



# News Coverage

prepared for: **The European Union delegation to Egypt**



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## Newspapers (11/1/2012)



Pages: 1

Author: Wajih al-Saqqar, Ibrahim Imran, and Wahbah Said

### Three major Celebrations on January 25



Mahmoud Abd al-Wahab, member of the Executive Bureau of the Revolution Youth Alliance, stated that there would be three big celebrations on the first anniversary of the January 25 Revolution.

Abd al-Wahhab stated that the Revolution Youth Alliance met with General Ismail Etman of the SCAF for coordination purposes.

Another celebration will include a football match that will be held in the presence of Egyptian singers and actors. The income will be devoted to the revolution victims.

A parade will also be organized by the Armed Forces.

front page, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Authors: Muhammad Anz, Ingie al-Batreeq (and others)

### **The Second Phase of Parliamentary Elections in al-Ahram (Domestic Scene)**



Egypt's first post-Mubarak elections continue. The second phase of elections to lower house started, yesterday, in nine governorates, including more outer districts of the capital. The elections are in the spotlight of the Egyptian media.

In its coverage, al-Ahram points out a "high turnout." According to al-Ahram, 99% of the polling stations opened their doors for voters on time.

Field Marshal Husayn Tantawi assigned SCAF members to follow up on the elections in the polling station.

The Muslim Brotherhood's Freedom and Justice and Salafist al-Nour are coordinating to gain individual seats in some constituencies.

The main reported violations were related to collective elections and breaching the pre-election silence.

Head of the High Elections Commission Abd al-Muizz Ibrahim denied rumors, accusing a number of judges at Shajarat al-Durr School in Giza of stuffing ballots. Ibrahim denied the rumor that he described as "malicious."

General Hamdi Badin, director of the Military Police Directorate said nine people were detained because of breaching the pre-election silence, campaigning.

In Giza, the turnout was low at some constituencies and higher in others. Conflicts between candidates' supporters were reported.



Nermin al-Shawadfi reported on clashes between supporters of the individual candidates with white weapons.

Some polling stations opened two hours late due to administrative errors. Karimah Hifni, a voter at Abu Bakr al-Siddiq polling station in the second constituency in Shaqiya, said she came out of fear of being fined. Ingie al-Batree pointed out a remarkable turnout of ladies in al-Shaqiyah. She said the number of women was greater than that of men voters.

Muwaffaq Abu al-Nil reported on an unprecedented turnout in Aswan's villages.

In Kafr al-Dawwar, "skirmishes" were reported between the supporters of the Freedom and Justice and those of the Egyptian Bloc.

In Suez, women's presence was remarkable. Amr Ghunaimah reported that one person was shot near the polling station of Muhammad Farid Elementary. The shooting was over personal reasons. Islamists were remarkably present in Suez. Skirmishes were also reported between supporters of the Freedom and Justice and those of Salfist al-Nour.

Moderate turnout was reported in Sohag, where elections were suspended in the second constituency because of papers confusion.

Turnout was low in Beni Swef and voters' lists included names of dead people.

The U.S Ambassador Anne W. Patterson visited polling stations in Giza. The visit aroused great controversy and was seemingly unwelcomed by many politicians and men of law.

In a press conference, head of the High Elections Commission stated that the commission avoided many of the errors of the first phase.

Ibrahim was concerned about the ongoing breach of the pre-election silence. He also reiterated his support to all the court rulings related to the elections.

Answering al-Ahram's question about the American ambassador's visit to some polling stations, Ibrahim said it was normal and no one should worry about it. He said ambassadors have the right to check out the polls.

Responding to foreign objections to imposing fines on absentees, Ibrahim said that it was an interior issue, rejecting foreign interference.

Wagih al-Saqqar and Muhammad Hijab reported on Islamists' violations of the pre-election silence.

Muhamamd Tulbah al-Shafii reported on statements of a well informed official that 2075 hours were assigned in the media to cover the elections.



The Freedom and Justice Party filed a claim against supporters of al-Nour Party for attacking two of the Freedom and Justice Representatives in Shebin al-Kom.

Villagers of Shubarat al-maymounah in Zaqaziq boycotted the elections because of the absence of security.



Pages: 3

Author: Not mentioned

### **Amitai between Cairo and Tel Aviv**



Yacoub Amitai, Israel's ambassador to Egypt, met with Spokesman of the Egyptian Ministry of Foreign Affairs Hussams Zaki.

