



**Ipsos MediaCT**  
The Media, Content and Technology Research Specialists

## News Coverage

Prepared for: **The European Union to Egypt**





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## ▪ Publication overview

### ❖ **Al-Ahram: Egyptian state-run official daily newspaper**

Founded in 1875, is the most widely circulating Egyptian daily newspaper, and the second oldest after al-Waqa'i`al-Masriya (English: The Egyptian Events, founded 1828). It is majority owned by the Egyptian government.

### ❖ **Al-Akhbar: Egyptian state-owned semi-official daily newspaper**

It was founded in May 1952 as a part of Akhbar El Yom.

### ❖ **Al-Gomhoria: Egyptian state-owned daily newspaper**

An influential state-owned Egyptian Arabic language daily newspaper. It was established in 1954.

### ❖ **Al-Shorouk: Egyptian daily independent newspaper**

is a prominent Arabic newspaper published in Egypt<sup>11</sup> and several other Arabic nations. It is a daily independent newspaper, covering mainly politics, militant affairs and sport.

### ❖ **Al-Masry al-Yom: Independent daily newspaper**

On 7 June 2004, it published its first edition. The paper initially circulated primarily amongst Cairo's intellectual elite, providing objective news coverage in the belief that good news would beat sensationalist reporting found in other Egyptian print media. After 3 years, it was challenging *Al-Ahram* for the status of being the national paper of record. Though

### ❖ **Tahrir: Daily independent newspaper**

### ❖ **Dostor: Daily independent newspaper**

### ❖ **Yom 7: Daily independent newspaper**



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## Newspapers (21/11/2011)

### ❖ Al Tahrir Square Coverage



Cairo witnessed a renewal of violence by security forces against protesters in Tahrir Square. Some 200 people, who were injured during the January 25 revolution, had started their sit-in on November 11, demanding a clear plan for the Victim's of Revolution Fund to give them their due rights, among of which is their promised financial compensations. A number of revolutionary youth joined them after the Friday protests of November 18 to show support for their demands. Surprisingly, Central Security Forces intervened to put an end for the sit-in using excessive force against protesters. This violent behavior enraged large numbers of people, mostly those who partook in the January revolution. They all gathered in the square to condemn this violent attack. Police and Army forces confronted protesters using live bullets, birdshot pellets and a large amount of teargas canisters leading to more escalation. Protesters secured all exists of the Tahrir Square and declared an open-ended sit-in, SCAF to hand power over to civilians, in addition to a full reform of the infamous Ministry of Interior. Clashes continue to this moment with death toll reaching 20 and hundreds of injuries among protesters.



## Al Ahram Newspaper

1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 14, 18)

Author:

Ismail Gomaa, Hany Barakat, Mohamed Zakaria, Nehad Nabil, Essam Abd El-Kereem, Mamdouh Shaaban, Gamal Abul Dahab, Abeer El-Morsy, Mohamed Hegab, Ismail Gomaa, Ayman Farouk, Fatma El-Desouky, Reham Mazen , Heba Saeed, Amany Maged, Sameh lasheen and Hany Ezzat

### **Escalation of clashes**

Ahram reports of yesterday's events mentioned that the joined forces of military and civilian police evacuated the square in the evening. Later they retreated giving protestors the opportunity to return to the square. The intensity of their clashes escalated as the night went on. The heavy bombardment of gas bombs set protestor tents on fire. It also started a small fire in Tahrir governmental complex which was rapidly controlled.

Ahram's reporter, Ismail Abu El-Dahab, described the battle as a "restoration of dignity" where both sides refused to leave the battlefield. Protestors organized their forces and held their ground despite all gunshots and tear gas bombs. The reports mentioned that protestors surrounded the Ministry of Interior yesterday afternoon. Bloody clashes erupted causing the injuries of 77 policemen. The Public Prosecution has started investigations on the events and heard statements of 41 suspects and the victims in hospitals.

Mohamed El-Sherbeeney, Ministry of Health spokesperson, stated that 942 were injured; 912 in Tahrir, 4 in Alexandria, 26 in Suez, all of whom are stable now. The clashes in front of the Ministry of Interior left 192 injured and 3 dead.

Ramy Yasseen, Ahram reporter, followed the clashes between in Alexandria where Bahaa El-Senousy, political activist, died and 2 cars were set on fire.



The cabinet members held an emergency meeting and another one with SCAF members. Minister of Culture, Emad Abu Ghazy tendered his resignation, protesting to the violent crackdown on Tahrir protestors. Minister of Interior, Mansour El-Essawy stated that no live ammunition was used on protestors. He assured that - those he called- "rioters" shot at the protestors and were apprehended. They are now interrogated by Public Prosecution. Prime Minister, Essam Sharaf was reported saying that the ongoing tension aims at postponing the elections; however the cabinet is committed to the current election date.

SCAF member, Mohsen El-Fangary was reported in Ahram saying that the parliamentary elections will be held on time. He stated that if 60% of the upcoming parliament members are well chosen, the country will be in safe hands. SCAF issued a statement, reported by Ahram's Mamdouh Shaaban, saying that it has assigned the government to carry full investigations on Tahrir events. It stated that SCAF does not aim at extending the transitional period by any means.

Presidential candidates; Mohamed El-Baradei, Hamdeen El-Sabahy, Amr Moussa and Abul Fottooh condemned using extreme violence with the protestors, while Sleim El-Awa threatened with civil disobedience if this continues. Revolution Youth Coalition condemned the extreme use of violence with protestors and called for an open sit in. 18 other revolutionary forces called for an open sit in till a rescue government is formed.

Islamic forces accused CSF with brutality; however, they called on protestors to leave the square. MB, in a statement, held El-Selmi responsible for the events. They called SCAF to hand over power by mid 2012, as reported Mohamed Anz.



## Al-Akhbar Newspaper:

Front Page, 2, 4, 5, 6

Authors: Eissa Morshed, Amr Galal (and others)

### **War in Tahrir Square**

Tahrir Square turned into a battlefield yesterday afternoon when violent clashes took place between police and army forces and protesters who had their sit-in in the square, Al-Akhbar mentioned. Army forces were able to empty the square in half an hour and gained control over the area, while protesters ran in Downtown streets and hid inside buildings to protect themselves from attacks by the security. The military police arrested tens of protesters and warned others from entering the square again, firing rounds of live bullets in the air. Clashes resulted in the death of 13 martyrs and the injury of 214. Hospitals received many protesters suffering from teargas suffocation, live bullets and “birdshot” pellets.

According to Al-Akhbar journalists, the situation looked like a “street war” between protesters and Central Security Forces in clashes that continued for more than 40 hours. Protesters closed the Tahrir Square and secured its entrance. They announced an open-ended sit-in until the SCAF declares handing over power to civilians on April 20 and demanded full reform of the Ministry of Interior. Al-Akhbar said thousands of protesters surrounded the Ministry of Interior throwing Molotov Cocktails and rocks against the building, and were confronted by security forces.



## Al-Gomhoreya Newspaper:

Front Page, 2, 3, 4,

Authors: Ahmed Gomaa, Tamer Al-Maghrabi (and others)

### **Tahrir Clashes.. An Ongoing Show**

“What we need most now is wisdom to prevent the deviation of the revolution from its intended goals,” wrote Al-Gomhoreya journalists. They mentioned that clashes began yesterday in an early hour when security forces surrounded a sit-in that took place in Tahrir Square by some of the protesters. Thousands attacked security forces with rocks and stones to prevent them from entering the square, and security responded by throwing teargas canisters on them. Clashes were mostly seen in Mohamed Mahmoud St., linking Tahrir Square to the headquarters of the Ministry of Interior, and the street was full of huge amounts of rocks and was covered with teargas smokes.

