

EU-AFGHANISTAN RELATIONS

The EU's relationship with Afghanistan is guided by the 2017 EU Strategy for Afghanistan, aimed at strengthening the country's institutions and economy. The 2017 Cooperation Agreement provides the basis for developing a mutually beneficial relationship in several areas such as: human rights, the rule of law, health, rural development, education, science and technology, the fight against terrorism, organised crime and narcotics. Most recently, EU27 have given further steer in the May 2020 Conclusions of the EU's Foreign Affairs Council.

EU SUPPORT FOR A PROSPEROUS AND PEACEFUL AFGHANISTAN



Building capacities of Afghan institutions involved in peace and reconciliation; strengthening the inclusiveness of the peace process by building the capacity of Afghan civil society organisations and promoting their access to decision-makers; as well as fostering a regional consensus on peace.



Enhancing regional and economic cooperation and connectivity; reducing organised crime and drugs trafficking, supporting security reform and police.



Economic and human development of Afghanistan: fight against poverty, job creation, investment promotion, agriculture and rural development, tackling climate change; a rapid COVID-19 response package.



Regional cooperation, including border management, capacity building, as well as strengthening the capacities of trade-related institutions.



Impartial and neutral provision of life-saving humanitarian assistance, focusing on vulnerable groups, notably women and children, internally displaced and conflict/disaster-affected populations. Support promotion and compliance with International Humanitarian Law.

A STRONG PARTNERSHIP FOR PEACE

The Council Conclusions adopted by the Foreign Affairs Ministers of the European Union in May 2020 laid down the main principles of the EU position in support of peace in Afghanistan:



SUPPORTING THE INCLUSIVENESS OF THE PEACE PROCESS



PRESERVING DEMOCRATIC AND HUMAN RIGHTS GAINS



CALLING FOR A PERMANENT AND COMPREHENSIVE CEASEFIRE



SUPPORTING REFORMS, INCLUDING OF THE SECURITY SECTOR



PROMOTING TRANSPARENT AND ACCOUNTABLE INSTITUTIONS



THE PROVISION OF NEEDS BASED HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION

A lasting peace goes hand in hand with **economic growth and social development**, which is why between 2014-2020 the **EUR 1,4 billion of EU cooperation** has focused on **three core sectors** to ensure a better life and opportunities for the Afghan people.



Peace, stability and democracy

- > more responsive, efficient and reliable police force
- improved government transparency and accountability
- > functioning judiciary
- > special focus on gender mainstreaming



Sustainable jobs and growth

- > creation of economic opportunities for rural areas and communities of high return
- sustainable employment opportunities through rural enterprises,
- increasing Afghanistan's revenues for self-reliance



Basic services

- > the Citizen's Charter
 ensures that every rural
 and urban community has
 access to water, electricity,
 roads, health and education
 services
- building health facilities and deploying community nurses and nutrition counsellors

MIGRATION, FORCED DISPLACEMENT AND REINTEGRATION

The EU has spent more than EUR 225 million since 2016 to address challenges of migration and forced displacement.

EU assistance includes access to land and basic services, protection, improving conditions for voluntary return, and reintegration of returnees and IDPs.

Livelihoods, education, and health support is also provided to **Afghan nationals and host communities in Iran and Pakistan**

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE



TRAUMA CARE

Provision of trauma care and essential medical care to conflict affected populations.



RAPID RESPONSE

Country-wide
emergency response
mechanism delivering
multipurpose
cash assistance to
newly dispalced
populations and
victims of natural
disasters.



NUTRITION

Country-wide
procurement of
therapeutic and
supplementary
food products and
implementation of
nutritional services
and victims of natural
disasters.



INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW & PROTECTION

Protection programmes
for vulnerable
populations and IHL
dissemination activites
to all parties of the
conflict.

DEMOCRACY, RULE OF LAW, HUMAN RIGHTS



The EU works to
enable Afghan
women's full
participation in public
life, supporting and
advocating for their
participation
in the peace process.



The EU assists
Afghanistan in
establishing a
functioning
rule of law system,
revision of the Penal
Code and
comprehensive justice
sector reform.



The EU supports,
together with other
partners, the capacity
of the Afghan police
force, including also
training and the
introduction of reforms
for a civilian police
force.



EU projects in Afghanistan put a special focus on human rights, including support for their defenders and the role of civil society in promoting human rights and democratic reforms.

EU SUPPORT LEADS TO CONCRETE RESULTS



New-born mortality rate fell from **53%** to **23%** in the past two decades.

The number of functioning health facilities increased from 496 in 2002 to more than 2,800 in 2020.



5.6 million children targeted in Polio vaccination campaign in January 2019, focused on border area with Pakistan.



Over 210,000 displaced persons

receive immediate humanitarian support each year

Over 7 million people given access to water supply and sanitation services since 2017.



Over 37,000 families supported

through
Community-based
development,
reintegration and
protection measures
in areas of high
return.



27%

of members of the civil service are women.



Nearly 40,000

student graduates in technical and vocational schools, including returnees, **received training to develop their job skills** and increase their incomes.



11 354 Community
Development Councils
elected with women's
participation reaching 49%.