After the meeting, Amitai said he was looking forward to strengthening relationships with the Egyptian government.

Amitai lives between Cairo and Tel Aviv where he goes every week.



Pages: Front, 4

Authors: Ahmed Shalabi and Ahmed Abd Al-Latif.

## Mubarak Trial Session No.17: Laughter, Tears and Quarrels



The 17<sup>th</sup> session of the trial of former president Hosni Mubarak, his two sons Alaa and Gamal, Habib Al-Adli, former minister of interior, and six of senior security officials has seen laughter, cries and few quarrels. A number of civil-rights lawyers gave political speeches through their pleadings, thus the presiding judge, Ahmed Refaat, had to suspend the trial three times.

The session began with a quarrel between civil-rights lawyers on the priority of their pleadings. The presiding judge decided that the court will only listen to 10 lawyers who will present their case. He asked them to coordinate their work before the session resumes.

One of the lawyers, Sayed Fathi, said that General Omar Soliman's testimony proves that Mubarak knew there were protesters killed or injured. Attorney Said Mostafa said that all the elements of the crime are there according to the testimonies of a number of police officers who said that police forces were provided with live ammunition and machine guns. A number of lawyers accused the Ministry of Interior of destroying the evidence.

Attorney Medhat Al-Morsi, a parent for one of Tahrir injured protesters, cried during his speech and prayed for God to punish Mubarak and other defendants. He said his son was a student in Al-Azhar's University and that he peacefully protested and was shot by thugs hired by the regime.



There was also some giggling in the court over the poor performance of some of the plaintiff lawyers. One of the lawyers demanded the court to oblige Gamal Mubarak to return 75 tons of gold he stole from state's funds. Egyptian State Lawsuits Authority demanded the court to oblige the defendants to pay a compensation of LE1 billion for the intentional damage they caused in state's funds through corruption and exporting gas to Israel. Attorney Fathi Abo Al-Hasan demanded the court to charge Mubarak with treason.

At the end of the session, the court decided to adjourn trial until January 17 and specified the sessions in which the court will hear Mubarak's defense to be from January 17 to 22, Al-Adli's defense January 23 - 30, and the rest of the defendants January 31 - February 16, 2012.

Outside the court, clashes were triggered once again between Mubarak's supporters and families of the January revolution martyrs. Martyrs' families burnt a picture for Mubarak and demanded retribution.

Repeated in: Al-Sherouk: Front Page; Yom 7: Pages 1, 7; Al-Dostour: Pages 1, 4; Al-Gomhoreya: 1, 7



Pages: 3

Author: Khaled El-Shami.

### Statements by Potential Presidential Candidates



Dr. Mohamed Selim Al-Awa, potential presidential candidate, confirmed that there is now an agreement between political forces and SCAF generals on drafting the new constitution before holding presidential elections. In an interview with the BBC, Al-Awa said, "A meeting took place between representative of political parties and SCAF on November 22, 2011. The Freedom and Justice Party, Al-Nour Salafi Party, Al-Wasat, Al-Wafd, and the Democratic Front all agreed to this proposal."

Sheikh Hazem Salah Abo Ismail, potential presidential candidate, said that the Army cannot stay in power and treat us as if we were some mobs. He demanded the army to issue a statement to confirm that they will refrain from interfering in the drafting of the new constitution. This is the task of the Constituent Assembly that will be elected by members of the parliament, he stressed. "How can the police expects us to celebrate their national day on January 25 when they did not try any of the officers accused of killing Egyptians last January?" he asked.



Pages: 3, 6, 7

Authors: Salah Al-Balk, Ahmed Abu Deraa (and others)  
**Elections updates**



Runoffs ignited another round of accusations and quarrels between supporters of the Freedom and Justice Party and Al-Nour Salafi Party as the two parties compete for 12 seats. Several fights broke out between their supporters in some governorates.

“Groups supporting Al-Nour Salafi Party in Alexandria gave out flyers promoting their candidates in front of one of the polling stations and Army forces chased them away,” a spokesman for the FJP said. Ashraf Thabet, a member of the high board of Al-Nour, said his party did not commit any violations and whoever claims that should prove it and file a complaint to the High Elections Commission.

A number of human rights organizations reported violations on the first day of the runoffs including; delay in opening some of the polling stations, campaigning in front of polling stations, collective voting, preventing citizens from voting in some areas, etc. One World Foundation for Development mentioned in its report that voter turnout was extremely low and some polling stations were almost empty. They wrote that there were delays in opening polling stations that ranged from 15-45 minutes. According to them, the most obvious campaigns in front of polling stations were those made by Al-Nour Salafi Party and Mortada Mansour.