Al-Gomhoreya quoted Deputy Minister of Interior as saying that they did not use “birdshot” pellets at all, despite the large number of injuries among police forces; which reached 70. He called on protesters to leave the square so that the elections can be carried out. He denied all allegations of the use of live bullets against protesters who are, according to him, “nothing but groups of thugs, street vendors and rioters.” The newspaper focused on statements made by military officials who called on political forces and media to undertake their national role and prevent these clashes. “The people will never allow gamblers and risk-takers to lead them to the unknown,” a military official said.



## Al Dostour Newspaper

Page (1, 2, 3, 4)

Authors: Emad Hamdy, Sobhy Abd El-Salam, Ahmed Ghonim, Tawfeek Shaaban, Ahmed Hassan, Wael Fayez, Ahmed Ghonim

### **Bloody Clashes in Tahrir**

Dostour reports focused on the heavy clashes that occurred in Tahrir square between military police and security forces on one side, and protestors in the square on the other. Military police armored vehicles evacuated the square in record time; less than 5 minutes, using extreme force on protestors. Protestors managed to regroup and were able to reenter the square. Protestors persevered as Central Security Forces (CSF) attacked, using tear gas and rubber bullets. "It was a lot like a war zone", Dostour described.

Tarek Roshdy quoted Mohsen El-Fangary, SCAF member as saying that those behind the events are exploiting revolution victims.

"An overwhelming feeling of anger prevailed after yesterday's events" as Dostour put it. They reported that the Egyptian mainstream considered CSF's techniques in breaking the sit-in acceptable, compared to American police methods in dispersing protestors. The general view is that those who vandalized police cars are "thugs" because this is public property.

The Ministry of Health reported that 928 were injured in the events of Tahrir, Alexandria and Suez, as reported by Ahmed Hassan. The protestors target the building of the ministry of Interior while security forces desperately defend it.



## Al Tahrir Newspaper

Author: Nora Fakhry, Mohamed El-Galy, Ahmed Mostafa, Hany El-Houty

### **Back To Square One**

Thousands arrived to Tahrir square yesterday, joining the state of attack and retreat between protestors and security forces. Security forces used tear gas and rubber bullets to disperse protestors and prevent them from reaching the Interior Ministry building. Protestors responded by throwing rocks and Molotov. Dozens fainted, being suffocated by tear gas. Casualties were transported to the field hospital in the square. A group of protestors smashed pavements to hurl rocks at security forces. Others formed teams to transport the injured. Protestors set up tents and formed public street defense committees to secure all entries to the square, as Hany El-Houty reported on the second day of clashes between protestors and CSF.

He also mentioned that, by the end of the day, residents of the neighborhood tried to convince protestors to leave, but failed. They formed committees to lead passing cars to detours away from the clashes. On the other side, security personnel looked extremely exhausted after another day of ongoing clashes.

Dana El-Hadidi reported the Head of Therapeutic Medicine, Essam Sheha as saying that only 170 of the injured were transferred to hospitals, of which 158 discharged, while 737 were treated in the square.

A doctor in the square's field hospital was reported in the paper saying that 7 died by live ammunition, while 777 were injured. The injuries are mostly shots in the eyes and superficial wounds. There were numerous suffocation cases.

National Council for Human Rights in Egypt called for forming a fact finding committee to investigate the events, Ahmed Mostafa reported.

Mahmoud Saad followed the clashes that took place in Mohamed Mahmoud Street, opposite to the Ministry of Interior. After security forces retreated from the square to



protect the Ministry, fierce clashes erupted. Protestors blocked the street using burnt tires to prevent the forces from returning to Tahrir, allowing only ambulances to pass

On the second day of violent clashes in Tahrir, Egyptian Army Special Forces stormed the square in an attempt to evacuate it from protestors, reported Yom7. Presidential candidates Salah Abu Ismail and Selim El-Awa joined protestors. Amr Moussa, presidential candidate and former prime minister of Egypt, interrupted his trip to Arab countries and is now on his way back to Cairo. He was reported as saying that a cabinet reshuffle was not the answer. As for Hamdeen El-Sabahy, another presidential hopeful, Yom 7 reported his call for a National Rescue Government.

The Ministry of Health stated that 1144 were injured, 158 of which were discharged after receiving treatment, while 737 were treated inside the square.

Nora Fakhry wrote in Yom7 newspaper that 68 public figures addressed a message for Tantawi also calling for a National Rescue Government, while SCAF keeps its “temporary” role as the state head.

General Mohsen El-Fangary, deputy director of the Medical and Social Fund for January 25 Revolution victims, stated that there are certain entities behind Tahrir events but refused to name them. He asserted that the parliamentary elections will be held on time, according to Mohamed El-Galy, Yom7 reporter.

Yom 7 reported that some parliamentary candidates, like Amr Hamzay, have suspended their campaigns to support Tahrir protestors.

Fierce clashes took place in Alexdria resulting in one death; Bahaa El-Senousy, age 25. Other demonstrations took place in Damietta and Behaira supporting Tahrir protestors, Abdullah Salah said in his coverage of the demonstrations in different governorates.



Authors: Abd Al-Rahman Abbadi, Yasmine El-Geyoushi (and others)

“He leaves.. We won’t leave” was the chant we heard during the January 25 revolution, and it is the chant echoing in Tahrir Square today as protesters were enraged by the ferocious police attack against a sit-in by some of those who were injured during the revolution. There were hundreds of injuries, and reports of deaths, in a scene that brings back the image of brutality and suppression of the Mubarak regime, wrote Abdel-Rahman Abbadi in Tahrir newspaper.

Reports mentioned in Tahrir newspaper show that Central Security Forces attacked protesters in Tahrir Square, yesterday evening, forcing them out of the square, in an attack that resulted in 192 injuries and 3 deaths. Clashes between police forces and protesters continued until yesterday at noon when Military Police interfered to clear the square from protesters. Security forces also arrested tens of protesters, including children, considering them “rioters”, to be referred to military courts. Ibrahim Eissa, Editor-in-Chief of Tahrir newspaper, blamed the Supreme Council of Armed Forces for the violence in Tahrir Square. “SCAF has clearly failed to run the affairs of the country during this transitional phase. The result of their failure is all what we see now; security chaos, economic deterioration, and political instability.”

“The situation did not require the brutal force used by the police. Ministry of Interior still needs an internal reform. The current situation escalated and things have become worse. Egypt needs all our wisdom now,” Dr. Wahid Abd Al-Mageed, election’s coordinator of the Democratic Alliance, told Al-Tahrir newspaper. The Muslim Brotherhood demanded in a statement that the SCAF reveals its intentions and announces a timetable for handing power over to civilians. Tahrir reporters followed the development of protests that broke out in other governorates across the country. Thousands of protesters gathered in Alexandria, Suez, Ismailia, and other cities, to denounce police attacks against Tahrir protestors. Also, clashes occurred in Suez and Alexandria between protesters and police and army forces.

The first press conference of the Cabinet of Ministers seemed more like an opportunity to acquit SCAF from responsibility of the incidents of violence in Tahrir Square and condemn protesters, wrote Tahrir journalists. Major General Mohsen Al-Fangari, member of SCAF, stated that these violent events will not affect the date of elections. “The blood of innocent people injured or killed in Tahrir is in the hands of SCAF and the Egyptian Police,” said one of the protesters.



Hossam Al-Hindi and Yasmine Al-Geyoushi from Al-Tahrir newspaper wrote that the violent events in Tahrir Square were similar to the clashes that took place between peaceful protesters and police forces during the January 25 revolution.

