed an outline of the Electricity Code; supported the launch of the electricity trading and continues to provide capacity building/training/workshops to the ECOWAS MS entities in the sector.
- The 2nd Steering Committee Meeting took place on 16 Sep, 2019. The Beneficiary participated in the GTT meetings, which took place on 17-18 Sep, 2019. On both events, emphasis was given to the slow pace in which the programme is progressing and the need to speed up the pace.
TRANSPORT GOVERNANCE

Source of funds: 11th EDF (CRIS ref.: FED/2016/039-218)
Decision date: 28/04/2017 (ROC/FED/039-384)
Total budget: 38 MEUR
Implementation period: 60 months from the FA signature ending on 15/06/2022
Implementing Agency: ECOWAS, WAEMU + National elements for all ECOWAS countries
Geographical Area: West Africa
Project Manager: Lemlem SAID-ISSA

Objectives:
The overall goal of the program is to contribute to the emergence of a regional system of long-term, efficient and safe road transport, as a factor of development of stability and regional integration.

The specific objective of the project is to develop institutional and regulatory capacities to continue strengthening the management capacities of Governments and related agencies, to guide the implementation of administrative and technical aspects of transport facilitation, and improve maintenance of the regional network and its sustainability by the cessation of overloading. The project will also support road safety. The project will contribute to the emergence of a regional strategy to improve sectoral governance in road transport politically and economically in a realistic manner, common to ECOWAS and UEMOA, thereby promoting harmonisation and synchronisation of national policies.

Expected Results: 1) The sustainability of the road investments; 2) The decrease in the prices of the Inter-State road transport; 3) Introducing Asset management practices for an early warning and prioritising maintenance; 4) Setting up road safety measures aimed at tackling the huge challenges of thousands of deaths on the roads.

Main Activities:
• Implementation is yet to start.

Main Accomplishment to date:
• For the implementation of the Regional Component, the procurement process for the Technical Assistance (TA) has been completed and awarded. Contract is under preparation.
**SUPPORT TO ECOWAS PEACE AND SECURITY ARCHITECTURE AND OPERATIONS (EPSAO)**

**Source of funds:** 11th EDF (CRIS ref: 2017/040-390)

**Decision date:** 11/12/2017 (FA Signature date: 27/02/2018)

**EU Contribution:** 16.4 MEUR (+4 M EUR from Germany)

**Implementation period:** 2018 - 2022

**Implementation modalities:** EU MS Agency (GIZ)

**Geographical Area:** West Africa

**Project Manager:** Urszula SOLKIEWICZ

**Objectives:**

The main objective of the EPSAO Project is to support the ECOWAS Commission in its mandate to prevent and manage conflict and security threats in West Africa.

**Expected results:**

- Conflicts, such as those in Mali, with Boko Haram or crisis in Gambia are are solved through political dialogue and appropriate strategies at regional level;
- There are no spill overs of conflicts from one member state to another;
- Terrorist activities have stopped in Macina and southward;
- ECOWAS Standby Force is fully operational.

**Main activities:**

- **Strengthening ECOWAS’s mechanisms to promote and maintain peace and stability and post crisis operations:**
  - Supporting needs-based training for ECOWAS Peace Operations;
  - Supporting ECOWAS Standby Force exercises - Cooperation and partnership with Training Centres of Excellence and Training Institutions to make the ECOWAS Standby Force fully operational;
  - Sustaining liaison, coordination and partnership with the African Union and other Regional Economic Communities/Regional Mechanisms.

- **Enabling ECOWAS to prevent and manage erupting or existing conflicts**
  - Strengthening national early warning and response capacities;
  - Strengthening the role of civil society in conflict prevention and peacebuilding;
  - Enhancing ECOWAS early warning and mediation capacities;
  - Strengthening the role of women in peace and security (UNSCR 1325, 2000);
  - Supporting the ECOWAS Crisis Prevention Framework Enabling Mechanism.

- **Contributing to the creation of a secure and safe post conflict environment**
  - Promoting implementation of the ECOWAS SSRG Policy Framework;
  - Supporting for SSRG in The Gambia.

**Main accomplishments:**

- Convened regional and national multi stakeholder consultations in Abuja and Abidjan, engaging more than 210 youth representatives from across West Africa over conversations on conflict prevention.
CONTRIBUTION TO THE AFRICAN INVESTMENT FACILITY IN SUPPORT OF REGIONAL ECONOMIC INTEGRATION IN WEST AFRICA – AfIF1 (BLENDING OPERATIONS IN THE REGION)

Source of funds: EDF
Decision date/ No.: 24/04/2016 (ROC/FED/038-787)
Total budget: 100 MEUR
Implementation period: N/A
Implementing Agency: AFD/AfDB/KfW
Geographical Area: ECOWAS Member States
Project Manager: Lemlem SAID-ISSA

Objective:
The overall objective of this project is to contribute to poverty reduction and to sustainable and inclusive economic development through economic regional integration in West Africa, with an emphasis on the improvement of regional infrastructures (energy & transport).

Expected results:
The results of the action will be key investments in the transport and energy sectors, improving regional interconnection, enhancing regional integration, and contributing to achieving sustainable and inclusive development in the region.

The project will also result in a pipeline of bankable sustainable infrastructure projects adequately prepared and ready for financing. These projects are in line with the regional and continental priorities for the transport and energy sectors.

The project includes a contribution to the African Investment Facility to support regional infrastructure investment projects in the region.

State of Play:
Under this programme, blending funding is provided to West African countries to allow them obtain necessary bank loans for transnational projects in Energy and Transport sector with an emphasis on the improvement of regional economic integration. So far, the following projects have received funding from this instrument:

- Construction du pont de Rosso (BANQUE AFRICAINE DE DEVELOPPEMENT) – EUR 22.15 MN;
- Projet de réhabilitation de la route Lomé-Cotonou (phase 2) et de protection côtière (Benin – Togo)” (BANQUE AFRICAINE DE DEVELOPPEMENT) – EUR 20.5 MN;
- Réhabilitation de la route communautaire CU2a section Gounghin - Fada N’Gourma - Pléga - Frontière du Niger (BANQUE AFRICAINE DE DEVELOPPEMENT)- EUR 28.7 MN;
- Corridor transcotier - Projet de route transgambienne (phase 2) Sénoba –Ziguinchor (BANQUE AFRICAINE DE DEVELOPPEMENT)- EUR 10.5 MN.