Violation of elections silence continued during the runoffs of the third phase in three governorates (Al-Daqahlia, Al-Gharbia and Al-Qalyubia) amid low turnout.



Some of the candidates who were defeated during the third phase gathered their supporters and put up barricades and sat tires on fire in Qena. They protested against the Administrative Court's refusal of all contestations they presented to consider elections invalid and demand re-election. Security forces were able to contain the situation and arrested a person who threatened to attack one of the judges supervising elections.

In Al-Sahel constituency, voter turnout was very low and some polling stations were completely empty. Some candidates offered voters free rides to polling stations. Al-Nour Salafi Party circled the area with cars and used microphones to call on people to vote for their candidates.

Alexandria, Aswan, Al-Shaqriya, and Assiut were calm on the first day of the runoffs in constituencies in which there were re-elections based on court's decision to cancel their previous results. Many observers had expected a huge voter turnout after many contestations were made against the results of previous elections.



# الجمهورية

Pages: 4&5

Authors: Yasser Imam, Ahmed Helmy (&others)

## Gomhoria Election Updates



Runoffs in Aswan’s polling stations witnessed a very low turnout. The polling stations in Kom Umbo and Edfu witnessed an average turnout by the supporters of tribes’ candidates.

A delegation from FJP agreed with the Egyptian Federation of Tourism Chambers that there must be a representation of tourism in the Constituent Assembly. Their meetings discussed the possibility of introducing amendments on tourism-related legislations.

After the Administrative Court’s ruling to cancel the elections in South Sinai, the governorate witnessed a violent reaction and three political parties filed a contestation against the ruling.

FJP called on SCAF to consider January 25<sup>th</sup> a national holiday for the revolution instead of considering it the National Police Day.

After casting his vote in yesterday’s runoffs, Wafd Party Head, El-Badawy El-Sayed said that the numbers his party won so far does not live up to Wafd’s history. However, is considered a great addition to any coalition it enters, he added.



Page: 1  
 Author: Wael Saad

## Suzan Mubarak's Women for Peace Initiative: Cover For Smuggling



Informed Sources told El-Dostour newspaper that the Swiss Ministry of Finance contacted the Egyptian government for information regarding Suzan Mubarak's International Women for Peace Initiative to confirm whether or not it is a cover up for money smuggling.

The Swiss Ministry of Justice arrested two of the Initiative's officials in Genève for money smuggling investigations.

The Egyptian Movement for Returning Egypt's Smuggled Wealth announced that a number of Egyptian female figures are in charge of Suzan's financial portfolios. They were responsible for lifting the freeze on her financial assets and transferred her money to different accounts under different names.



Page: 5

Author: Tarek Roshdy, Ahmed Abu Bakr (&others)

### Dostour Elections Updates



Abd El-Moez Ibrahim, head of the HEC, assured that the polling stations in the third phase runoffs started on time yesterday, under supervision of the appointed judges. Runoffs are scheduled for two days ending today.

#### Abd El-Moez announced:

Elections in South Sinai and Qena’s third constituency were cancelled. Elections in both constituencies will be held on January 14<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup>, with the runoffs on 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>.

Runoffs in Daqahliua’s first constituency were temporarily suspended till another date is set for them.

Suspending the elections in those constituencies was to follow the rulings of the Administrative court in this regard. The elections were also held in the constituencies in which elections were cancelled; Cairo’s first constituency in El-Sahel, Alexandria’s third constituency, Sharquia’s fifth constituency, Asyut’s second and third constituencies, and Aswan’s multi member constituency.

Abd El-Moez Ibrahim meets Former President, Jimmy Carter, chairman of Carter International Observation Center, to discuss the center’s observations on the parliamentary elections in Egypt. The Center dismissed concerns over the integrity of the Egyptian elections. The center praised the democratic atmosphere and the decrease in breaching “pre-election silence.”

El-Sahel constituency witnessed a very low turnout in the elections that did not exceed 25%. The majority of voters were females.



FJP in Qalyobiya denied entering any coalitions or alliances with former NDP members. The Party's central operations rooms witnessed disparity in the voters' turnout; the multi-member constituency witnessed high turnout, while runoff elections witnessed a very low one.

Marsa Matrouh elections witnessed a weak turnout, while most supporters of Nour Salafi Party were present. Menya and Gharbia had a very poor turnout as well.