## Al-Masry Al-Youm:

Front Page, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10

Authors: Farouk Al-Desouki, Fatma Abu Shanab (and others)

### **Tahrir Gains Victory over Kobri Al-Qobba**

Al-Masry Al-Youm's major title was "Tahrir Gains Victory over Kobri Al-Qobba," referring to the area where the Supreme Council of Armed Forces is located. Chaos characterized the scene in Tahrir Square as police and army forces intervened, yesterday evening, to put an end to a sit-in by some protesters. Clashes continued since then between protesters and security forces and resulted in lots of injuries among protesters. These heated events brought back the images of Tahrir Square during the January 25 revolution. The final results of the clashes were 7 martyrs, who died mostly of suffocation by teargas, and 212 injuries were caused by by teargas, rubber bullets and "birdshot" pellets fired against them by security forces.

According to Al-Masry Al-Youm's reporters, the situation was not different in other governorates. Bloody clashes occurred in Alexandria between protesters and security forces, resulting in the death of a political activist, Bahaa Al-Senousi, and in loads of injuries among protesters. In Suez, the Third Field Army prevented protesters from attacking Al-Arba'in Police Station. Military sources reported 15 injuries among its members during the clashes in Suez, describing them as minor.

Al-Masry Al-Youm journalists described the violent events as "the longest day in the history of the revolution since February 11." Field doctors confirmed the increasing number of people injured from weapons used by police forces. Tahrir protesters said Egypt is witnessing a new wave of the revolution, and political forces have to determine whose side they will take; the revolution or the SCAF.

In response to these clashes, Al-Masry Al-Youm revealed that the Sharaf Cabinet tendered its resignation to the SCAF in objection to violence used against



protesters in Tahrir and SCAF denied it. Also, Minister of Culture Dr. Emad Abu Ghazi resigned to in objection to the way security forces dealt with peaceful protesters.

SCAF issued a statement in which they said that they will not allow anyone to hinder the democratic transformation. SCAF is keen to implement a timetable for handing power over to a civilian elected authority, the statement mentioned. Major General Mohsen Al-Fangari accused external powers of using political movements in Egypt to disrupt elections and hinder Egypt's democratic transition.

## **Al Shorouk**

Pages (1,3,4, 5, 6, 7)

Authors: Mohamed Saad, Magdy Abul Fotooh, Mohamed Antar, Ahmed Ewaes, Mohamed El-Fekki, Mohamed Salem, Youssef Wahby, Mohamed Antar and Mohamed El-Feqqi

### **Tahrir's Anger**

20,000 protestors were present in Tahrir square yesterday in what they described as "another night of anger." Clashes in Tahrir escalated as thousands of protestors stood up to CSF throwing rocks and Molotov. Security forces used armored vehicles, birdshot pellets and tear gas to disperse protestors. 10 fell dead during CSF's attempt to evacuate the square. The total death toll is now 12. Protestors held an army officer captive after the army arrested 2 doctors from the field hospital. Alexandria, Ismailia, Tanta and Sinai also witnessed bloody clashes demanding that SCAF hands over power, as described in Shorouk's coverage of the events.

Shorouk reported a statement by the Ministry of Health, saying that 10 died and 921 were injured. Forensics will start working to determine the cause of death. Statements by HEC and the cabinet asserted that the parliamentary elections will be held on time. Prime Minister Sharaf expressed in a statement his gratefulness to the Ministry of Interior for using "utmost self restraint" with protestors. He stressed the citizens' right to demonstrate however it cannot be exploited to shake the country's security and stability.

Presidential candidates; El-Baradei, Abul Fottoh, Amr Mouss and Magdy Hatata, held the Military Council responsible for yesterday's events.



Page: 3

Author: Husam Zayed

### Mubarak's Medical Checks



Following the head of the medical team Dr. Yasser 'Abd al-Qader's instructions, former Egyptian President Muhammad Husni Mubarakk will undergo a comprehensive medical examination, the results of which are to be reported to the court in charge o Mubarak's trial.

Sources from the International Medical Center declared that Mubarak's medical condition is stable.



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Author: Shadya Youssef and others

### Elections Updates



HEC published an article including all the ballot stations of the first phase.

Administrative Court announced HEC must accept expired military service certificates.

“Catch remnants “and “Take Care “Facebook movements face former NDP members in Qena governorate.

SCAF plan to secure the elections includes 3 phases:

The day before the elections: Identifying the areas of most heated competitions and training the police and military officers who would be responsible for securing the elections.

Securing the elections process itself by assigning permanent security forces to the polling stations.

The elections result period, so there would be back-up forces and will stand up to any riot or security chaos.



المصري اليوم

www.almasyalyoum.com

Page: 3

Author: Basant Zain al-Din

## In Solidarity with Tahrir Demonstrators

**مظاهرات أمام مكتب الملحق العسكري المصري في واشنطن وباريس للمطالبة بسرعة تسليم السلطة**



**واشنطن - بستت زين الدين:**  
تظاهر نحو ٢٠٠ أمريكي، بينهم مصريون أمس أمام مكتب الملحق العسكري بالسفارة المصرية في واشنطن، للتضامن مع المتظاهرين المصريين في مواجهتهم مع قوات الشرطة بميدان التحرير، ومطالبة المجلس الأعلى للقوات المسلحة بالإسراع بتسليم السلطة إلى حكومة مدنية ووقف المحاكمات العسكرية للمدنيين.

**واشنطن - بستت زين الدين:**  
تحركت المظاهرات من ميدان «سكسرسون»، حيث توجد حركة «احتلوا واشنطن» التابعة لحركة «احتلوا وول ستريت» في نيويورك، وتوجه المتظاهرون إلى مكتب الدفاع الملحق بالسفارة المصرية وسجلاً، حراسة أمنية مشددة من قبل الشرطة الأمريكية.

**واشنطن - بستت زين الدين:**  
وهي العاصمة الفرنسية تظاهر العشرات من المصريين أمام مقر

**جانب من مظاهرة التي شهدتها واشنطن أمس، أ.ه.ب.**  
المكتب العسكري في باريس أمس تضامناً مع المتظاهرين السلميين بميدان التحرير، ومطالب المتظاهرون من الشباب والشيوخ والنساء بتحديد موعد لتسليم السلطة، ورفعوا لافتات

كتب عليها «ثورة.. ثورة» وإرادة الشعب المصري طوق الجميع، إلى جانب العلم المصري.. مرودين شعارات «مصر ديمقراطية، وتحيا مصر».

About 200 Americans and Egyptians demonstrated yesterday in front of Egypt's military attaché's office in Washington in solidarity with Egyptian demonstrators in Tahrir Square.

Demonstrators called on the Supreme Council of Armed Forces to hand over power as soon as possible and to stop military trials for civilians.

Similarly, dozens of Egyptians demonstrated in front of Egypt's military attaché's office in Paris for the same reasons.

Similar news was reported in al-Shurouq, p. 14



Page: 3, 7

Author: Ahmad al-Khatib

## Al-Selma Denying

# «السلمي»: لم أراجع عن الوثيقة.. والصيغة المنشورة اقتراح إخواني

«مصدر: اتفاق بين «العسكري» و«الحكومة» على إقرار الوثيقة بعد الجولة الأولى من الانتخابات.. و«التحالف» يوافق على طرح اقتراحاته للنقاش

فيها، مشدداً على أن التحالف مع أي صيغة لا تصادر الإرادة الشعبية. مرة أخرى. وأضاف عبدالمجيد له المصري اليوم: «هو عرض علينا وثيقة أجرينا عليها تعديلات. وقدمت لنا. ونشرت ماعدا تعديل واحد وهو البند الخاص بالا يكون اختيار اللجنة التأسيسية للدستور بأغلبية ثلث أعضاء البرلمان المقبل. وتغيير ليصبح بالأغلبية العادية، وهو ما نصير عليه، وهذه الصيغة التي يمكن أن توافق عليها أحزاب التحالف والكثير من القوى السياسية، مشيراً إلى أن التحالف قال رأيه في الوثيقة، لكن يجب ألا يتقبل أحد أنه يستطيع فرض شيء على الإرادة الشعبية.