Status as at 31 December 2018:
All the 5 blending operations (covering EN and TR projects) within the AfIF 1 decisions are now contracted.
CONTRIBUTION (PHASE 2) TO THE AFRICA INVESTMENT FACILITY IN SUPPORT OF REGIONAL ECONOMIC INTEGRATION IN WEST AFRICA - AFIF2 (BLENDING OPERATIONS IN THE REGION)

Source of funds: EDF
Decision date/No.: 05/10/2016 (ROC/FED/039-778)
Total budget: 260 MEUR
Implementation period: N/A
Implementing Agency: AFD/AfDB/KfW
Geographical Area: ECOWAS Member States
Project Manager: Lemlem SAID-ISSA

Objective:
The overall objective of the action is to contribute to poverty reduction in line with the SDGs (sustainable development goals), and sustainable and inclusive economic development in West Africa through regional economic integration and trade development, with an emphasis on the improvement of economic infrastructures. By supporting renewable energy, energy efficiency, grid interconnection and railways projects, the action intends to contribute to reduced greenhouse gas emissions and thus to climate change mitigation.

Expected results:

Results in relation with the transport sector:
- Better interconnection of the existing transport infrastructure;
- Improved accessibility and sustainability of the primary transport system;
- Improved interregional transport management leading to greater regional integration;
- Lower costs and shorter journeys on the main regional transport corridors, including port transit;
- Greater regional capacity for project preparation and an increased number of bankable projects;
- Better sustainability of transport infrastructures through better harmonisation and implementation of axial load and maintenance policies as well as improved resilience to extreme weather events or gradual changes in climate.

Results in relation with the energy sector:
- Better access to energy services for the public and business and a reduction in national disparities;
- Greater proportion of the energy mix produced from renewable sources across the region in order to achieve ECOWAS and UEMOA objectives;
- Increased energy efficiency, achieved through investment and the introduction of regional standards;
- Operational regional electricity market.

State of Play:
All the 19 blending operations (covering EN and TR projects) within the AfIF 2 decisions are now contracted.

The re-allocation of the last remaining EUR 14MN in the Decision has been made to EUD Monrovia for their Sanniquellie-Loguatu Road project in PAGODA with AfDB in Sep 2018.
CONTRIBUTION (PHASE 3) TO THE AFRICA INVESTMENT FACILITY IN SUPPORT OF REGIONAL ECONOMIC INTEGRATION IN WEST AFRICA - AFIF3 (BLENDING OPERATIONS IN THE REGION)

Source of funds: EDF
Decision date/No.: FED/2019/41992
Total budget: 30.7 MEUR
Implementation period: N/A
Implementing Agency: TBD
Geographical Area: ECOWAS Member States
Project Manager: Lemlem SAID-ISSA

Objective:
The overall objective is to contribute to poverty reduction and to sustainable and inclusive economic development through regional economic integration in West Africa, with an emphasis on the improvement of regional economic infrastructures.

Expected results:

Results in relation with the transport sector:
- Better interconnection of the existing transport infrastructure;
- Improved accessibility and sustainability of the primary transport system;
- Improved interregional transport management leading to greater regional integration;
- Lower costs and shorter journeys on the main regional transport corridors, including port transit;
- Greater regional capacity for project preparation and an increased number of bankable projects;
- Better sustainability of transport infrastructures through better harmonisation and implementation of axial load and maintenance policies as well as improved resilience to extreme weather events or gradual changes in climate.

Results in relation with the energy sector:
- Better access to energy services for the public and business and a reduction in national disparities;
- Greater proportion of the energy mix produced from renewable sources across the region in order to achieve ECOWAS and UEMOA objectives;
- Increased energy efficiency, achieved through investment and the introduction of regional standards;
- Operational regional electricity market.

State of Play:
- Allocations to Praia for their Port Infrastructure programme and to Abidjan as top-up to their Abidjan-Lagos Corridor project, were made;
- The remaining amount of EUR 10.2 MN is available for other allocations, as and when requested.
OTHER EU INSTRUMENTS

INSTRUMENT contributing to STABILITY and PEACE (IcSP)

Managed in Operations 2 – Democracy, Governance & Migration

Team Leader: Clément BOUTILLIER
STRENGTHENING CIVILIAN PROTECTION POLICY AND PRACTICE IN NIGERIA

Source of funds: ICSP (CRIS 2018/399-404)
Decision date: 
Total budget: 1.8 MEUR
Implementing period: Since 02/09/2018-01/03/2020). Extension in the process of being approved.
Implementing agency: Centre for Civilians in Conflict
Geographical region: Nigeria- focus on North East Nigeria
Project Manager: Jerome RIVIERE

Objectives:

CIVIC promotes advancing policies and programs on Protection of Civilians (PoC) and civilian harm mitigation (CHM) through sound advocacy; building the capacity of the Nigerian military and community militias to protect civilians and avoid civilian harm in the course of their operations through technical assistance and trainings; and empowering civilians to engage with and pressure the government and security forces to improve protection through self-protection workshops and joint advocacy strategies. CIVIC promotes different elements that are critical to civilian protection at the national and sub-national level.

Expected results:
Result 1: Civilian protection policies and programs are strengthened;
Result 2: CHM is institutionalized within the military and community militias;
Result 3: Communities have greater confidence that their protection needs will be met;
Result 4: Civil society puts pressure on the government to protect civilians.