The competition in North Sinai runoffs is limited to Nour Salafi Party and FJP candidates.



Pages: 4

Author: Safiya Hamdi

### Carter Turns a Blind Eye to NGOs



Former American President Jimmy Carter met Prime Minister Kamal al-Ganzouri. Carter is in Egypt to participate in monitoring the parliamentary elections as head of the Carter Center.

In his meeting with al-Ganzouri, Carter did not tackle the recent NGOs crisis.

He, however, praised the elections results and stated that his organization was to issue its final report after the end of the third phase.

The meeting also tackled the US aid to Egypt. Laila Ahmad Bahaa al-Din, vice assistant minister of Foreign Affairs reported on Carter's statements that the strong relationships between Egypt and the U.S.A necessitate maintaining the US aid to Egypt.

Pages: 4, 5, 6

Author: Karem al-Disiti, Muhammad Muneer and others

### Election Updates in al-Tahrir



Low turnout was reported in the runoff round of the third phase of elections to the lower house.

Violations were also reported. Electoral campaigns continued during the runoffs.

Gunfight was also reported during the runoff round in al-Gharib village in Asyut. The fight was because of personal conflicts.

Low turnout was reported in Asyut, where elections were repeated in the second and third constituencies due to 12 court rulings that had annulled the elections in these constituencies in the first phase.

Some people blocked the roads to polling stations in Asyut as a protest against the lack of gas bottles.

The electoral violations were mainly committed by the Muslim Brotherhood's Freedom and Justice and Salafist al-Nour Party who pulled voters and used loudspeakers to campaign for their candidates.

The Armed Forces stopped some campaigns.

Runoffs started late in some stations due to the late arrival of judges.

In Qalyoubiya runoff polls continued in the first constituency in spite of an Administrative Court ruling to annul elections in the single-member and slate constituencies.



In Aswan judges were late and, consequently, polling stations opened late.

Former American President Jimmy Carter visited polling stations in al-Sahel constituency in Cairo, where elections of the first phase were annulled.

Vote counting will start today.

In Daqahliya, Salafist al-Nour allied with former NDPs in the fourth fifth and sixth constituencies against the candidates of Muslim Brotherhood's Freedom and Justice.

Three lawsuits against the elections results in South Sinai were rejected, and very low turnout was reported in the runoffs.

In al-Gharbiya, Salafaists and former NDPs allied against the Freedom and Justice Party and al-Wafd Parties.

In Menia, 400 null votes were reported.

The Administrative court accepted all the lawsuits filed against the elections in the second constituency in Qena.

Elections were annulled in five constituencies.



Pages: 8  
 Author: Karem Hajar al-Dusouqi

### The Muslim Brotherhood Avoids Angering SCAF



General Secretary of the Muslim Brotherhood’s Freedom and Justice Saad al-Katatni told the Washington Post that the group was avoiding clashes with the SCAF and wanted to end the transitional period peacefully.

Al-Katatni also declared that forming the government was no longer on the Brotherhood’s priority list, arguing that all the political players had agreed on keeping al-Ganzouri’s government until the presidential elections.

According to al-Katatni, the critical phase Egypt is passing through requires cooperation between the Parliament, SCAF and the Government.

Al-Katatni asserted that the SCAF would hand over the legislative authorities to the Parliament.

The Muslim Brotherhood’s priority after the presidential elections is to be present at service ministries.

Al-Katatni expressed his objection to demonstrations that lead to chaos.

Al-Katatni also revealed that the Muslim Brotherhood leadership had met U.S officials four times over the past few months. He believes that the meetings prove the powerful position of the group.

Al-Katatni stated that the U.S.A was worried about the Camp David treaty. He asserted that the Muslim Brotherhood was not interested in launching wars. The Muslim Brotherhood promised the U.S.A to respect the treaty, with a possibility to reconsider it in the future.

Al-Katatni said the Muslim Brotherhood had not discussed the future of Camp David, stressing that the social services come on the top of their priorities.



Pages: 8

Author: Mahmoud Husam

## USAID Restores Egyptian Academy



The USAID, the Library of Congress and the American Research Center in Egypt responded to the Egyptian Minister of Culture to help restoring the Egyptian Academy and its content that was burned out during the last clashes in al-Qasr al-Aini Street.

The USAID will fund the necessary tools and equipment needed for the restoration of the building and the books and manuscripts. The Library of Congress, however, will offer technical help to preserve the books and indexing.



