



Rule of Law and Security

Security is a basic human need and a fundamental prerequisite for sustainable development. It is widely acknowledged that there is a strong relationship between good governance, law and security on the one hand and economic development and poverty reduction on the other. The role of the state and its security forces directly impact upon the opportunities for sustainable development and peoples' physical security. Strengthen the law enforcement institutions and their capacity; strengthen the fight against corruption; promote transparency, accountability and sound management will contribute to achieve good governance that is key to curb poverty.

The European Commission's (EC's) support on Rule of Law and security is designed to respond to Government of Indonesia priorities - combating corruption, promoting greater respect of human rights and combating trans-national crime. Through effective law enforcement supported by an independent and impartial judiciary, the Indonesian state will ensure that rule of law takes precedence over the vested interests and corruption which have to date continued to undermine the full potential of the nation.

Corruption is one of the most serious problems that the world has faced in the last decades. It is a cross-border and interlinked issue which poses political, economic, financial, socio-cultural challenges to the international community, including in the Asia Pacific region. Corruption undermines justice, democracy, ethical values, good governance and the rule of law. It can also destabilise governments and taint public service. In the long run, corruption can exacerbate poverty as well as further jeopardise sustainable development.

Strengthening the Rule of Law and Security in Indonesia (€ 12 million) Programme: The programme aims to promote democracy, the rule of law, and rebuild trust of the general public in the law enforcement agencies.

1. Project: Improve effectiveness and efficacy of fight against corruption in Indonesia via improving capacity of Corruption Eradication Commission (KPK) and enhancing implementation of National Action Plan on Corruption Eradication (RAN PK 2004-2009)

Duration: 36 months, EC co-financing: € 2.4 million

Beneficiary regions: Nationwide

Implementing partner: Not yet selected

Project description: The project aims to contribute to the effective implementation of RAN-PK 2004-2009 and improving its monitoring and evaluation and to increase the integrity of the law enforcement and oversight apparatus (KPK, BPK/ State Audit Board, police, public prosecutors, and the Anti-Corruption Court) including improving its corruption



investigation, prosecution and coordination techniques as well as to undertake a series of effective corruption preventive measures and to strengthen consultation mechanisms, enhanced public participation (checks and balances).

2. Project: Support to Indonesian National Police to implement POLMAS (National Community Policing Strategy) in the context of the RAN HAM (National Action Plan for Human Rights) 2004-2009

Duration: 36 months, EC co-financing: € 5 million

Beneficiary regions: Nationwide

Implementing partner: International Organisation for Migration

Project description: Support the implementation of police reform through training on community policing and human rights. The project aims to contribute to the implementation of National Action Plan on Human Rights/ RAN HAM 2004-2009 by assisting in the creation of a democratic and professional Indonesian police force whose respects human rights. In this context it is foreseen that the action would contribute to the acceleration of the implementation of POLMAS, Human Rights, and promotion of gender equality among first-line, mid-level and high ranking officers nationwide, enhance the knowledge and skills of INP police officers in Community Policing (CP) techniques and on Human Rights (HR), enhance the capacity of the Department of Law and Human Rights (DLHR) and the RAN HAM national and provincial committees in the implementation and monitoring of RAN HAM as well as would stimulate the general police reform, in particular in the field of recruitment policy and other operational management procedures.

3. Project: Support to improved security by provision of capacity building to the Jakarta Centre for Law Enforcement Cooperation (JCLEC)

Duration: 36 months, EC co-financing: € 5 million

Beneficiary regions: Nationwide

Implementing partner: United Nations Organisation on Drugs and Crimes

Project description: the project aims to improve the rule of law and security in Indonesia by strengthening the investigative and management capacities of the Indonesian National Police (INP) and other law enforcement agencies so that they are better able to detect, prevent and investigate serious transnational crime. The action also intends to strengthen the capacity of the Indonesian National Police in investigation management, share experiences and intelligence with their counter-parts in the region to better fight against organised crime and to strengthen collaboration between European and South East Asian law enforcement agencies. In this context it is foreseen to develop a five year training and education plan for JCLEC, establish training quality standards guidelines for the Centre and conduct staff development workshops for JCLEC academic staff.