Main activities:
• High-level champions and influencers within government identified and cultivated;
• Dialogue between high-level champions and influencers within government and civil society stakeholders;
• Advocacy and communication strategy developed and deployed (informed by research and efforts to amplify voices of conflict-affected civilians);
• Technical support for implementation of policies, programs and plans on PoC/CHM;
• Adapt training curriculum and methodology to needs of recipient institutions;
• Direct delivery of trainings at Nigerian Defence Academy, Armed Forces Command and Staff College, Army War College, and National Army School of Infantry, as CIVIC capacity and strategy allows;
• Training of trainers at select military training institutes;
• Lectures on PoC and CHM at the National Defence College;
• Training of community militia members;
• Training of security forces deployed to the Northeast;
• Self-protection workshops in communities organized and held;
• Community dialogues facilitated between civilians and security actors;
• Briefing reports on civilian and military perspectives on protection challenges and opportunities are completed;
• Four short films (3-5 mins each) on civilian protection themes are produced.

Main accomplishments to date:
• CIVIC team in Maiduguri established and LGAs of operation selected;
• CHM policy in approval process.
DEMOBILIZATION, DISASSOCIATION, REINTEGRATION AND RECONCILIATION: CONFLICT DISSOLUTION AND PEACEBUILDING IN NORTH-EAST NIGERIA

Source of funds: ICSP (CRIS 2018/399-632)
Decision date: 
Total budget: 3 MEUR
Implementing period: 18 months – October 2018 to April 2020
Implementing agency: IOM, UNICEF, Neem Foundation
Geographical region: North East Nigeria
Project Manager: Jerome RIVIERE

Objectives:
The project seeks to contribute to the successful reinsertion and reintegration of former low-risk associates of Boko Haram and other NSAGs and promote long-term reconciliation in affected communities in North-East Nigeria. This will support the efforts of the GoN to promote peace, security and stability in Nigeria and the wider Lake Chad Basin region.

Expected results:
- The Government of Nigeria’s registration, screening, categorization, and referral process for former Boko Haram associates is efficient and systematised;
- Former Boko Haram associates receive adequate reinsertion services at Gombe Reinsertion Centre;
- The foundations are in place for sustainable socio-economic reintegration of former associates of non-state armed groups.

Main activities:
- Database structure to collect and analyse biographical and biometric data of suspected Boko Haram associates is available to relevant authorities;
- The Government of Nigeria has the capacity to carry out registrations, screening, categorization, and referrals;
- Former associates of non-state armed groups receive adequate reinsertion services in Gombe;
- The infrastructure for reinsertion services in Gombe Reinsertion Centre is in place;
- Former associates of non-state armed groups have increased access to socio-economic support.

Main accomplishments to date:
- Direct support is currently provided in Gombe as well as transitional centres in Maiduguri;
- Community work for reintegration is ongoing in preparation for release of graduates in March/April;
- Support to the Joint Investigation Centre on registration, screening etc has been launched.
STEMMING THE MULTIPLE LAYERED CRISIS IN THE NIGER DELTA REGION OF NIGERIA (PHASE 3)

Source of funds: ICSP
Decision date:
Total budget: 1 MEUR
Implementing period: Since August 2018
Implementing agency: Academic Associates Peace Work
Geographical region: Delta, Rivers, Bayelsa, Akwa Ibom, Cross Rivers, Abia, Imo, Edo, Ondo
Project Manager: Jerome RIVIERE

Objectives:
To contribute to a de-escalated conflict in the Niger Delta and return stability to the region.

Expected results:
- To achieve strengthened credible and open space for discussion of issues affecting the Niger Delta in a non-adversarial manner and make significant progress toward addressing the "16 point agenda" by PANDEF (Pan Niger Delta Forum);
- Effective monitoring of Federal Government plans’ implementation in the region;
- PANDEF’s capacity improved to engage in the region and with the federal government.

Main activities:
- Dialogue meetings;
- Influencing government authorities (Ministries, Departments and Agencies);
- Technical support to PANDEF;
- Set up local structures for monitoring of FG’s implementation;
- Engaging with civil society and private sector.

Main accomplishments to date:
- The NDD has held a series of meetings, with a particular focus on preventing electoral violence;
- Peace accords have been signed by youth groups and traditional and religious leaders.
EU EMERGENCY TRUST FUND FOR AFRICA (EUTF) - SAHELI AND LAKE CHAD WINDOW

Operations 3: Health, Nutrition, Resilience & Trust Fund

(and in some cases other sections depending on the subject of support)

Team Leader: Montse PANTALEONI
ENHANCING STATE AND COMMUNITY LEVEL CONFLICT MANAGEMENT CAPABILITY IN NORTH-EASTERN NIGERIA

Source of funds: EU Emergency Trust Fund for Stability and Addressing Root Causes of Irregular Migration and Displaced Persons in Africa (ABAC Ref. T05-EUTF-SAH-NG-03-01)

Decision date: 18/04/2016 (EUTF Operational Committee Meeting 2)

Total budget: 21 MEUR (No counterpart funding)

Implementation period: 4 years (2017 – 2020)

Implementing agency: British Council

Geographical Area: 3 North East States (Adamawa, Borno and Yobe)

Project Officer: Laolu Olawumi

Objectives:
The Overall Objective of the programme is to enhance state and community level conflict management capability to prevent the escalation of conflict into violence in a number of locations in North-Eastern Nigeria.

Expected results:
- Broader societal participation in and oversight of conflict management mechanisms at state and local level;
- Systems/mechanisms for identifying and responding to violence against women and girls in place and functioning;
- Increased and more influential participation by women and girls in institutions and initiatives relevant to peace building;
- Improved conflict prevention policy and practice in place, strengthened community level conflict management mechanisms.

Main activities:
- Mapping of existing conflict management institutions, incidents of Violence Against Women and Girls and of non-state armed groups;
- Community based mapping of indigenous mechanisms of justice, reconciliation and healing;
- Establish Community Peace Partnerships & Safety Partnerships;
- Enhancing reconciliation and Improving Community Cohesion and Resilience;
- Support to development of Family Support Units and Gender Desks, to Observatory Platforms, to Peace Clubs, to Sexual Assault Referral Centres and to Women’s Associations;
- Establish and manage community accountability forums;
- Support to skills acquisition and self-employment.