### HEC: Voter Database Updated Ahead of Presidential Polls



The voter database will be modified ahead of the presidential elections, said member of the Technical Committee of the High Elections Commission Alaa Qotb.

The names of convicted criminals will be removed from the list, while the names of those who turned 18 will be added, Qotb said in a press conference.

As for the elections of the Shura Council, the upper house of the Parliament, the HEC will depend on the same database used during the polls of the People’s Assembly, the lower house of parliament, he said.

Page: 6 and 7

Author: Rami Nawar, Yasmin Moussa, Jacklene Mounir, Abdel-Rahman Youssef, Mahmoud Osman, Mohamed el-Bahrawi, Mohamed Reda and Hend el-Gharbi.

### Election Updates



Celebrations were held in Qena after a court ruling to halt the announcement of the parliamentary elections results of the governorate's third constituency.

In the remaining constituencies in Qena, voters' turnout in the runoffs was extremely low.

A state of confusion was seen in Cairo's first constituency, where the reruns are taking place, after the location of some sub-committees was changed.

All in all, the rerun vote went calmly in the Cairo constituency but voters turned out in weak figures.

A similar scene was observed in Alexandria's third constituency, also having the rerun elections, in terms of voter turnout.

In this constituency, 133 candidates, including 10 women, are vying for the individual seats.

Meanwhile, eight candidates accused a "governing body" of manipulating the database of voters in favor of the "Democratic Alliance," to which the Freedom and Justice Party is a member.



The eight candidates said they filed lawsuits with the Administrative Law Court against SCAF head Field Marshal Hussein Tantawi, Prime Minister Kamal el-Ganzouri, Interior Minister Mohamed Ibrahim and Chairman of the High Elections Commission (HEC) Abdel-Moez Ibrahim.

The lawsuits call for nullifying the results of the elections nationwide.



Page: 1

Author: Not mentioned

## Anger Over Appearance of ex-Egyptian Finance Minister at LSE Lecture



The London School of Economics (LSE) was accused of giving special treatment to former Egyptian finance minister Youssef Boutros Ghali, who showed up at a public lecture months after a Cairo court sentenced him, in absentia, to 30 years in prison for profiteering and abusing state and private assets.

Ghali was ushered out of a side-door by security men shortly before the end of the lecture, The Guardian reported.

"The LSE authorities should be ashamed of themselves," said Dina Makram-Ebeid, a PhD student in anthropology at the university, who stood up at the lecture and said that she and others were "appalled" at Ghali's presence.

Ghali has been living openly in London despite being convicted of corruption and profiteering in Egypt and the issuance of an Interpol red notice.

Repeated in Al-Dostour (page 1)



Page:3  
 Author: Khaled Moussa

**Tayyeb: I'm Ready to Die as Martyr in Palestine If Factions Agreed to Reconcile**



Al-Azhar Grand Imam Ahmed el-Tayyeb said he was ready for martyrdom on Palestinian lands if Palestinian factions materialized the national reconciliation agreement.

During a meeting with visiting Hamas Prime Minister Ismail Haniyeh, Tayyeb said the Palestinian reconciliation will contribute to the Arab unity.

Pages: 3

Author: Khaled Moussa

### **Tayyeb Announces Azhar Document on Freedoms**



Al-Azhar Grand Imam Ahmed el-Tayyeb disclosed in detail the main principles contained in Al-Azhar's document on basic freedoms.

According to Tayyeb, the document reiterates the right to belief, expression of opinion, artistic creativity and scientific research.

The document was compiled by a group of Al-Azhar scholars and Egyptian intellectuals, Tayyeb said.

It also criminalizes suppression and discrimination.

Repeated in Al-Tahrir (page 7)

Pages: 6 and 7

Author: Noman Samir, Hamada el-Shodafi, Asmaa Badawi, Mohamed Antar, Ahmed Sebaq, Enjy el-Tokhi and Amr Bahr

## Election Updates



A low turnout was observed in the rerun of the parliamentary elections in Cairo's first constituency, which is held in tandem with the runoffs of the third and final phase of the polls.

Electioneering activities went on by supporters of the Freedom and Justice Party (FJP), the political arm of the Muslim Brotherhood, Salafist Al-Nour Party, the Egyptian Bloc and Al-Wafd Party in the Cairo constituency.

The situation was not that different in Alexandria's third constituency, where the rerun took place.