أظهرت نتائج المرحلة الأولى تفوق التيار الإسلامي بما يمكنه من تشكيل الأغلبية في البرلمان فسوف يتم التمسك بتعديل ما تضمنته الوثيقة بشأن تشكيل اللجنة التأسيسية للأحزاب والقطاعات والشخصيات العامة ورجال القضاء، لافتاً إلى أن إقرار الوثيقة النهائي سيكون بعد إجراء الانتخابات. وتعليقاً على كلام «السلمي»، قال الدكتور وحيد عبدالمجيد، المنسق العام للتحالف الديمقراطي، الذي يترجمه حزب الحرية والعدالة، «نرحب أن يطرح السلمى اقتراحات التحالف على الوثيقة للنقاش، أو أن تصدر في النهاية بالتعديلات التي أجراها التحالف، أو حتى يؤجل النقاش



على السلمى

على بدء إقرار وثيقة المبادئ الدستورية، عقب انتهاء المرحلة الأولى للانتخابات البرلمانية الأيام المقبلة، بعد معرفة نتائج الجولة الأولى في الانتخابات. وقال المصدر له المصري اليوم: «إن هناك احتمالاً كبيراً بإقرار الوثيقة بعد المرحلة الأولى للانتخابات، وإنه في حال ظهور تراجع للتيار الإسلامي في هذه الجولة، بما لا تحققه الأغلبية الكافية في البرلمان، فإنه سيتم العودة إلى التعديلات الدستورية، التي تم الاستفتاء عليها في مارس الماضي، بما يشير إلى تفهيم البند الخاص الذي يعطى مجلس الشعب حق وضع الدستور.» وأشار المصدر إلى أنه في حال ما إذا

كتب - أحمد الخطيب وهانى الوزيرى، أعلن الدكتور على السلمى، نائب رئيس الوزراء، أن الحكومة لم تتراجع بشأن قبول التعديلات الأخيرة لوثيقة المبادئ الأساسية للدستور ومعايير اختيار الجمعية التأسيسية. قال «السلمي» في بيان له، أمس، إن نص الوثيقة التي نشرت أمس الأحد في الصحف هي الصيغة التي اقترحتها حزب الحرية والعدالة والمشاركون معه في التحالف الديمقراطي، وإن هذه الصيغة مطروحة للنقاش مع مختلف الأحزاب والقوى السياسية وصولاً إلى توافق مجتمعي واسع. من جانبه، كشف مصدر مسؤول عن وجود اتفاق ضمنى بين المجلس العسكري والحكومة

Vice Prime Minister Dr. 'Ali al-Selmi refuted all rumors about the Cabinet's backing on its decision to approve the amendments to the draft document setting out principles for a new constitution.

He declared that the draft that was published, yesterday, was worded by Muslim Brotherhood's Freedom and Justice Party.

In a related context, a governmental source reported on schism within the Cabinet over the draft document.

The source also reported an alleged accord between the Cabinet and SCAF to approve the document after the first phase of the upcoming parliamentary elections.

Al-Selmi asserted that the Muslim Brotherhood suggested replacing the word "secular" in the draft with "democratic."

Similar news was reported in al-Ahram, p. 1; al-Akhbar, p. 3, al-yom al-Sabe', p. 1.

Similar news was reported in al-Shurouk, p. 1 +



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Author: Muhammad 'Abd al-Qader Hassan and others

## Potential Presidential Candidates Warn of Violent Incidents



Potential presidential candidates in Egypt warn of the dangerous impacts of the violent incidents in Tahrir on Egypt's future.

Former Secretary General of the Arab League, Amr Mussa stated that the violence threatens Egypt's political future and the democracy building process.

Hamadeen Sabahi, a presidential candidate, blamed the police violent suppression of demonstrators. He criticized the security and SCAF's failure to manage the transitional period.

Majdi Hatatah, asserted that the incidents cannot be taken as a pretext to postpone the elections.

Former Prime Minister Ahmad Shafiq described the latest Tahrir Square incidents as "catastrophic" and unwanted by the people.

On his part, al-Barad'i considered actions taken to save Egypt to be a patriotic duty.

Potential presidential candidate Ayman Nour, head of al-Ghad al-Jadid political party alleged that the incidents were intended to hinder the parliamentary elections. He added that the Prime Minister and the "ruling council" shoulder all responsibility of the incidents. He further called on the Prime Minister and the Minister of Interior to resign.

Abd al-Mun'im Abu al-Futouh blamed the SCAF for the incidents and called for an urgent solution.

**Al-Shurouk also reported on reactions of the potential presidential elections to the incidents on page 3 & Similar news was reported in al-Dustour, p. 3 +**



Page 7, 12, 13

Author: Moneer Adeeb and others

## Elections Updates



Islamic Parties and Movements disclaim responsibility Tahrir Violence and threaten to organize new million-man marches if the election process is delayed.

HEC approves Wafd list in East Cairo constituency.

Wasat Party said Democratic Ally is not an alliance as it is dominated by MB.

354 thousand and 841 hundred expatriate Egyptians registered their data.

13 People's Assembly Party lists in North Sinai constituency.

Administrative Court changed the electoral attribute of some candidates in Alexandria.

Al-Nour Party started publicity by going to the people houses to introduce their candidates.

Heated competition for individual seats in Port Said.

The physically-challenged refuse HEC describing them as disabled and threaten to boycott elections.



Minister of Local Development decided to form an operations room as a preparation for the upcoming elections.

Administrative Court today to announce the verdict on the lawsuit against Freedom and Justice Party in Port Said for not abiding by the law of exercising political right.

The Egyptian Bloc electoral conference held in North Cairo, the day before yesterday, turned into a protest demonstration and chants for National Unity



Page: 7

Author: Ahmed youssef & others

# Tal'at al-Sadat's Death

**رجل طلعت السادات ومصير حزب مصر القومي مجهول**  
**توقف قلبه بعد ساعة من مؤتمر انتخابي بالخليفة.. وتخلّف عن لقاء الشهداء**  
**قريته ميت ابوالكوم ارتدت ملابس الحزن.. وتشيع جنازته عصر اليوم**

**مناجاة: احمد يوسف، عتري محمد، مصطفى الطاهر**



مكتب طلعت السادات بخاري بعد رحيله

توفي رجل مصر القومية، طلعت السادات، في منزله بشارع الخليفة، القاهرة، ليلة الجمعة، بعد ساعة من مؤتمر انتخابي بالخليفة، حيث تخلّف عن لقاء الشهداء في ميت ابوالكوم، حيث ارتدت ملابس الحزن، وتشيع جنازته عصر اليوم.

كان طلعت السادات، 64 عاماً، قد شارك في مؤتمر انتخابي بالخليفة، حيث تخلّف عن لقاء الشهداء في ميت ابوالكوم، حيث ارتدت ملابس الحزن، وتشيع جنازته عصر اليوم.

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Head of Egypt National Party Tal'at al-Sadat died of a heart attack in Cairo yesterday.

64-year old al-Sadat died hours after an electoral conference he held in Cairo. The funeral will take place today, and the late will be buried in his hometown Mit Abu al-Kom.

Tal'tat al-Sadat was a lawyer and former independent MP.

He was tried at a military court during the mandate of ousted Muhammad Husni Mubarak for offending the military institution in Egypt.

Al-Gomhoriiah headlined referring to the "unknown" destiny of the Egypt's National Party after the death of its head.

Al-Sadat was supposed to run the coming parliamentary elections that will start later this month.