Main accomplishments to date:
- Capacity of medical practitioners and social health workers improved in focal states;
- The programme worked with partners to establish more Community Peace and Safety Partnerships (CPSPs) in project states;
- 1,404 Traditional Rulers from 12 emirates and chieftdoms as well as 34 community groups have been trained to engage more effectively in dispute resolution. A further 416 Scribes have been trained on how to effectively record judgements. 47% of respondents to the 2018 MCN Annual Perception Surveys (APS) consider Traditional Rulers and Community Groups to be effective in dispute resolution (compared to the 40% baseline set in 2017);
- 39 Civil Society Organisations, including 28 media organisations have been supported to engage in actions to promote cohesion and community resilience. These CSOs have so far undertaken 10 individual initiatives that have directly impacted 363 individuals and are estimated to have positively affected nearly 70,000 people;
- Two further SARCs were established in the year and 292 survivors of assault assisted (375 cumulative). SARC Steering Committees are active in all three states and expanding access to services for survivors of SGBV. Two perpetrators have been convicted in the year through increased coordination among
agencies and actors to deal with Sexual and Gender based violence (SGBV). This is further evidenced by
the growing diversity of actors that refer cases to the SARCs and the contribution of the SARCs in
provision of forensic evidence for prosecution.

• 31 Community Peace and Safety Partnerships (CPSPs) are established and actively solving local security
and safety issues across the three states. A total of 500 separate issues have been discussed at these
meetings over the course of 260 individual meetings with 110 issues having been resolved (22%). In
the 2018 APS, 49 per cent of respondents consider CPSPs function very well (up from 29% in 2017);
• 8 economic empowerment mechanisms are underway and are aimed at developing income generating
skills for young people. So far 536 young men and women have been assisted;
• 32 voluntary policing sector (VPS) groups have been engaged with 72 individuals trained and supported
to provide more effective community policing services.
FROM RISK TO RESILIENCE - STRENGTHENING PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT, MENTAL HEALTH, REINTEGRATION AND PROTECTION SERVICES FOR CHILDREN IN BORNO, INCLUDING CHILDREN ASSOCIATED WITH BOKO HARAM

Source of funds: EU Emergency Trust Fund for Stability and Addressing Root Causes of Irregular Migration and Displaced Persons in Africa (ABAC Ref. T05-EUTF-SAHL-NG-06)

Decision date: 14/12/2016 (EUTF Operational Committee Meeting 4)

Total budget: 4.725 MEUR (EU – 4.5 MEUR and counterpart: 0.725MEUR)

Implementation period: 27 months (2017 – 2019)

Implementing agency: UNICEF

Geographical Area: 1 Northern State (Borno)

Project Officer: Charlotte TILLI BLOMHAMMAR

The General Objective of the action is to enhance the wellbeing and the resilience of children and adolescents who have been affected by the conflict in Borno including the reintegration of those associated with Boko Haram.

Expected results:

- Conflict affected children and adolescents access psychosocial support services, through child friendly spaces, after school clubs and community led programmes, and have access to mental health services;
- Children associated with armed groups (including children who were victims of Boko Haram related abduction and sexual violence) receive reintegration support and referral, as appropriate, to education, vocational training, health care and reproductive and sexual health care services;
- Strengthened monitoring and reporting of grave violations of children’s rights, including unlawful recruitment or use of children by armed groups and conflict related sexual violence;
- Communities engaged in dialogue which promotes social cohesion, child protection, acceptance and reintegration of returning children;
- Family members are supported to reunify with and provide care and protection for their children through psychosocial support and/or mediation and reconciliation.

Main activities:

- Deliver tier 1 psychosocial support services and psycho-education to children and adolescents;
- Provide access to mental health services and establish referral mechanisms for specialized psychosocial and mental health services;
- Implement a community-based reintegration programme;
- Support the operation of the Child Protection Information Management System to monitor prevalence and response to child protection cases;
- Train a pool of religious, traditional and community leaders on community dialogue promoting; reintegration and protection of boys and girls associated with Boko Haram.

Main accomplishments to date:

- Enhanced well-being of 331,970 children and caregivers by enabling access to one or more social services including health, education, hygiene-water-sanitation, reproductive sexual health care services and skills training;
- 2,141 newly trained child protection workers have ensured that 331,970 children identified one or more skills to reinforce their resilience and are exhibiting good life skills, positive coping mechanism and emotional wellness in dealing with problems after receiving mental health and psychosocial services in CFS, school clubs and adolescent groups in targeted communities;
- 5,186 children accessed reintegration services until December 2019;
- 30,830 community members identified ways or skills to protect children from violence and abuse through community dialogue.
STRENGTHENING MIGRATION GOVERNANCE IN NIGERIA AND SUSTAINABLE REINTEGRATION OF RETURNING MIGRANTS

Source of funds: EU Emergency Trust Fund (Ref: T05-EUTF-SAH-NG-04-01)
Decision date: 14/12/2016 (EUTF Operational Committee Meeting 4)
Total budget: EUR 15,500,000
Implementing period: 36 months
Implementing agencies: IOM
Geographical region: Federal + pilot states
Project Manager: Eleni ZERZELIDOU

Objective:
The overall objective of the proposed action is to contribute to strengthening the governance of migration and sustainable reintegration of returning migrants in Nigeria.