Meanwhile, South Sinai was divided after the High Elections Commission (HEC) decided to disqualify the elections there and rerun them on January 14 and 15, with the runoffs on January 18 and 19.

A low voter turnout was also seen in al-Wadi al-Jadid and Matrouh.

The results of the elections in Daqahliya's third constituency were invalidated by the Mansoura Administrative Court.



Pages: 8, 9  
 Author: various

### Akhbar Elections Updates



HEC Head, Abd El-Moez Ibrahim, said:

- Election results will be announced next Wednesday.
- Run-offs went smoothly without any problems.
- Yesterday elections of the cancelled constituencies started.
- 12,000 judges and members of judicial authorities are supervising the elections.

Head of HEC Executive Office said:

- Voting will start today at 8:00 am. The polling stations will not close their doors until the last citizen casts his vote.
- The vote counting process will not take place in substations.
- HEC is to decide the status of the elections in Daqahlia’s first constituency.

Verbal clashes took place between FJP and Al-Nour Party supporters in Al-Wadi Al-Gadeed.

There was a low turnout in the election in Menya governorate.

Agriculture road connecting Nagaa Hamadi and Qena was blocked by civilians rejecting the results of the elections.



Results of the elections in Naga Hamadi were cancelled due to:

- The number of voters exceeded the number of ballot papers.
- The votes of expatriates were not counted in the final results.

Al-Sharkeya:

- The governorate witnessed low turnout.
- 10 ballot stations opened late.
- Candidate survived after a murder attempt.

Kalyobeya:

- Low turnout.
- Elections continued even after the Court's ruling to suspend voting in the north constituency.
- Breaching the "pre-elections" silence.
- Nour and Asala Party candidates coordinate with the candidate of 6<sup>th</sup> April 6 Movement against FJP.

Jimmy Carter said: Islamic parties leading the polls expresses the will of Egyptians.

Clashes took place between Mortada Mansour and FJP supporters in Meet Ghamr.

Administrative Court decides that Meet Ghamr results are invalid.

Gharbeya:

- Low voter turn-out.
- Some judges arrived late.
- Salafis forge an alliance with independent candidates against FJP candidates.
- Salafis boycotted run-offs after rumors an alliance between their party independents.

Cairo, El-Sahel constituency:

- The first day for voting passed with almost no problems. The constituency's streets witnessed massive traffic jam.
- Polling stations dedicated for women witnessed high turnout.
- Limited publicity violations.
- FJP used buses to transfer the voters to the stations.



Alexandria:

- Low turnout as some people didn't know that elections are conducted in some constituencies.

There were three contestations filed in Al-Menya.



## TV Coverage (10/1/2012)



**Program: Al-Hayat Al-An (News)**

**Channel: Al-Hayat**

**Host: Maha Bahnasy**

Court decisions stops the elections in 5 constituencies and low voter turnout in the runoffs of the third phase.Q

HEC Head said elections in South Sinai and Qena will be conducted on January 14 and 15. Another date will be set for the elections of the first constituency in Daqahliya.



**Program: Masr Al-Gadeeda (Talk Show)**

**Channel: Al-Hayat 2**

**Host: Moataz Al-Demerdash**

Guests:

Princess Basma, King Saud Bin Abdulaziz's Daughter

Princess Basma said:

The problem for Egypt's revolution is that it started without someone to head it.

I think that if Al-Nour and FJP rule Egypt, they will rule it gnoring the citizens' opinion.

I want to reform the society in Saudi Arabia.



**Program: Misr Tanyakheb**

**Channel: CBC**

**Host: and Khairy Ramadan**

Guests:

Nehag Al-Borae, Activist

Al-Borae talked about the runoffs in the third phase of the elections.



**News All Day  
Channel 1" National TV"**

Voting in the runoff continues.

According to a court decision, South Sinai elections will be conducted on January 14 and 15.

Elections started in the constituencies where they were postponed.

Advisory Council discusses, today, the future of the transitional period.

Elections in the first constituency in Daqahliya is suspended and runoffs in the third constituency in Qena.



### Links

[http://admin.home.ipsos2012.operaunite.com/file\\_sharing/content/AL%20HAYAH%202-20120110-215632-220955.rar](http://admin.home.ipsos2012.operaunite.com/file_sharing/content/AL%20HAYAH%202-20120110-215632-220955.rar)

[http://admin.home.ipsos2012.operaunite.com/file\\_sharing/content/AL%20TAHRIR-20120110-200224-223554.rar](http://admin.home.ipsos2012.operaunite.com/file_sharing/content/AL%20TAHRIR-20120110-200224-223554.rar)

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## Radio Coverage (10/1/2012)



**News**

**Channel: Radio Masr**

The Administrative Court in Mansoura decided to halt the announcement of the results of the third constituency in Dakahliya governorate.