Similar news was reported in al-Ahram, p. 3; al-Akhbar, p. 3, 10; al-Tahrir, p. 6; al-Dustour, pp. 1, 5; al-Shurouk, p. 3; al-Yom al-Sabe', p. 3 and al-Masry al-Yom, p. 3 +

Al-Masry al-Yom published an interview with al-Sadat reportedly conducted hours before his death.



Page: 3

Author: Ahmed refa'at

## Conflict Israel's Ambassador to Egypt



Israel's Ambassador to Egypt, Isaac Levanon arrived in Cairo yesterday. An Israeli security delegation arrived in Cairo earlier last week for investigations, along with the Egyptians Intelligence Service, about the measures needed for the Ambassador's safe return to Cairo. Investigations were also conducted on the possibility of a swap-prisoners deal.

Similar news was reported in al-Akhbar, p. 3 +

Levanon arrived for a quick 10-minute visit in which he met Egypt's Minister of Foreign Affairs.

A diplomatic source told al-Akhbar that the visit was part of a diplomatic protocol followed in the end of any diplomat's task in a given country.

According to the same source, Egypt has not yet received any formal notice concerning the new ambassador of Israel.

The source confirmed the Israeli demand to change the Israeli ambassador's headquarters in Cairo.

Similar news was also reported in al-Ahram, p. 3 and al-Shurouk, p. 3 +

Yacov Amitai is expected to arrive in Cairo soon as the new Israeli ambassador.



Page: 5

Author: Sobhy Abdel Salam

### MB and al-Selmi's Draft Document



Dr. Muhammad Musri, head of the Muslim Brotherhood’s Freedom and Justice party, and Salafi leader Muhammad ‘Abd al-Maqsoud attended a meeting with Prime Minister Essam Sharaf and Vice Prime Minister Ali al-Selmi.

They both declared that Dr. al-Selmi introduced amendments that were not yet approved.



Page: 6&7

Author: Hagar Tohamy and others

## Elections Updates

**رفض جماعى كاسح لاستخدام الأطفال فى الاحتجاجات والمسيرات**

### استغلال الأطفال فى الدعاية الانتخابية.. خطيئة السلفيين

القومي للأهوية والطفولة: ستقدم بلاغ للنائب العام ضد الواقعة «لبياء حسن» ما حدث عنف ضد الطفل بجرمه القانون والمواثيق الدولية

صفتو جرحس: «العسكري» و«العليا للانتخابات» مطالبان بالتصدي للظاهرة «د. رشاد عبده» يرفع معدلات عمالة الأطفال والجرائم الأسرية

كتبت هاجر تومى،  
أثير استغل السلفيون الدعاية الانتخابية لدى أهاليهم، حيث ألقوا بالطفل داخل الكيس وأجبروا عليه المشي، وهو ما اعتبره أهاليه جريمة خطيرة، حيث سارعوا بالتصدي للظاهرة، مطالبين النائب العام بالتصدي لهذه الممارسة، التي اعتبروها انتهاكاً للقانون والمواثيق الدولية.

في سياق متصل، صفت جرحس، وهو عضو المجلس الأعلى للقضاء، الممارسة الانتخابية التي قام بها السلفيون، قائلاً: «هذه الممارسة الانتخابية التي قام بها السلفيون، هي جريمة خطيرة، ويجب التصدي لها، وإيقافها فوراً».

وأشار جرحس إلى أن هذه الممارسة الانتخابية، التي قام بها السلفيون، هي انتهاك للقانون والمواثيق الدولية، ويجب التصدي لها، وإيقافها فوراً.

في سياق آخر، صفت جرحس، وهو عضو المجلس الأعلى للقضاء، الممارسة الانتخابية التي قام بها السلفيون، قائلاً: «هذه الممارسة الانتخابية التي قام بها السلفيون، هي جريمة خطيرة، ويجب التصدي لها، وإيقافها فوراً».

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Salafi Parties used children in their publicity by putting them inside bags as a kind of joke to attract people.

National Council for Childhood and Motherhood (NCCM) strongly criticized and refused this kind of publicity, saying it will file a lawsuit against the Salafis.

NCCM added that SCAF and HEC must take measures to stop this kind of publicity.

A member of the Reform and Development Party in Kafr Al-Sheikh withdrew from the elections.

Alexandria Administrative Court said HEC has the right to ban any candidate.

National Council for Human Rights rejects Tahrir incidents and is against delaying the elections.

Wafd Party in a conference in Al-Marg area criticizes the Salafis.

Vice President of Freedom and Justice Party said there is a random group who wants to delay the elections.



Freedom and Justice People's Assembly Party List in Matrouh was rejected and today they are waiting for Administrative Court decision.

Freedom and Justice Party publicity in Dakahleya governorate includes increasing Wheat production in the next 3 years.

Heated Competition between Salafi, MBs and former NDPs in Alexandria.

In 7 constituencies in Alexandria violence is used in elections publicity.

Al-Nour Party warned that Egypt is "targeted".

Freedom and Justice Party said that if the voters don't choose the best candidates, they will live the same conditions of the ex-regime.

59 Egyptians living in Israel filled in voting applications.

**Alexandria competition was mentioned in Al-Masry Al-Yom.**



Page: 6, 7

Author: Ahmed Saeed and others

## Elections Updates

**صوتك - ٥٠٠ جنيه**

كتب- أحمد سعيد وإيمان موسى،  
غرامة ٥٠٠ جنيه لمن لا يوافق بصفته في الانتخابات المقررة. تهديد رجحت له بيانات وفرزات اللجنة العليا للانتخابات. اختلفت جبهة أراء السياسيين بين مؤيد براد إجراء إجابتها يساعد على حشد الناخبين للمشاركة. ومعارض. يعتبره

مخالفنا للقوانين والدستور.. خبير مركز الأهرام، للدراسات الاستراتيجية، الدكتور محمد السعيد إدريس، قال إن مصر لن تمر بمرحلة حرجة، تنتج عن الجميع المشاركة في الانتخابات. لتعمل مسؤولية الاختيار، وتسمية الوصي السياسي، موضحاً أن قرار «العليا للانتخابات» بتفريم الناخبين حال عدم مشاركتهم.

أمر مقبول. خصوصاً في تلك المرحلة الانتقالية. لافتاً إلى أن ذلك الإجراء، متبع في عدد من دول العالم، مطالباً وسائل الإعلام بدور فاعل في تحفيز الناخبين للمشاركة. أياًهرواً من أسوأ «خربة الكنية»، «إجراء غير مستور»، من وجهة نظر أساتذ العلوم السياسية في جامعة قناة السويس جمال

زهران، كذلك يرى زهران أنه لا يجوز معاقبة أي مواطن بحجة عدم إدلائه بصوته الانتخابي. خصوصاً إن كانت الغرامة تعادل الحد الأدنى للأجور تقريباً. لافتاً إلى أن القصد من فرض تلك الغرامة هو الترهيب والتحفيز لا من المواطنين على المشاركة. لأن ذلك مقترن أن يحدث بالإشعاع، والتشجيع.

Secretariat of Freedom and Justice Party in Alexandria said the elections will be held on time.

Heated competition in North Cairo constituency.

Tahrir newspaper published a list of former NDP members in North and South Cairo constituencies.

Most of the expatriate Egyptians who registered were from Saudi Arabia.

A fine of EGP500 to anyone who doesn't vote in the upcoming elections.

Kalyobya:

Heated competition between Sufi and MB, Salafis.

Political forces face former NDP members in Upper Egypt.



Page: 1, 3

Author: Mohamed Salem and others

### Elections Updates



HEC announced that the elections won't be delayed even after Tahrir incidents.

Cabinet announced commitment to conduct the elections as scheduled.