The main suggested results consist in:
• National Migration Policy Action plan is implemented through projects activities;
• National capacities for migration data management, coordination and dissemination strengthened;
• A National Border Management Strategy for Nigeria will be developed and endorsed, under NIS leadership, providing a clear vision of GoN’s approach to practical border management geared toward development and trade, national and regional security, and the protection of vulnerable migrants. National diaspora policy has been finalised and adopted;
• Internal guidelines for determination of needs-based reintegration assistance, formulation of reintegration plans and related monitoring established;
• Up to 3,800 returning migrants (from EU and transit countries) are provided with sustainable reintegration assistance including referral to socio-economic opportunities available in the country;
• National coordination structures and capacities for reintegration of returnees enhanced;
• Migrant Resource Centre (MRC) as a local referral mechanism is established in Edo state to enhance migrant assistance and information services;
• Increased information and awareness among potential migrants on the consequences of irregular migration and the opportunities for regular migration;
• Operational and technical capacities of national institutions and CSOs on awareness raising are reinforced;
• National Labour Migration policy implemented through pilot projects.

Main accomplishments to date:
• Social Advisory Board (SAB) and Technical Working Committee (TWC) on Labour Migration convened respectively on 25th and 26th October, 2017 in Abuja;
• Four pilot projects were identified for the implementation of the National Policy on Labour Migration (NPLM) Action Plan;
• The Migrant Resource Centre (MRC) in Benin City, Edo State was established in March 2018;
• IOM has continued to provide support to FMLE in the administration and management of the National Electronic Labour Exchange (NELEX) web portal;
• Over 18,000 stranded migrants have been received (April 2017-January 2020);
• Over 8,000 returnees are in the process of receiving individual reintegration support and over 480 individuals have finalised their reintegration process and are ready for monitoring;
• The Migrant Resource Centre established in Benin City had assisted over 500 clients until November 2019;
• A ROM mission has been conducted (January 2019).
RESTORING AND PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE BASED LIVELIHOODS FOR FOOD SECURITY, EMPLOYMENT, AND NUTRITION IMPROVEMENT IN BORNO STATE

Decision date: 06/06/2017 (EUTF Operational Committee Written procedure)
Total budget: 22,169,793 EUR (EU contribution 20 M EUR)
Implementation period: 36 months (2018 – 2021)
Implementing agency: FAO, UN Women and WFP
Geographical Area: Borno State
Project Officer: Charlotte TILLI BLOMHAMMAR

Main Objective:
The overall objective of this action is to build the resilience of conflict affected people and public sector institutions in Borno State in an environment-friendly way. The specific objective is to enhance social protection, through creation of employment and the promotion of environment and climate-friendly livelihood opportunities (with a special focus on women, youth and vulnerable households) with the aim of increasing access to basic needs, significantly reducing malnutrition and strengthening resilience in communities affected by the insurgency.

Expected results:
Result 1: Small holder farmers (men, women and youth) have enhanced skills and knowledge to implement good agricultural, nutrition, and gender practices;
Result 2: Small holder farmers (men, women and youth) have diversified food source and income;
Result 3: Small holder farmers (men, women and youth) have opportunities for markets and business development.

Main activities:
• Training beneficiaries on good practices in fish farming, husbandry, nutrition sensitive agriculture production, Saving and Loan schemes, integrated business model;
• Provision of quality agri-inputs and start-up kits to beneficiaries (livestock & unconditional cash, pullets & cockerels, fish farm kits);
• Support establishment/restart of:
  ➢ seed production enterprises;
  ➢ agri-inputs supply enterprises;
  ➢ women fish processing and marketing enterprises;
  ➢ processing and trade enterprises/cooperatives;
  ➢ nutrition sensitive local markets through vouchers scheme;
  ➢ women safe access to fuel, energy, and food conservation technologies;
  ➢ women’s entrepreneurial, organizational and technical skills.

Main accomplishments to date:
• Contract signed in December 2017, started on 1 February 2018;
• 22 Farmer Field Schools established;
• 25,000 households received rainy season inputs, 10,000 households received dry season inputs;
• 31,000 men, women and youths benefiting from input production packages;
• Metric tons of food grains produced: Cowpea (49,388), Millet (25,095) Sorghum (13,613) Maize (30,275), 1,750 groundnut, 3,600 sesame, 14,098 okra and 12,350 amaranth;
• 50 women and 150 youth received fish farm starter kits for aquaculture production (tank, fingerlings and start up feed) and technical training. 50 men trained on good fish farming practices;
• Distribution of livestock to women and youth – (6,000 goats to 2,000 women, 6,000 pullets to 500 women, 600 bullocks to youth);
• 121,699 animals vaccinated.
RESILAC – LAKE CHAD INCLUSIVE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL RECOVERY PROJECT

Source of funds: EU Emergency Trust Fund for Stability and Addressing Root Causes of Irregular Migration and Displaced Persons in Africa (ABAC Ref. T05-EUTF-SAHR-REG-05)

Decision date: 14/12/2016 (EUTF Operational Committee Meeting 4)

Total budget: 34.2 MEUR

Implementation period: 48 months (2017 – 2021)

Implementing agency: AFD & Action Against Hunger Consortium

Geographical Area: Nigeria (Borno State), Cameroon (the Far North), Niger (Diffa region), Chad (Lake Region)

Project Officer: Charlotte Tilli Blomhammar

Main Objective:
The General Objective of the RESILAC project is to contribute to the economic recovery and to the strengthening of the resilience and the social cohesion of the territories of the Lake Chad Basin most impacted by the Lake Chad crisis and climate change. This regional project is managed by the Chad Delegation but the Delegation in Nigeria will monitor the component implemented in Borno State.

Expected results (4 pillars):

- Strengthening of human capital and social cohesion;
- Sustainable support for the local economy;
- Reinforcing institutional capacities, advocacy and capacity building according to the roles of key stakeholders;
- Production, promotion and capitalization of knowledge about the Lake Chad situation.

Main activities:

- The first phase of the project will focus on completion of studies for a better understanding of the intervention area, needs and adaptation of activities that may include the following:
  - Psycho-social support;
  - Organized and equitable access to natural resources;
  - High labour intensive micro-projects with rapid impact/ rehabilitation of community assets;
  - Creating sustainable jobs and sources of income for rural youth;
  - Diversification and adaptation of family production systems to climate change;
  - Improving the economic autonomy of the target groups;
  - Strengthening of public authorities, local authorities and CSOs;
  - Research.