**News**

**Channel: Al-Sharq Al-Awsat**

Today is the run-off of the last phase of the elections.

HEC Head decided that South Sinai elections will be conducted on January 14 and 15.

HEC:

- Rerun elections in Qena on Saturday and Sunday.
- The elections of the first constituency in Dakahliya will be halted temporarily and a new date is yet to be set.

The rerun elections are held today is in Alexandria in Moharam Bek district.

The Administrative Court decided to halt the elections of the first constituency in North Dakahliya that contains the following areas:

- Benha
- Tookh
- Kafr Shokr

Today the runoffs of the third phase of the elections ended. In this phase, 86 candidates competed for 43 seats in 8 governorates.



### Links

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## Internet Coverage (11/1/2012)



### We are all Khaled Saeed

Celebrating the revolution now does not make sense; we will celebrate it when power is fully handed over to a civil authority elected by the people. It's true, we have achieved in one year more than we could have ever imagined but we are still in a transitional period. The Parliament's authorities are limited and the constitution has not been drafted yet. The Revolution is not over yet.

Ayman Nour, former Ghad Party leader, was accused of inciting Ministerial Cabinet Street clashes (despite being the first to support Gazouri's government; calling people to give him a chance in his article on El-Yom7 newspaper). Second charge he is facing is "misleading" people to believe that there is still corruption in the country.

Many ask what our demands are, after SCAF's promise to hand over power within 6 months. In February 14th, the Council promised -in an official statement- that power will be handed over to an elected president within 6 months. Then, in Message No 28 it denied that saying presidential elections will be postponed till 2012. It assured that the constitution will be drafted after the People's Assembly is elected and the president is in office. In September their words changed, saying that presidential elections will be held in 2013.

Had not it been for Mohamed Mahmoud clashes, they would not have announced that relinquishing power will take place in June. Then we were surprised by their announcement that the constitution will be drafted before electing the president which deems it impossible to hand over power in June. There is nothing called promises in politics. We need stability in our country again, thus we need a civilian authority as soon as possible.

### Egyptian Cabinet

#### Al-Ganzory:

Discussed with The Egyptian House ways for expatriate Egyptians in USA to help in boosting Egypt's economy.

Said that he supports businessmen by issuing some decisions that can boost Egypt's economy.

Held a meeting with businessmen in order to discuss the issue facing them and find solutions to boost Egypt's economy.



Met Former US President Jimmy Carter, Head of Cater Center for Human Rights, an NGO that supervised the elections in Egypt and described the elections as fair, positive, and reflective of the citizens will.

Ministry of Interior continues its campaigns to end the unstable security conditions.



**Arabawy**

TEData #egyworkers on strike  
[http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KkhZ3SmqZUY&feature=player\\_embedded](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KkhZ3SmqZUY&feature=player_embedded)

Around 400 technicians at TEData, the biggest internet service provider in Egypt, are currently on strike, over job security.



Twitter

**AsmaaMahfouz**

Nawara Negm will be summoned for investigation tomorrow at 12 over charges of misleading the public by spreading ideas that corruption still exists.

I am very optimistic that we will achieve victory and I won't allow anyone to make me feel depressed about the revolution.

**AalamWassef**

Send me your #jan25demands so I can make a video out of them.

**waelabbas**

Many people still need to retaliate from Mubarak. For example, Sinai's Bedouins.

It seems that we will have a civilian country with Islamic reference.

I have a piece of news that I do not know what to do with: USD14mn are left in a villa that Mubarak owns in Sharm El-Sheikh. Suzan is negotiating with a Gulf prince –not a Saudi- to transfer this money on his private jet. He wants a large percentage of the money in exchange.



Muslim Brotherhood Site

## **FJP Denies Coordinating With Candidates outside Democratic Alliance in the Runoff**

Elections kicked off in the runoff for the third and last round of the parliamentary elections Tuesday morning.

Reruns are also taking place in numerous governorates after voting was canceled by the Higher Administrative Courts including the North Cairo district, where 12 candidates will compete for seats on both the individual and party-list seats. In Aswan, the runoff is between 4 candidates on the electoral list, and in Assuit 4 candidates are competing for individual seats in the second and third districts. Four individual candidates are also competing in the runoff in Sharqia in the second and fifth district, while in Alexandria, 2 candidates will be competing for the individual seats in the third district in Maharem Beh.

