



FACTSHEETS

Permanent Structured Cooperation (PESCO) - Factsheet

In light of a changing security environment, the EU Global Strategy for Foreign and Security Policy (EUGS) started a process of closer cooperation in security and defence. The EU Member States agreed to step up the European Union's work in this area and acknowledged that enhanced coordination, increased investment in defence and cooperation in developing defence capabilities are key requirements to achieve it.

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More security for the EU and its citizens

In light of a changing security environment, the [EU Global Strategy for Foreign and Security Policy](#) (EUGS) started a process of closer cooperation in security and defence. The EU Member States agreed to step up the European Union's work in this area and acknowledged that enhanced coordination, increased investment in defence and cooperation in developing defence capabilities are key requirements to achieve it.

This is the main aim of a Permanent Structured Cooperation on security and defence (PESCO), as outlined in the Treaty of the EU, Articles 42 (6) and 46, as well as Protocol 10. Through PESCO, Member States increase their effectiveness in addressing security challenges and advancing towards further integrating and strengthening defence cooperation within the EU framework.

"We have activated a Permanent Structured Cooperation on Defence - ambitious and inclusive. 25 Member States have committed to join forces on a regular basis, to do

things together, spend together, invest together, buy together, act together. The possibilities of the Permanent Structured Cooperation are immense. "

High Representative/Vice-President Federica Mogherini, December 2017

Deepening defence cooperation through binding commitments

PESCO is a Treaty-based framework and process to deepen defence cooperation amongst EU Member States who are capable and willing to do so. The aim is to jointly develop defence capabilities and make them available for EU military operations. This will thus enhance the EU's capacity as an international security actor, contribute to the protection of EU citizens and maximise the effectiveness of defence spending.

The difference between PESCO and other forms of cooperation is the legally binding nature of the commitments undertaken by the participating Member States. The decision to participate was made voluntarily by each participating Member State, and decision-making will remain in the hands of the participating Member States in the Council. This is without prejudice to the specific character of the security and defence policy of certain EU Member States.

Steps towards a Permanent Structured Cooperation

On 13 November 2017, as the first formal step towards setting up PESCO, Ministers signed a **common notification** on the PESCO and handed it over to the High Representative and the Council. The notification sets out a

Based on this notification, on 11 December 2017, the Council took the historic step to adopt a **decision** establishing PESCO and its list of participants. A total of 25 Member States decided to participate in PESCO^[1].

The participating Member States also agreed on a declaration identifying the first 17 collaborative PESCO projects, in the areas of capability development and in the operational dimension. They range from the establishment of a European Medical Command, an EU Training Mission Competence Centre, Cyber Rapid Response Teams and Mutual Assistance in Cyber Security, to Military Disaster Relief and an upgrade of Maritime Surveillance.

Structure and Governance

PESCO has a two-layer structure:

- **Council Level:** Responsible for the overall policy direction and decision-making, including as regards the assessment mechanism to determine if participating Member States are fulfilling their commitments. Only PESCO members are voting, decisions are taken by unanimity (except decisions regarding the suspension of membership and entry of new members which are taken by qualified majority).

- **Projects Level:** PESCO's effectiveness will be measured by the projects it will develop. Each project will be managed by those Member States that take part in it, under the oversight of the Council. To structure the work, a decision on general governance rules for the projects has been adopted by the Council.

PESCO Secretariat: The European Defence Agency (EDA) and the EEAS, including the EU Military Staff, are jointly providing secretariat functions for all PESCO matters, with a single point of contact for the participating Member States.

Implementation of PESCO

On 6 March 2018, the Council adopted a [Recommendation which sets out a roadmap](#) for the further implementation of PESCO.

Assessing the fulfilment of the more binding commitments:

- Each participating Member State is required to communicate every year a National Implementation Plan (NIP), informing the other participating Member States on how it is contributing to fulfilment of the binding commitments it has undertaken. These National Implementation Plans form the basis of the assessment process, as described in the Council decision establishing PESCO. The High Representative will present annually a report on PESCO to the Council. On this basis, the Council will - also annually - review whether the participating Member States continue to fulfil the more binding commitments.
- In line with the Recommendation on the Roadmap adopted by the Council on 6 March 2018, the participating Member States will submit their National Implementation Plans every year in January. Based on the assessment done by the PESCO secretariat, the High Representative will present the annual PESCO report to the Council in spring, in view of the Council's review of the fulfilment of the commitments by the individual participating Member States.

Taking forward the PESCO projects

- On 6 March 2018, the Council formally adopted the first set of [17 different projects and the](#) project members for each of them.
- On 25 June 2018, the Council adopted a Decision establishing the common set of governance rules for the PESCO projects. It includes an obligation to report on progress to the Council once a year, based on the roadmap with objectives and milestones agreed within each project.
- Each year, the process to generate new projects will be launched in view of

updating the list of projects and their participants, by November by the Council. Assessment criteria have been developed by the PESCO secretariat to inform the evaluation of the project proposals by the participating Member States.

Third States participation in PESCO projects

- While membership of the Permanent Structured Cooperation is only for those Member States who have undertaken the more binding commitments, third States may exceptionally participate at the level of PESCO projects.
- As a first step, the Council envisages to develop the general conditions under which third states may exceptionally be invited to participate in PESCO projects..

The Council will decide whether a third State meets these requirements. Following a positive decision, the project may then into administrative arrangement with the concerned third State, in line with procedures and decision-making autonomy of the Union.