Main accomplishments to date in Nigeria (Borno State):

- Contract signed in January 2018 and launched in Maiduguri, July 2018;
- 4,016 individuals reached by social cohesion activities (2,279 communal engagement and 1,737 community members participated in conflict assessments) and 333 individuals benefitted from psychosocial, trauma awareness and resilience building activities;
- 300 young women and men involved in a work/saving/training/enterprise start up scheme through High Labour Intensive work in Jere;
- 68 tube wells drilled and 299 women and youth trained in tube well drilling;
- Farmer field schools established in Jere and 119 lead farmers and 15 government agriculture extension workers trained on 5 demonstration plots;
- National steering committees held in Abuja (June and December 2019). 4 state level operational committees held in March, June, Sept and Dec 2019.
EU SUPPORT TO THE UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (UNDP) ‘REGIONAL STABILISATION FACILITY FOR LAKE CHAD’ (RSF)


Decision date: 12/07/2019 (end of written procedure)

Total budget: 5 MEUR

Implementation period: 36 months (2020 – 2023)

Implementing agency: UNDP

Geographical Area: Lake Chad Basin - Nigeria (Adamawa, Borno and Yobe States), Cameroon, Chad, Niger).

Project Officer: Charlotte Tilli Blomhammar

The overall objective of the “EU Support to the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) ‘Regional Stabilisation Facility for Lake Chad’ (RSF)” action is to contribute to the immediate stabilisation of the insurgency-affected areas of the Lake Chad Basin with a focus on the strengthening of Community Safety and Security and Rule of Law (Output 1 of the Facility).

This regional project is managed by HQ and the Regional Stabilisation Facility convenes in Chad. The Delegation in Nigeria will monitor the component implemented in Northeast Nigeria.

Expected results:

- Safety and security of populations and control over lake-bordering territories is improved;
- Respect of Human Rights by Security Forces and Law Enforcement Agencies in the areas of intervention is improved.

Main activities:

- Construction or rehabilitation of police stations/police residence/barracks;
- Capacity building of security actors and local leadership (HRBA, SGBV) including strengthening of stabilisation committees;
- Facilitate strengthening of community platforms on peacebuilding.

Main accomplishments to date in Nigeria:

- The Technical Committee and the Board of the Facility have approved the Joint Action Plans for the seven LGAs;
- Rapid assessments completed in the seven LGAs.
THEMATIC PROGRAMMES

Operations 1 – Economic Cooperation & Energy

Global Climate Change Alliance+ (GCCA+) Development Cooperation Instrument

Team Leader: Ms Katrine Mulvad Thomsen
**NIGERIA CLIMATE CHANGE RESPONSE PROGRAMME - NCCRP**

**Source of funds:** DCI – Development Cooperation Instrument under the Global Climate Change Alliance + Initiative  
**Decision date/ No.:** 1/06/2018 (ENV/2018/041492)  
**Total budget:** 8 MEUR  
**Implementation period:** 2019 - 2023  
**Implementing Agency:** Direct Management, Technical Assistance (service contract), Federal Ministry of Environment, Conseil Sante  
**Geographical Area:** Nationwide  
**Project Manager:** Luca TODESCHINI

**Objective:**  
The overall objective of the project is to support the development and implementation of Nigerian climate change response program (NCCRP) to guarantee the country’s economic growth and development strategies while meeting its conditional 45% NDC targets by 2030.

The specific objective is to contribute to the creation of Nigeria’s GHG emission profile with the aim of pinpointing mitigation actions reducing energy use and costs in favour of renewable energy and energy efficiency solutions. This will be mainly achieved through the creation of sectoral MRVs (e.g. for energy and waste sectors) and a waste baseline.

**Expected results:**  
1) A national greenhouse gasses (GHG) emission data system for annual inventories and biannual reporting in compliance with United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) requirements is established. Assistance focuses on setting up the legal and organizational frameworks required for the establishment of a national Monitoring, Reporting and Verification System (MRV);

2) The perception and the knowledge of Climate Change topics among different target audiences is increased through awareness and sensitization campaigns. General public awareness is required to obtain a wider public support, approval and knowledge about implementation of the climate actions;

3) A waste sector baseline and related emission profile at Federal and State levels – (Kano and Ogun states) is implemented. The task is aimed at producing reliable national data on waste generation and composition that will inform effective planning on waste management and reduction potential, in respect of international best practices and protocols.

**State of Play:**  
Operations 2 – Democracy, Governance & Migration

- European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR)

- The Spotlight Initiative

Team Leader: Clément BOUTILLIER
EUROPEAN INSTRUMENT FOR DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS (EIDHR)

Overview

As the following table shows there are currently 7 grant projects funded from the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights (EIDHR) being implemented in Nigeria by civil society and international organisations. The total EU contribution to these is about EUR 1.7 million.

Projects cover areas such as migration, human rights violations, the promotion of children’s rights and the death penalty. A global EIDHR call for proposals was launched in November 2019.

The Delegation has also continued to actively participate in the assessment of the various annual calls for proposals launched by Brussels under various thematic programmes.