Topic was covered in Al-Akhbar



Page 3

Author: Ibrahim Kassem

## 40 Candidates Got Foreign Finance

**تحقيقات قضائية: 40 مرشحاً يحصلون على تمويل أجنبي**  
هيئة التحقيق تسأل البنوك وتطلب تحريات جهات سيادية والأمن الوطنى

كتب - إبراهيم قاسم

كشفت مصادر قضائية مطلعة على التحقيقات التي يجريها المستشاران أشرف العشماوي وسامح أبو زيد قاضيا التحقيقات المتديان للتحقيق في قضايا تمويل عدد من مرشحي مجلسي الشعب والشورى في الانتخابات البرلمانية المقبلة من الخارج وتمويل المنظمات والجمعيات الأهلية، أن التحقيقات تشير إلى حصول 40 مرشحاً على تمويل من الخارج، وأن هيئة التحقيق طلبت من جهات سيادية ومن الأمن الوطنى إجراء التحريات اللازمة حول مصادر تمويل الجمعيات والمرشحين وأوجه الصرف التي تم إنفاق الأموال الخارجة فيها، كما تقوم الهيئة بالاستعلام من البنوك عن حساباتهم السرية وآخر التحويلات القادمة لهم من الخارج، لاستدعائهم في أقرب وقت.

وأوضحت المصادر أن التحقيقات توصلت إلى أن بعض تلك الأموال التي أرسلها عدد من الجهات بالدول الأجنبية إلى جمعيات أهلية مصرية، جاء من مصادر مشبوهة، وتبين أن معظم تلك الجهات المانحة للتمويل غير مسموح لها بالعمل في مصر أو تقديم تمويل أجنبي لارتكابها ما يمثل جريمة غسل أموال، فضلاً عن مخالفة الجمعيات الأهلية الشروط اللازمة للحصول على تمويل، كما أن الجهات الحكومية لم تكن على علم بمصادر هذا التمويل، كما تم استخدام تلك الأموال في التمويل السهاسي والعمل على إثارة البلبلة وزعزعة الاستقرار عن طريق الحشد والدعوة إلى الفتنة، وتسلمت هيئة التحقيق أمس الأول من وزارة التضامن الاجتماعي، بعض البيانات المطلوبة بشأن الجمعيات المشهورة في إطار التحقيقات التي تجريها بشأن الجمعيات الأهلية والمنظمات.

أشرف العشماوي

Judicial investigations revealed that 40 Parliamentary candidates received foreign funds.



Al-Akhabar: 3, 9

Author: Khaled Miry and others

## Elections Updates

### اللجنة القضائية العليا تناقش قانون تصويت المغتربين في اجتماع عاجل لجان عامة وفرعية للتصويت بإشراف السفراء والقناصل

**كتب خالد ميرى:**  
أكد المستشار عبدالعزيم إبراهيم رئيس اللجنة القضائية العليا للانتخابات ورئيس محكمة استئناف القاهرة أن انتخابات المرحلة الأولى لجلس الشعب، ستجرى في موعداً 28 نوفمبر الحالي في محافظات 28 حيث تم استكمال كل الاستعدادات للانتخابات التي ستجرى تحت إشراف قضائي كامل ويتألف من القوات المسلحة والشرطة وأكد رئيس اللجنة العليا تولفكر كالة الضمانات لتطبيق نزاهة وشفافية الانتخابات وضمان أن تغير لفظ عن رأي الناخب المصري وحده.

وأكد المستشار بسري عبدالكريم رئيس الكتب الفني للجنة العليا للانتخابات أن اللجنة ستعقد اجتماعاً خلال ساعات مناقشة القانون الصادر بمشاركة المصوتين المغتربين في الانتخابات. وسوف ترسل قراراتها وتوصياتها إلى وزارة الخارجية للتولفعا بصفتها الجهة المشرفة على تصويت المغتربين حيث حدد القانون أن تتم عملية التصويت بشكل يطابق التصويت داخل مصر عن طريق لجان عامة وفرعية بإشراف السفراء والقناصل داخل سفاريك الترشح بمقار السفارات والقنصليات.

HEC will hold a meeting to discuss expatriate Egyptians voting law and will submit its decision to the Foreign Ministry.

Wafd candidate in Gharbeya criticizes Islamic parties.

Revolution youth candidates in the upcoming elections announced the suspension of their electoral campaigns until Tahrir incidents end.

Fayoum:

Freedom and Al-Nour Parties exchanged accusations of shredding each other's posters.



Page: 10

Author: Muhammad 'Abd al-Maqsoud

## Damietta Calms Down



Following the latest riots, Damietta is reportedly recovering.

Tension is eased and the city and its harbor seem to be regaining stability.

Workers at Mobco suspended their sit-in in front of the Council of Ministers' headquarters following promises to solve the problem.

Similar news was reported in al-Gomhoryya, p. 5 +

People of al-Sinanyya in Damietta rejected the Wise men report to release the tension in the city.

They threatened to besiege the city and its harbor again if a final solution was not brought about by today's evening.

A so-called wise men committee suggested, days ago, suspending the work in Mobco I and the construction works in Mobco II and III.

The committee also suggested forming an international tripartite from the Norway, Australia and Switzerland to study the factory's influence on the environment.



## TV Coverage (20/11/2011)



- 1- Program: Al Hayah Al Youm**  
**Genre: Talk Show**  
**Channel: Al Hayah TV**  
**Hosts: Lobna Asal, Sherif Amer**

Following emergency meeting with SCAF, government reaffirms intent to run parliamentary elections as scheduled.

Government Official: Current state of tension is intentional, seeks to postpone elections and establishment of state systems.

Ministry of Health: Three dead, 192 wounded in Tahrir ambush. Thousands congregate in Tahrir Square following attempts for forceful evacuation. Government says it claims full responsibility with SCAF over events in this period.

Ministerial Cabinet: We fully support Ministry of Interior, seek unity and stability.

Protestors chant, ask for the resignation of Sharaf's cabinet.

Police forces prevent break-in attempt at Al Arbaein police station in Suez.

A number of Salafi movement members attempt to calm protestors down in Alexandria.

A number of outlaws, not protestors, have thrown security forces with stones.

University students protest in Dakahlia against Tahrir escalations.

Alexandria security forces: Fifteen detained over attempts to break into security headquarters.

Sixty eight national figures and 11 revolution members call on Tantawi to form a national rescue government.

Mufti calls on Egyptians to unify fronts and make national interest a priority. Freedom and Justice Party Counselor says party is ready to collaborate in evacuating Tahrir Square from protestors.

Islamic movements call on protestors leave Tahrir.

Al Nur Party Spokesperson: Police intervention to forcefully evacuate Tahrir Square is questionable.

Massive fire hits real estate taxes building, close to Ministry of Interior.

Mohsen Al Fangari reaffirms intent to run elections on time, says people of Egypt will not be misled.



Al Fangari: There are more than 80 million Egyptians, far more than the few thousand present in Tahrir Square.

Mohamed Al Biltagi, Freedom and Justice Party senior member: We condone the use of force against protestors today.

**Program: Al Hayah Al A'an**

**Genre: News**

**Channel: Al Hayah TV**

**Host: Maha Al Bahnassi**

Two dead, 1114 injured in Tahrir events.

Clashes between security and protestors at Tahrir's entrance.

Hundreds congregate in military's northern area in Alexandria, in support of Tahrir protestors.

Protestors burn building in Al Arbaein area in Suez, security forces obstruct break-in attempt.

Public Prosecutor orders open investigations with 51 detainees over Tahrir events.

Lieutenant Mohsen Al Fangari: SCAF will hand over power before the end of 2012 if events move as planned, and we are capable of securing upcoming elections.

Military Source: Sharaf's cabinet will likely not be asked to resign before the elections, discussions underway with political powers.