PESCO - an instrument relevant for the security of the EU and its citizens

- PESCO is both a permanent framework for closer cooperation and a structured process to gradually deepen defence cooperation within the Union framework. It will be a driver for integration in the field of defence.
- Each participating Member State provides a plan for the national contributions and efforts they have agreed to make. These national implementation plans are subject to regular assessment. This is different from the voluntary approach that is currently the rule within the EU's Common Security and Defence Policy.
- PESCO is designed to contribute to making European defence more efficient and to deliver more output by providing enhanced coordination and collaboration in the areas of investment, capability development and operational readiness. Permanent structured cooperation in this domain will allow decreasing the number of different weapons' systems in Europe, and therefore strengthen operational cooperation among Member States, connect their forces through increased interoperability and enhance industrial competitiveness.
- PESCO will help reinforce the EU's strategic autonomy to act alone when necessary and with partners whenever possible. Whilst PESCO is underpinned by the idea that sovereignty can be better exercised when working together, national sovereignty remains effectively untouched
- Military capacities developed within PESCO remain in the hands of Member States that can also make them available in other contexts such as NATO or the UN.

PESCO as part of a comprehensive defence package

PESCO is closely connected to the new Coordinated Annual Review on Defence ([CARD](#)) and the European Defence Fund (EDF). They are complementary and mutually reinforcing tools supporting Member States' efforts in enhancing defence capabilities:

- CARD, run by the European Defence Agency, through systematically monitoring of national defence spending plans, will help identify opportunities for new collaborative initiatives.
- The EDF provides financial incentives for Member States to foster defence cooperation from research to the development phase of capabilities including prototypes through co-financing from the EU budget. PESCO projects may benefit from increased EU co-financing, which could amount to 30% - instead of 20% - for prototypes.
- PESCO will develop capability projects responding to the EU priorities identified by EU Member States through the Capability Development Plan, also taking into account the results of the Coordinated Annual Review on Defence. Eligible projects could also benefit from financing under the EDF, as explained above.

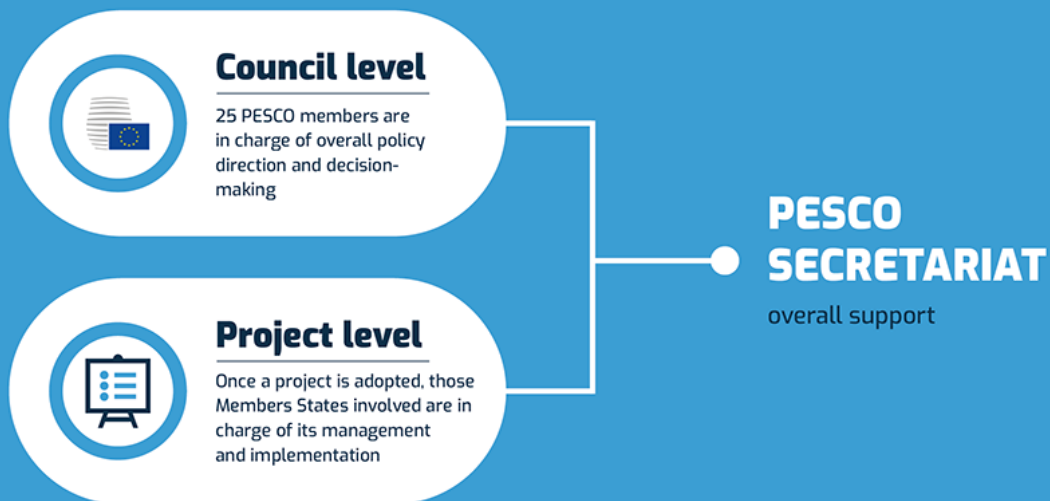
[\[1\]](#) The participating Member States are: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Croatia, Cyprus, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Spain and Sweden.



PESCO - WHAT IS IT?

Permanent Structured Cooperation, treaty-based framework and process to deepen defence cooperation among participating Member States to develop capabilities and increase their operational availability.

HOW DOES IT WORK?



PESCO SECRETARIAT - WHAT IS IT AND WHAT DOES IT DO?

- ▶ Run by EEAS (Crisis Management and Planning Directorate and EU Military Staff) and European Defence Agency
- ▶ Supporting identification and implementation of new projects
- ▶ Project assesment and support for new PESCO projects
- ▶ Supporting PESCO participating Member States

17 PROJECTS
ADOPTED



AS OF 06/03/2018



17 PROJECTS ADOPTED IN 3 AREAS



COMMON TRAINING AND EXERCISES

- European Training Mission Competence Centre
- European Training Certification Centre for European Armies



OPERATIONAL DOMAINS (LAND, AIR, MARITIME, CYBER)

- Armoured Infantry Fighting Vehicle
- Indirect Fire Support
- Deployable Military Disaster Relief Capability Package
- European Crisis Response Operation Core (European Force)
- Maritime Surveillance
- Maritime Mine Counter Measures
- Harbour Protection
- European Cyber Information Sharing Platform
- European Cyber Rapid Response Teams



JOINT AND ENABLING CAPABILITIES (BRIDGING OPERATIONAL GAPS)

- European Medical Command
- Network of logistic Hubs in Europe and support to Operations
- Military Mobility
- Strategic Command and Control System for CSDP Missions and Operations
- Energy for Operational Function
- European Secure Software for Radio Systems

ROADMAP OF PESCO PROJECTS

Adoption of Council decision with first list of 17 projects and their participants

03/2018

PESCO secretariat to call for proposals for new and focused set of PESCO projects

05/2018

Council to adopt coherent set of governance rules for the PESCO projects

06/2018

Process to identify, select and assess the next set of PESCO projects

05-10/2018

Council to adopt Decision updating the list of projects with a new set of PESCO projects.

11/2018

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