EIDHR focal point: Esmé STUART
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contractor</th>
<th>Project Title</th>
<th>Implementing Period</th>
<th>Project Amount</th>
<th>EU Contribution</th>
<th>Thematic Programme</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nigeria Network of NGOs</td>
<td>Strengthening Regulatory Framework and Enabling Environment for a more Accountable and Transparent Civil Society in Nigeria</td>
<td>3 years (19/12/2016 - 19/12/2020)</td>
<td>48,967.89</td>
<td>48,967.89</td>
<td>European Instrument for Democracy &amp; Human Rights</td>
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<td>ECPAT France</td>
<td>Protection of Migrants and Asylum Seekers especially children and women coming from Nigeria and victims of trafficking</td>
<td>3 years (23/12/2016 - 31/03/2019)</td>
<td>486,766.69</td>
<td>462,428.36</td>
<td>European Instrument for Democracy &amp; Human Rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Albino Foundation</td>
<td>Access to Social Services for Persons with Albinism in Nigeria</td>
<td>2 years (08/12/2017 – March 20)</td>
<td>155,838.01</td>
<td>155,838.01</td>
<td>European Instrument for Democracy &amp; Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Centre for Development Reporting</td>
<td>A Non-profit Newsroom for Investigative and Development Reporting</td>
<td>1 year (30/12/2017 - 31/03/2019)</td>
<td>152,898.11</td>
<td>152,898.11</td>
<td>European Instrument for Democracy &amp; Human Rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>ActionAid International Nigeria</td>
<td>Mobilizing Actions Towards Abolition of Infanticide in the FCT (MATAI)</td>
<td>3 years (27/12/2018 - 31/12/2021)</td>
<td>500,000</td>
<td>495,000.00</td>
<td>European Instrument for Democracy &amp; Human Rights</td>
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<tr>
<td>Women's Health and Equal Rights Initiative</td>
<td>Not only on paper</td>
<td>2 years (2019 – 2021)</td>
<td>79,658.89</td>
<td>79,658.89</td>
<td>European Instrument for Democracy &amp; Human Rights</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
THE SPOTLIGHT INITIATIVE

Source of funds: Global EU Funds
Total budget: 27M USD for Nigeria; 500M EUR Globally
Implementing period: 4 years (2019-2022)
Implementing agencies: UNDP, UNICEF, UNWOMEN, UNFPA, UNESCO
Geographical region: focal States: Ebonyi, Cross River, Sokoto, Lagos, Adamawa, FCT
Project Manager: Esme Stuart

Objectives:
Through a comprehensive approach, the Spotlight Initiative in Nigeria will aim to support a Nigeria where all women and girls, particularly the most vulnerable, live a life free from violence and harmful practices. The vision will be realized by addressing the linkages between sexual and gender-based violence and harmful practices with related aspects of sexual and reproductive health and rights as a cross-cutting theme. Focus will be on prevention efforts, particularly addressing the root causes of gender-based violence and harmful practices (child marriage and FGM) against women and girls; and ensuring access to inclusive, timely, and quality services for victims and survivors. The geographical scope will be vertical, supporting interventions at federal, state and community levels and horizontally across 5+1 focus states, one per geo-political zone, based on a mixed set of criteria (including prevalence, political will, enabling environment, capacities and potential to facilitate further expansion and upscaling). The most vulnerable women and girls will be targeted.

Expected Results:
- Legislative and policy frameworks, based on evidence and in line with international human rights standards, on all forms of violence against women and girls and harmful practices are in place and translated into plans;
- National and sub-national systems and institutions plan, fund and deliver evidence-based programmes that prevent and respond to violence against women and girls and harmful practices, including in other sectors;
- Gender inequitable social norms, attitudes and behaviours change at community and individual levels to prevent VAWG/SGBV/HP;
- Women and girls who experience violence and harmful practices use available, accessible, acceptable, and quality essential services including for long-term recovery from violence;
- Quality, disaggregated and globally comparable data on different forms of violence against women and girls and harmful practices, collected, analysed and used in line with international standards to inform laws, policies and programmes;
- Women’s rights groups, autonomous social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and those facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination/marginalization, more effectively influence and advance progress on GEWE and VAWG, including SGBV/HP.

Main activities:
- Develop and implement an advocacy campaign for the domestication and review of relevant existing laws and policies;
- Conduct mapping, assessment and validation of relevant stakeholders, Parliamentarians, government officials, judges and prosecutors, women’s rights advocates, human rights institutions, media and civil society working on the issue of VAWG/SGBV/HP to understand the existing capacities and gaps (including conflicting customary/religious laws and policies);
- Support advocacy initiatives of National and State Level High-Level Gender Coordination Mechanisms;
- Provide technical support to legislators for increased investment in constituency projects towards the prioritization of the EVAWG/SGBV/HP and women’s and girls’ access to SRHR.
Main Accomplishments to date:

- Inception workshop concluded in project focal states;
- Coordination mechanism established at federal and state levels;
- Year one work plan validated by key stakeholders;
- Six-inception workshops were conducted and ensured a high-level advocacy visit to the government through the respective governors of the Five+One states as well as grass-root level involvement through engaging civil society and women’s rights organizations at the state level;

The specific major achievements of the inception workshops were: (i) A common understanding of the Spotlight Initiative in Nigeria and key stakeholder buy-in obtained; (ii) Clarification on the expected roles and responsibilities of different stakeholders (including on their required inputs, roles in the implementation arrangement as well as expected deliverables); (iii) Brainstorming that allowed participants to jointly strategise and agree on the required support from stakeholders for the successful implementation of the Spotlight Initiative; (iv) A shared state-level vision of the broader opportunities and benefits of Spotlight Implementation, as well as a common understanding of the potential challenges and risks and possible mitigation strategies.

- Another early result was the strengthening of service provision and the referral pathway for victims of gender-based violence (GBV) in the Spotlight Initiative supported state of Adamawa (North East Nigeria), through the revision of the GBV Standard Operating Procedures and the GBV Sub Sector Strategy of the state. Under the advance funding, free access to fistula repairs was ongoing for 150 women and girls living with obstetric fistula across Sokoto, Adamawa and Cross River states. These were accompanied by enhanced community awareness of referrals for obstetric fistula in the states.
Operations 3: Health, Nutrition, Resilience & Trust Fund

PROACT-DCI

Team Leader: Montse PANTALEONI
EU SUPPORT TO FOOD SECURITY AND RESILIENCE IN NORTHERN NIGERIA

Source of funds: PROACT-DCI FOOD 2015 (DCI 2015 / 037-980)
Decision date: 23/11/2015
Total budget: 11.1 MEUR (EU - 10 MEUR; counterpart - 1.1MEUR)
Implementing period: 4 years (2016 – 2019) (Currently under - D+3)
Implementing agency: OXFAM
Geographical region: Adamawa and Kebbi States (7 selected LGAs)
Project Manager: Temitayo OMOLE

Objective:
To develop resilient livelihoods through integration of humanitarian relief, socioeconomic development, and empowered advocacy as well as improving social protection/safety nets and strengthening market system.