The following report outlines updates from the first day of the runoff:

1- The Freedom and Justice Party's 'operation room' indicating that turnout is higher at the districts with party-lists runoff in comparison to districts with runoffs for the third time. It is expected that turnout will increase however throughout the day.

2- The party's legal committee filed a request with the HEC to correct FJP candidacy for no. 92 (cactus symbol) Kamal Hassan Mahdy in the North Cairo district on the ballot paper from professional to workers both on the ballot forms and to take note also at the vote counting centers. The committee pointed out that Mahdy was listed as fielding for the professional seat rather than the workers seat which will in turn deem the election invalid.

3- The FJP recorded circulating false rumors that the party had formed alliances for the runoff with independent candidates in numerous districts and governorates. In turn people viewed with misgivings that the party formed an alliance with candidates affiliated with the outlawed former ruling NDP in the Qena and Qalubeya constituencies.

The party reiterates that it is committed to the Democratic Alliance (DA), and asserts that with all due respect for competing candidates, no agreements or alliances have been made with any other candidates or parties.

The party warns against the false use of the FJP's name during campaigning stressing that perpetrators will face charges.



### **FJP Press Release Number 45, Legislative Elections 2011-2012 (Phase III)**

The first day of the run-off for the third phase of the Egyptian People's Assembly elections has come to a close. This round has so far witnessed a moderate turnout in most constituencies, with rates of participation almost 20%.

The three-stage electoral process started on the 28th of November 2011 and surpassed all obstacles, thanks to the positive and active participation of the Egyptian people who navigated this stage skillfully, proving their ability to effect change. The FJP is confident that they will turn out strongly and effectively during the second day of run-off voting, to confirm their determination to contribute in the making and shaping of their future.

During this round, the FJP observed certain antics and maneuvers by a number of candidates aimed at stopping the elections in some constituencies and repeated dramatically throughout this stage. This prompts us to demand of the High Judicial Elections Commission to take all necessary measures and actions to ensure that re-elections run smoothly and end on schedule, so the 23rd of January 2012 would be the best celebration for the Egyptian people – for the anniversary of the January 25 Revolution.

The FJP believes that the upcoming parliament must have consensus among the parties represented in it, and that it must be in harmony with the interim government and the Supreme Council of the Armed Forces (SCAF) entrusted with the powers of the President of the Republic until the completion of the democratic transformation in Egypt through the elections of the Shura Council and the selection of the Constituent Assembly (CA) to write the new constitution as presidential elections get underway. The FJP believes the CA needs to represent all political and other stakeholders, parties, currents and the visions of the Egyptian people, since the Constitution is an agreement between the people and the government. Therefore, it is important that all groups and sectors of the people in society are involved in the drafting of this contract. The CA must also be completely free to write this Constitution without interference from any quarter.



## ▪ Publication overview

### ❖ **Al-Ahram: Egyptian state-run official daily newspaper**

Founded in 1875, is the most widely circulating Egyptian [daily](#) newspaper, and the second oldest after al-Waqa'i`al-Masriya (English: The Egyptian Events, founded 1828). It is majority owned by the [Egyptian government](#).

### ❖ **Al-Akhbar: Egyptian state-owned semi-official daily newspaper**

It was founded in May [1952](#) as a part of [Akhbar El Yom](#).

### ❖ **Al-Gomhoria: Egyptian state-owned daily newspaper**

An influential state-owned [Egyptian Arabic language](#) daily [newspaper](#). It was established in 1954.

### ❖ **Al-Shorouk: Egyptian daily independent newspaper**

Is a prominent Arabic newspaper published in Egypt [\[1\]](#) and several other Arabic nations It is a daily independent newspaper, covering mainly politics, militant affairs and sport.

### ❖ **Al-Masry al-Yom: Independent daily newspaper**

On 7 June 2004, it published its first edition. The paper initially circulated primarily amongst Cairo's intellectual elite, providing objective news coverage in the belief that good news would beat sensationalist reporting found in other Egyptian print media. After 3 years, it was challenging *Al-Ahram* for the status of being the national paper of record. Though

### ❖ **Tahrir: Daily independent newspaper**

### ❖ **Dostor: Daily independent newspaper**

### ❖ **Yom 7: Daily independent newspaper**



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