Ministerial Cabinet holds emergency meeting, discusses restoring security to Egyptian streets.

Security Sources: Forces did not use rubber coated pellets or other forms of weaponry, limited use to tear gas canisters.

Al Azhar calls on Egyptians to maintain peaceful nature of revolution, warns against powers that seeks to sabotage nation.

Special forces work with central security in breaking protestors apart, restoring security in Tahrir Square.

SCAF holds emergency meeting to discuss Tahrir events.



**Program: Misr Al Jadeeda**

**Genre: Talk Show**

**Channel: Al Hayah TV 2**

**Host: Moataz al Demerdas**

Renewed clashes take place in front of Alexandria's security force headquarters.  
Military and police forces secure vital areas in Suez.  
Ministry of Health: Death toll rises to six, 1380 injuries.  
Twenty thousand protestors currently in Tahrir Square.  
Protestors in Tahrir Square call for civilian presidential council.  
Fire destroys tax building, in proximity to Ministry of Interior.  
Clashes between protestors and security forces in the governorate of Qenah.  
SCAF says they are not seeking to prolong transition period.



**Program: Misr Tantakheb**

**Genre: Talk Show**

**Channel: CBC**

**Host: Lamees Al Hadidi, Khairi Ramadan**

Renewed clashes between security forces and protestors as forces attempt to evacuate Tahrir Square.  
Following emergency meeting with SCAF, government reaffirms intent to run parliamentary elections as scheduled.  
Government Official: Current state of tension is intentional, seeks to postpone elections and establishment of state systems.  
Ministry of Interior denies use of live ammunition against protestors.  
Government reaffirms right to peaceful demonstration, rejects instability.  
Ministry of Health: Three dead, 192 wounded in Tahrir ambush.  
Thousands congregate in Tahrir Square following attempts for forceful evacuation.  
Protestors continue to rally, call for immediate transition of power.  
Police forces withdraw from Tahrir and side allies.



Military police barricades Mohamed Mahmoud Street, leading to Ministry of Interior headquarters.

Clashes between security forces and protestors in front of Alexandria's security headquarters.

Emad Abu Ghazi, Minister of Culture, resigns in protest against Tahrir events.

Military reinforcements sent to Al Arbaein police station in Suez, following attempts to break in.

Suez youth and April 6 Movement protest in Al Arbaein Square, condone Tahrir events.

Protests take place in Shaikh Zoweid in Sinai, condone Tahrir clashes.

Muslim Brotherhood: We will not allow the postponement of the elections, SCAF needs to set schedule for transition of power.

Protestors attempt to ambush Mohamed Mahmoud Street which leads to Ministry of Interior headquarters.

April 6 and January 25 movements protest in Al Minya against security force violence in Tahrir Square.

ElBaradei condemns use of violence against protestors, calls for a representative national rescue government.

Al Asha'al calls for immediate meeting with political powers to discuss Tahrir escalations.

Al Badawi: Elections will determine a representative national rescue government.

SCAF: We are not seeking to prolong transition period, we will not allow the hindrance of democratic transition.

SCAF calls on political powers to absorb the situation following Tahrir escalations.

SCAF asks Ministerial Cabinet to investigate underlying causes of Tahrir events.

SCAF reiterates intent to stick to power transition roadmap.

Wael Ghonim: Use of unjustified force in Tahrir Square is unacceptable, and I was not in favor of Friday's protests.

Ministry of Health: Death toll rises to 10 after Tahrir events



## **1- Program: News Bulletin**

**Genre: News**

**Channels: Channel 1**

Following emergency meeting with SCAF, government reaffirms intent to run parliamentary elections as scheduled.

Government Official: Current state of tension is intentional, seeks to postpone elections and establishment of state systems.

Clashes between security forces and protestors in front of Alexandria's security headquarters.

SCAF calls on political powers to absorb the situation following Tahrir escalations.

SCAF asks Ministerial Cabinet to investigate underlying causes of Tahrir events.

Ministry of Health: Ten dead, 324 injured in Tahrir events.

Protests take place in several governorates in support of Tahrir protestors.

Watchful peace in Tahrir as thousands continue to protest.

Military forces secure governmental interest in Al Arbaein area in Suez.

Lieutenant Mohsen Al Fangari: SCAF will hand over power before the end of 2012 if events move as planned, and we are capable of securing upcoming elections.

Ministerial Cabinet holds emergency meeting, discusses restoring security to Egyptian streets.

SCAF calls on political powers and youth coalitions to work against events that can have adverse effect on nation stability.

Ministerial Cabinet reaffirms people's right to peaceful assembly, intent to run elections as scheduled.

Dozens of security force members injured in clashes.

Renewed clashes take place in front of Alexandria's security force headquarters.

Military and police forces secure vital areas in Suez.

Sharaf meets with board members of revolution casualties assistantship fund.

Political powers and movements widely condone Tahrir Square clashes.

Kasr Al Nile police station listens to 51 suspects in Tahrir events, Syrian included.

Protestors head to Tahrir Square join rallies.

Clashes take place between protestors and security forces near Ministry of Interior.



**Program: Yeseed Sabahak**

**Genre: Daily**

**Host: Hani Tawfeek, Ghada Abdel Salam**

Sharaf calls on protestors to evacuate Tahrir Square, resume life as normal.  
Human shields protect the Egyptian Museum from thugs and outlaws.  
Ministry of Interior forms operation room to discuss Tahrir Square events.



**Program: Al Yawm**

**Genre: Talk Show**

**Channel: Al Tahrir**

**Host: Dina Abdel Rahman**

Clashes between security and protestors at Tahrir's entrance.  
Military and police forces secure vital areas in Suez.  
Clashes take place between protestors and security forces near Ministry of Interior.  
Ministry of Health: Three dead, 192 injured in Tahrir Square.  
Potential presidential candidate Mohamed ElBaradei calls for the formation of a national rescue government, calls on protestors to exercise self-constraint.



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## Radio Coverage (20/11/2011)



**Program: News Bulletin**

**Channel: Radio Misr**

Protestors continue to gather in Tahrir amidst conflict with police forces.  
Ministry of Health: Death toll is 10, 324 injured in escalations.  
Ministerial Cabinet holds emergency meeting to discuss recent events and securing Egyptian streets.  
Military forces in Al Arbein area secure governmental monuments in Suez.  
More protestors continue to rally in Tahrir Square.  
Two police officers shot dead in Tahrir events.  
Al Silmy reiterates that the government has not backed down on amendments to document.  
Government reaffirms intent to hold elections as scheduled, says current events aim to postpone elections.  
Government says it will continue dialogue with political movements on Al Silmy's document.  
Thirty five inmates attempt to escape from Armant prison in Luxor, attempts obstructed by police forces.  
Clashes between protestors and security forces in Qenah, Port Said in front of security headquarters.  
SCAF: We do not seek to prolong transition period.



**Program: News Bulletin**

**Channel: Al Shabab Wal Reyada**

Ministry of Health: Death toll is 10, 324 injured in escalations.

Continued clashes between protestors and security forces in Tahrir Square entrance. Ministerial Cabinet holds emergency meeting to discuss recent events and securing Egyptian streets.

Clashes between protestors and security forces near Ministry of Interior.

Hazem Abu Ismail's assistants call for an open-ended protest in Tahrir Square.

February 11 movement calls on protestors to keep nation's best interest in mind.

Al Azhar calls for restoring peace in Tahrir Square.

Head of Security in Suez says peace has been restored, denies break-in to Al Arbein police station.

Supreme Electoral Committee calls on candidates to present requests pertaining to representatives in polling stations.



**Program: News Bulletin**

**Channel: Al Sharq Al Awsat**

Conflict continues between protestors and security forces in Tahrir Square, protestors attempt to break into Ministry of Interior.