Expected results:
- Rapid improvement in livelihoods, food security and early recovery for targeted vulnerable farmers and host communities including women and youth in Adamawa and Kebbi States;
- Strengthened resilience, preparedness towards risks and natural resource utilisation for targeted vulnerable small holder farming communities in Adamawa and Kebbi States;
- Improved strategic linkages for food security and nutrition, and support to local market systems in each State;
- Improved response capacity of government towards social protection, early warning systems and strengthened local frameworks towards resilience building.

Main activities:
- Target vulnerable farming households and provide access to food items during the lean season;
- Develop a targeted seasonal cash and asset transfer common framework;
- Train project and partner staff on the application of the seasonal cash and asset transfer common framework;
- Undertake cash and or asset transfers;
- Create radio programme in Hausa on food security, project objectives and promote peace building & conflict resolution dialogues between cattle herders and crop farmers;
- Establish and promote Village Savings and Loans groups;
- Capacity needs assessment and training of farmers on appropriate technologies;
- Establish grain/seed banks;
- Develop guidelines for effective community level early warning systems and utilisation of social safety nets.

Main accomplishments to date:
- Over 40,000 farming households are now covered by the project who have received cash, asset (livestock) and food transfer, agriculture input, training and support;
- Over 350 food banks established and functional in 7 local government areas, providing service to the people;
- 54% of the beneficiaries are women;
- Preliminary outcomes have been good including increase in farm production of about 150% and expansion of private assets at community levels;
- The State Government of Kebbi has extended the methodology to additional communities in Birnin Kebbi LGA using its own finances;
- The project has been highly praised for the idea of the food bank which supports poor households during the lean season. In addition the project has practically increased the financial assets of thousands of people in the communities.
EU SUPPORT TO FOOD SECURITY AND RESILIENCE IN TARABA STATE

Decision date: 19/02/2018
Total budget: 10 MEUR (EU: 5MEUR (2017) + 5 MEUR (2018))
Implementing period: 4 years (2018 – 2022) (Currently under - D+3)
Implementing agency: OXFAM
Geographical region: Taraba State (6 selected LGAs)
Project Manager: Temitayo OMOLE

Objective:
To develop resilient livelihoods through integration of humanitarian relief, socioeconomic development, and empowered advocacy as well as improving social protection/safety nets and strengthening market system.

Expected results:
• Rapid improvement in livelihoods, food security and early recovery for targeted vulnerable farmers and host communities including women and youth in Taraba State;
• Strengthened resilience, preparedness towards risks and natural resource utilisation for targeted vulnerable small holder farming communities in Taraba State;
• Improved strategic linkages for food security and nutrition, and support to local market systems in the State;
• Improved response capacity of government towards social protection, early warning systems and strengthened local frameworks towards resilience building.

Main activities:
• Target vulnerable farming households and provide access to food items during the lean season;
• Develop a targeted seasonal cash and asset transfer common framework;
• Train project and partner staff on the application of the seasonal cash and asset transfer common framework;
• Undertake cash and or asset transfers;
• Create radio programme in Hausa on food security, project objectives and promote peace building & conflict resolution dialogues between cattle herders and crop farmers;
• Establish and promote Village Savings and Loans groups;
• Capacity needs assessment and training farmers on appropriate technologies;
• Establish grain/seed banks;
• Develop guidelines for effective community level early warning systems and utilisation of social safety nets.

Main accomplishments to date:
• The project was launched in November 2018.
• Preliminary work of increasing household assests through the VSLA is yielding positive results.
EU SUPPORT TO LIVESTOCK DISEASE SURVEILLANCE KNOWLEDGE INTEGRATION (LIDISKI)

Source of funds: 2018 / 041-107 - DeSIRA – Climate-relevant actions at country level
Decision date: 22/12/2017
Total budget: 2.5 MEUR (EU)
Implementing period: 4 years (2020 – 2023) (Currently under - D+3)
Implementing agency: CENTRE DE COOPERATION INTERNATIONALE EN RECHERCHE AGRONOMIQUE POUR LEDEVELOPPEMENT - C.I.R.A.D. EPIC
Geographical region: NIGERIA
Project Manager: Temitayo OMOLE

Objective:
The project supports an effective knowledge integration for a resilient and integrated approach to the surveillance and control of Peste des Petits Ruminants (PPR) and Newcastle Disease (ND) in the face of climate change in Nigeria. It will improve Nigeria’s Capacity to produce and manage vaccines as well as rapid response.

Expected results:
- Improving material and technical capacities of the NVRI laboratory and outposts in production and delivery of efficient PPR and ND vaccines and in disease diagnostic;
- increase the capacity of NVRI to supply efficient ND vaccine to target areas through the development of inactivated vaccine to be used in combination with NDV-I2;
- Build the NVRI capacity on their own to train communities in order to scale-up rapidly the CAHWS network in future activities in a sustainable manner.

Main activities:
- Training NVRI to ensure proper design of epidemiological and socio-economic surveys in relation with PPR and ND surveillance and control;
- Risks mapping analyses to evaluate risk of disease occurrence in a target geographical area;
- Collecting tissue samples from suspected PPR and ND cases in target areas (activity A5.1.) to complete existing virus collection;
- Train staff of the NVRI and ministry of agriculture in designing and implementing surveys in animal demography and mobility, and PPR and ND epidemiological for a secured pilot zone;
- Trained staff of the NVRI, accompanied by experts and masters' students of Ahmadu Bello university, will design and implement surveys on the socio-economy of ND and PPR in a secured pilot zone;
- Development of toolkit for disease surveillance and control.

Main accomplishments to date:
- The project was signed in December 2020. Official launching will take place in the 1st quarter of 2020.