



A Strategy for Security and Development in the Sahel

Transatlantic Symposium on Dismantling
Transnational Illicit Networks
Lisbon, 18 May 2011

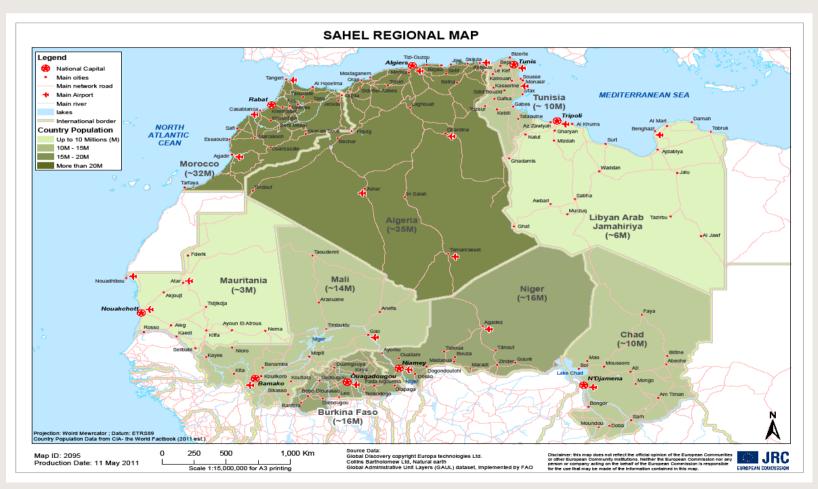


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 - c. Means and ways
- 3. Key considerations
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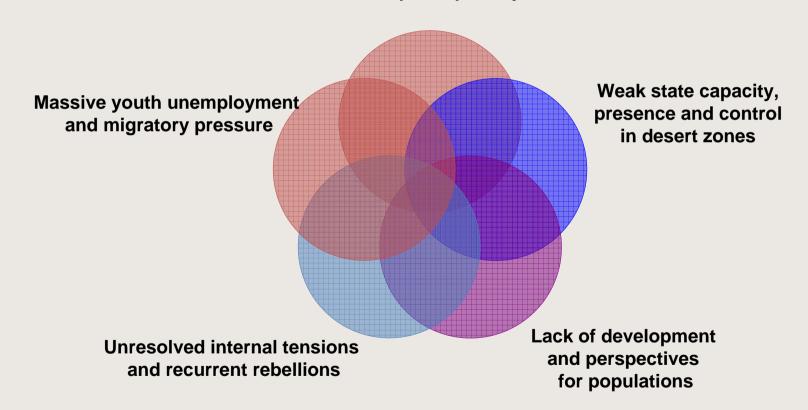
0. MAP OF SAHEL





1. CONTEXT: COMPLEXITY OF CHALLENGES

Wide-spread poverty

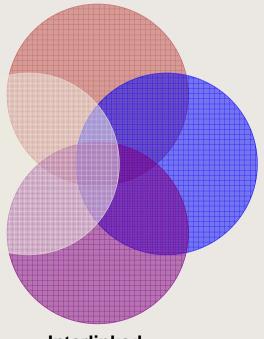




1. CONTEXT - CROSS-BORDER THREATS

Terrorism AQIM

Trafficking & Organised Crime



Interlinked rebellions & insurgencies

Violent radicalisation & Proselytising



2. STRATEGY FOR SECURITY AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE SAHEL

- presented by the High Representative, in association with COM to the Foreign Affairs Council on 21 March.
- the Council recognised the multi-faceted and interlinked challenges faced by the countries in the Sahel region, both individually and regionally
- the Council welcomed the strategic objectives and invited the HRVP and the Commission to make proposals of steps and actions in order to develop and implement the Strategy.
- the Council invited the High Representative to take forward consultations with partners in the region, the AU and ECOWAS.