Dozens head to Tahrir Square to support protestors.

Al Azhar condemns events in Alexandria, Suez, and Tahrir Square.

Mohsen Al Fangari says elections will be held as scheduled, Egyptians will not be misled.

Police forces obstruct break-in attempt to Al Arbaein police station in Suez.

Mufti calls on the people of Egypt to unify fronts, put nation first.



SCAF calls on political movements to contain Tahrir events, reaffirms intent to stick to transition roadmap as scheduled and claims to not seek a prolonged transition period.

SCAF calls on Ministerial Cabinet to take emergency measures in identifying underlying causes of Tahrir escalations.

Government Official: Current state of tension is intentional, seeks to postpone elections and establishment of state systems.

Ministry of Health: Ten dead, 324 injured in Tahrir events.

**Program: News Bulletin**

**Channel: Al Barnamej Al Aam**

Conflict continues between protestors and security forces in Tahrir Square, protestors attempt to break into Ministry of Interior.

Government says it will continue dialogue with political movements on Al Silmy's document.



**Program: News Bulletin**

**Channel: Mega FM**

Conflict continues between protestors and security forces in Tahrir Square, protestors attempt to break into Ministry of Interior.

ElBaradei's bureau denies that ElBaradei has left to Tahrir Square to form a national rescue government.

Ambassador al Asha'al warns of revolution against SCAF, says Sharaf must leave.

National Human Rights Center condones use of excessive force against protestors in Tahrir.

Government will not back down on Al Silmy's document.



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## Internet Coverage 21/11/2011

**facebook**

### We are all khaled saeed

How to preserve the state's "image", from the perspective of the current oppressive security regime.

[https://fbcdn-sphotos-a.akamaihd.net/hphotos-ak-snc7/s320x320/308398\\_290030427713495\\_104224996294040\\_706516\\_1618959867\\_n.jpg](https://fbcdn-sphotos-a.akamaihd.net/hphotos-ak-snc7/s320x320/308398_290030427713495_104224996294040_706516_1618959867_n.jpg)

The way SCAF runs the country proves that they have the same security approach and use the same brutality with protestors, as the previous regime.

Whoever is unable to join the protestors right now but believes in their demands should try and convince others to go. As usual there's a media blockade. Their demands are; specifying a date for the presidential elections, ending the transitional period by April 2012, and discarding El-Selmi's document.

What's going on in Tahrir right now is surreal. Those are the same protestors who took to the streets in January. The incumbent regime considers them unpatriotic or running personal agendas, like the previous one.

### Egyptian Cabinet

Dr. Essam Sharaf held a meeting for the people wounded in the Revolution and the Martyrs Families Care Fund, with General Mohsen Al-Fangary to discuss the Fund plans, the results were:

3152 of the injured out of the 3525 that are registered in the Fund, received their compensations until August 15, 2011.

Medical care was provided for 418 injured.

875 to receive treatment in public and military hospitals.

Covering expenses for some of the injured to receive medical treatment abroad.



Issuing checks worth of EGP30, 000 to each family and a monthly pension of EGP 1725.

Issuing Fund membership cards to dispense the money through ATMs in their governorates.

Vice Prime Minister Dr. Ali Al-Selmi announced that the Government will approve the amendments to Al-Selmi Document.

Al-Selmi said that the published version of the document was the one suggested by Freedom and Justice Party and other Democratic Ally parties. He added that it was still tabled for discussion to reach a unanimous opinion.

## SCAF

### **The Supreme Council of Armed Forces**

#### **Communiqués No. 81**

The Supreme Council of Armed forces issued its communiqué No. 81 in which it expressed its regret over the current incidents in Tahrir square.

SCAF asserts its adherence to the road map it has undertaken to hand over power to a democratically and decently elected authority.

SCAF also called for solidarity amongst all Egyptians in general and political players in particular based on patriotism and the spirits of January 25 revolutions.

SCAF will work in order not to extend the transitional period, and is keen on performing the parliamentary elections as planned.

SCAF also called on all political players in Egypt to work together to overcome the critical situation and move on towards the aimed democratic civil state.



### **Nawara Negm**

SCAF must go:

Nawara wrote,

We left the square on February 11th on good terms with SCAF. 10 months later, things changed 180 degrees. Asking to reconcile is too much, especially after Maspero events, but we have to cooperate till SCAF leaves power, and it will! Salafists should join forces with liberals, and the MBs should join forces with all other pressure groups.



### **Asmaa Mahfouz**

Can someone please tell Tantawi to come to the morgue and see for himself the dead bodies and smell them? I wish he sees those who were easily killed just for demanding their rights unarmed.

I was not arrested. This is just a rumor.

Mohamed Rabei, one of the demonstrators who died as a martyr, told his father before he leaves home "I have to give my country its due rights. We cannot accept injustice and corruption anymore."

### **Aalam Wassef**

SCAF's strategy to maintain power is based on striking fear of US, Israel and the Muslim Brotherhood in the hearts of Egyptians.

SCAF's favorite narrative to threaten the US and Israel has been effective for the past 30 years: "It's either us or the Islamists".

SCAF's strategy to threaten the Muslim Brotherhood unfolded on Saturday when State TV blamed Islamists for the "return to chaos" (i.e smear campaign).

SCAF's strategy to threaten Egyptians at large is the good old "It's either us or total chaos," which they take pleasure at creating.

Another leverage SCAF has against the Muslim Brotherhood is to postpone elections. This possibility literally drives MB out of their minds.



### Monasosh

A poor man told me in Tahrir Square during clashes with the police, "Go home so that when we, poor people, die, those educated like you will be spared to rebuild the country."

We are now at the Zeinhom morgue. There are 18 dead bodies; 4 of them remain unidentified.

The police are still showering us with tear gas.

I despise presidential candidates and party leaders who did not support protesters in Tahrir. They saw young men and women who are ready to die for their country and they stood silent!

### Iyad\_ElBaghdadi

Tear gas does not distinguish between Islamists and liberals.

No, we don't want them to apologize or explain. We want them on trial.

### Gsquare86

SCAF has endless US government support to supply them with tear gas needed to suppress protesters.

New people need to go to #Tahrir to exchange with people there. They have been defending the square against the police attacks for the past 30 hours.

### Wael Abbas

The Central Security bastards are celebrating the eye-injury of one of the protesters!

[http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uy6qF0-NPE4&feature=youtube\\_gdata\\_player](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uy6qF0-NPE4&feature=youtube_gdata_player)

Behold world! The military junta is killing us and high jacking our revolution:  
[http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2i1ou8acD6w&feature=youtube\\_gdata\\_player](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2i1ou8acD6w&feature=youtube_gdata_player)

### Arabist

El-Baradei and Aboul-Fotouh cannot see anything during the transitional phase except that things must change and government must be empowered.

A new video from Tahrir after the raid (<http://arb.st/sC9rxl>) and my thoughts on the day's events and more: <http://arb.st/vYxh9x>



Arabawy

**VIDEO - Mansoura protest in solidarity with Tahrir**

[http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x-PWApMkfDY&feature=player\\_embedded](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x-PWApMkfDY&feature=player_embedded)

**VIDEOS - Assuit protests in solidarity with Tahrir**

[http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player\\_embedded&v=2G0Iu7-8FUI](http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_embedded&v=2G0Iu7-8FUI)

**VIDEO - Army and police brutally attack Tahrir protesters**

[http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player\\_embedded&v=zJ7FHUtxePw](http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_embedded&v=zJ7FHUtxePw)

**VIDEO - Tahrir Intifada**

[http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O94sWWDc8Ig&feature=player\\_embedded](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O94sWWDc8Ig&feature=player_embedded)



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