2A. STRATEGIC ORIENTATIONS

- <u>Security and development</u> are interlinked and need to be handled together.
- Regional and <u>comprehensive response</u> to the challenges in the Sahel is necessary, encompassing diplomatic, security and development elements.
- Geographic focus: primary focus on Mauritania, Mali and Niger, placed in a larger regional context reaching out towards Maghreb and West Africa



2B. STRATEGIC LINES OF ACTION

1. Development, good governance, internal conflict resolution

- 2. Political and diplomatic
- 3. Security and the rule of law
- 4. Prevention of violent extremism and radicalisation



LOA 1: DEVELOPMENT, GOOD GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONFLICT RESOLUTION

- Activities:

- economic development
- social services
- governance and administrative state presence
- home-grown solutions to social, political and ethnic tensions

- Outcomes:

- contested regions unlocked through infrastructure development;
- employment and economic opportunities sufficiently enhanced to counterweigh economic alternatives generated by AQIM and criminal economy;
- the State re-establishment is effective and benefits from the consent of the concerned populations;
- decentralised governments provide governance, law enforcement, justice and social services to populations;



LOA 2: DIPLOMATIC AND POLITICAL

- Activities:

- Within EEAS: **Senior Sahel Coordinator**, assisted by a dedicated Sahel desk officer, to lead the political and diplomatic work to:
 - promote a common vision and a regional strategy of the Sahel countries
 - engage with partners (concerned States, Maghreb countries, AU, ECOWAS, and wider international community).

- Outcomes:

- joint strategy on security threats adopted by the concerned countries, with highest level political endorsement;
- specific regional structures established or strengthened to deal with transnational security threats;
- comprehensive and balanced national strategies and actions plans on rule of law /security /justice prepared and adopted.



LOA 3: SECURITY AND THE RULE OF LAW

- Activities:

- Supporting the capacities of security and the rule of law sectors (including in the area of dismantling illicit trafficking networks):
 - controlling and policing; fighting more efficiently against organised crime and domestic banditry;
 - law enforcement/judicial approach to terrorism and organised crime;
 - supporting the re-deployment of the state in under-governed zones, including improving border management capacities;
 - encouraging/supporting the development of regional operational cooperation in the field of security and the rule of law.

Outcomes:

- safe and secure environment in the Sahel region is gradually achieved;
- Sahel States redeploy effectively in the contested regions;
- law enforcement and justice system in place and capable of operating effectively against terrorism and criminal activities;
- regional operational tools developed.



LOA 4 : PREVENTION OF VIOLENT EXTREMISM AND RADICALISATION

– Activities:

- helping enhance the resilience of societies to counter violent extremism by:
 - supporting civil society,
 - prevention programmes;
 - working with competent organisations promoting tolerance and non-violence.

– Outcomes:

- civil society develops a strong counter-narrative capable of countering radicalisation;
- conditions leading to radicalisation are effectively addressed;
- best practices in the region have been identified.



2C. MEANS AND WAYS FOR IMPLEMENTATION

- LOA 1: financial instruments: EDF, Instrument for Stability, Thematic Programmes and Budget Lines
- LOA 2: diplomatic visits to Sahel and Maghreb countries and international partners to present the Strategy, dialogue on its implementation
- LOA 3: possible means: CSDP action, strengthening of EU Delegations, creation of a Sahel Security College
- LOA 4: linking activities under EU internal and external policies to effectively prevent extremism and radicalisation

Available resources:

- already ongoing and programmed activities : €650 million (€450 million for Sahel and €200 million for Maghreb)
- possible additional envelope of €150 million



3. KEY CONSIDERATIONS

- Political will, ownership and leadership by Sahel counterparts and African organisations (AU, ECOWAS).
- EU's role is to <u>support</u> the Sahel countries and their initiatives and <u>not to substitute</u> them.
- EU builds on its existing engagement in the region.
- The Strategy will provide a framework for coherence and coordination of ongoing and future actions of EU and its MSs and possibly for international partners.



4. NEXT STEPS

- Proposals of steps and actions to further develop and implement the strategy under preparation
- The Strategy shared with the Sahel countries and EU's bilateral and multilateral partners
- Implementation phase
- EU Member States and non-EU partners will be encouraged to mobilise resources around the objectives of the Strategy



Thank you for your attention!